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*Jan DeLaval Please*

Access DB# 86065

## SEARCH REQUEST FORM

Scientific and Technical Information Center

Requester's Full Name: DONNA Jager Examiner #: STN 77149 Date: 2/5/03  
Art Unit: 1614 Phone Number 30 65826 Serial Number: 09/8601920  
Mail Box and Bldg/Room Location: 2D01 Results Format Preferred (circle): PAPER  DISK  E-MAIL  
*Rm # 2D09*

If more than one search is submitted, please prioritize searches in order of need.

Please provide a detailed statement of the search topic, and describe as specifically as possible the subject matter to be searched. Include the elected species or structures, keywords, synonyms, acronyms, and registry numbers, and combine with the concept or utility of the invention. Define any terms that may have a special meaning. Give examples or relevant citations, authors, etc., if known. Please attach a copy of the cover sheet, pertinent claims, and abstract.

Title of Invention: New Treatment for Cough

Inventors (please provide full names): Piomelli, Daniela

Jan Delaval  
Reference Librarian  
Biotechnology & Chemical Library  
CM1 1E07 703-308-4433  
jan.delaval@uspto.gov

Earliest Priority Filing Date: 5/23/00

\*For Sequence Searches Only\* Please include all pertinent information (parent, child, divisional, or issued patent numbers) along with the appropriate serial number.

*See enclosed Claims 1-16 + 19-32.*

*Cough*

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Searcher Location: \_\_\_\_\_  
Date Searcher Picked Up: 2/13/03  
Date Completed: 2/13/03  
Searcher Prep & Review Time: \_\_\_\_\_  
Clerical Prep Time: 120  
Online Time: X 20

### Type of Search

NA Sequence (#) \_\_\_\_\_  
AA Sequence (#) \_\_\_\_\_  
Structure (#) /  
Bibliographic \_\_\_\_\_  
Litigation \_\_\_\_\_  
Fulltext \_\_\_\_\_  
Patent Family /  
Other \_\_\_\_\_

### Vendors and cost where applicable

STN /  
Dialog \_\_\_\_\_  
Questel/Orbit \_\_\_\_\_  
Dr. Link \_\_\_\_\_  
Lexis/Nexis \_\_\_\_\_  
Sequence Systems \_\_\_\_\_  
WWW/Internet \_\_\_\_\_  
Other (specify) \_\_\_\_\_

# SEARCH REQUEST FORM

Scientific and Technical Information Center

Requester's Full Name Jasop Examiner #: 77149 Date: 12/13  
Art Unit 1614 Phone Number 301-5826 Serial Number: 091864920  
Mail Box and Bldg. Room Location 2009 Results Format Preferred (circle): PAPER DISK E-MAIL  
2001

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Title of Invention \_\_\_\_\_

Inventors (please provide full names) \_\_\_\_\_

Earliest Priority Filing Date \_\_\_\_\_

\*For Sequence Searches Only: \* Please include all pertinent information (parent, child, divisional, or issued patent numbers) along with the appropriate serial number.

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Date Entered 12/14  
Searcher Prep & Review Time \_\_\_\_\_  
Clerk Prep Time 45  
Entered Time +100

Type of Search	Vendors and cost where applicable
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AA Sequence (#)	Dialog <input type="checkbox"/>
Structure (#)	Quest <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other _____
Bibliographic	DBI <input type="checkbox"/>
Linguist	Lexis <input type="checkbox"/> Nexis <input type="checkbox"/>
Fulltext	Secured Systems <input type="checkbox"/>
Patent Family	WIPO Interfiles <input type="checkbox"/>
Other	Other Vendors _____



# STIC Search Report

## Biotech-Chem Library

STIC Database Tracking Number: 109580

**TO:** Donna Jagoe  
**Location:** 2d09 / 2d01  
**Thursday, December 11, 2003**  
**Art Unit:** 1614  
**Phone:** 306-5826  
**Serial Number:** 09 / 864920

**From:** Jan Delaval  
**Location:** Biotech-Chem Library  
CM1-1E07  
**Phone:** 308-4498  
**Email:** jan.delaval@uspto.gov

### Search Notes

Claim still  
not searchable  
and search  
specis

=> fil reg  
FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:37:38 ON 11 DEC 2003  
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PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.  
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Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 10 DEC 2003 HIGHEST RN 625425-12-9  
DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 10 DEC 2003 HIGHEST RN 625425-12-9

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH JULY 14, 2003

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

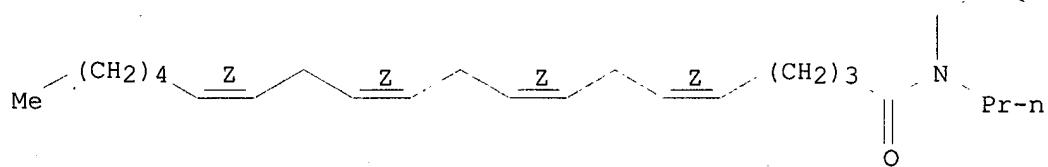
Experimental and calculated property data are now available. For more information enter HELP PROP at an arrow prompt in the file or refer to the file summary sheet on the web at:  
<http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/DBSS/registryss.html>

=> d ide can tot 177

L77 ANSWER 1 OF 7 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN  
RN 187223-90-1 REGISTRY  
CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-N-propyl-,  
(5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:  
CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-N-propyl-, (all-Z)-  
FS STEREOSEARCH  
MF C25 H43 N O2  
SR CA  
LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)  
2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 136:648

REFERENCE 2: 126:166092

L77 ANSWER 2 OF 7 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

RN 183718-77-6 REGISTRY

CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-, (all-Z)-

OTHER NAMES:

CN AM 404

FS STEREOSEARCH

DR 198022-70-7

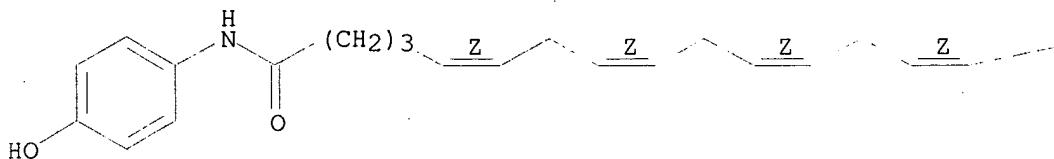
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SR CA

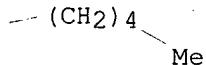
LC STN Files: BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CAPLUS, CHEMCATS, CSCHEM, EMBASE,  
TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

40 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

40 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 139:332579

REFERENCE 2: 139:271316

REFERENCE 3: 139:143976

REFERENCE 4: 139:143728

REFERENCE 5: 139:111516

REFERENCE 6: 139:95772

REFERENCE 7: 138:366106

REFERENCE 8: 138:181073

REFERENCE 9: 138:131060

REFERENCE 10: 138:126951

L77 ANSWER 3 OF 7 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

RN 157182-49-5 REGISTRY

CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-[(1R)-2-hydroxy-1-methylethyl]-,  
(5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxy-1-methylethyl)-, [R-(all-Z)]-

OTHER NAMES:

CN (R)-Methanandamide

CN AM 356

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C23 H39 N O2

SR CA

LC STN Files: BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS, CSCHEM,  
EMBASE, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

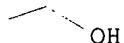
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Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



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67 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

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REFERENCE 2: 139:302061

REFERENCE 3: 139:207583

REFERENCE 4: 139:161402

REFERENCE 5: 139:159814

REFERENCE 6: 139:128248

REFERENCE 7: 139:802

REFERENCE 8: 138:331962

REFERENCE 9: 138:297668

REFERENCE 10: 138:163215

L77 ANSWER 4 OF 7 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

RN 150314-35-5 REGISTRY

CN 7,10,13,16-Docosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (7Z,10Z,13Z,16Z)-  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 7,10,13,16-Docosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (all-Z)-  
 OTHER NAMES:

CN (all-Z)-N-(7,10,13,16-Docosatetraenoyl)ethanolamine

FS STEREOSEARCH

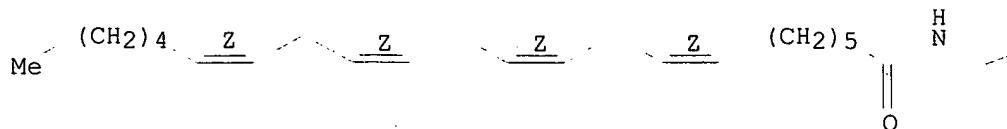
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SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, CHEMCATS, CSCHEM, MEDLINE, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

OH

\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

18 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

18 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 139:95321

REFERENCE 2: 138:106053

REFERENCE 3: 137:228362

REFERENCE 4: 137:226746

REFERENCE 5: 136:648

REFERENCE 6: 135:121637

REFERENCE 7: 134:335978

REFERENCE 8: 126:233751

REFERENCE 9: 126:166092

REFERENCE 10: 124:83059

L77 ANSWER 5 OF 7 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

RN 149301-79-1 REGISTRY

CN 6,9,12,15-Heneicosatetraen-2-one, 1,1,1-trifluoro-, (6Z,9Z,12Z,15Z)- (9CI)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 6,9,12,15-Heneicosatetraen-2-one, 1,1,1-trifluoro-, (all-Z)-

OTHER NAMES:

CN AN 20579

CN Arachidonyl trifluoromethyl ketone

CN BM 162353

CN L 734575

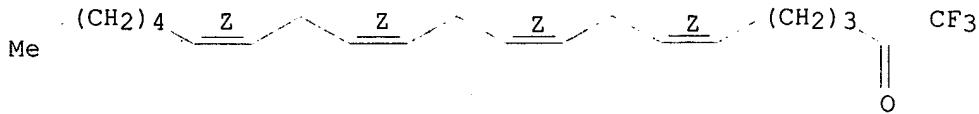
FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C21 H31 F3 O

SR CA

LC STN Files: BIOSIS, CA, CANCERLIT, CAPLUS, CHEMCATS, CSCHEM, MEDLINE,  
TOXCENTER, USPAT2, USPATFULL

Double bond geometry as shown.



\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

58 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

58 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 139:255399

REFERENCE 2: 139:246216

REFERENCE 3: 139:226711

REFERENCE 4: 139:207480

REFERENCE 5: 139:144008

REFERENCE 6: 138:362493

REFERENCE 7: 138:316897

REFERENCE 8: 138:181073

REFERENCE 9: 138:120293

REFERENCE 10: 137:382699

L77 ANSWER 6 OF 7 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

RN 94421-68-8 REGISTRY

CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (all-Z)-

OTHER NAMES:

CN Anandamide

CN Arachidonylethanolamide

CN N-(2-Hydroxyethyl)arachidonamide

CN N-(2-Hydroxyethyl)arachidonylamide

CN N-Arachidonylethanolamine

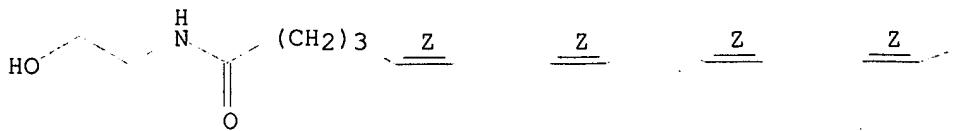
FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C22 H37 N O2

LC STN Files: ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, AQUIRE, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS,  
BIOTECHNO, CA, CANCERLIT, CAPLUS, CEN, CHEMCATS, CIN, CSCHEM, EMBASE,  
IPA, MEDLINE, MRCK\*, PHAR, PROMT, RTECS\*, TOXCENTER, USPAT2, USPATFULL  
(\*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>

Me

\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

825 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)  
 22 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA  
 830 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 139:363541

REFERENCE 2: 139:347440

REFERENCE 3: 139:346298

REFERENCE 4: 139:346199

REFERENCE 5: 139:346198

REFERENCE 6: 139:345222

REFERENCE 7: 139:333357

REFERENCE 8: 139:332579

REFERENCE 9: 139:317310

REFERENCE 10: 139:316611

L77 ANSWER 7 OF 7 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

RN 86855-26-7 REGISTRY

CN 1-Hexadecanesulfonyl fluoride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

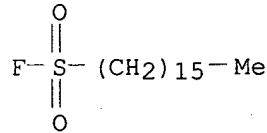
CN AM 374

FS 3D CONCORD

MF C16 H33 F O2 S

LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN\*, BIOSIS, CA, CAPLUS, CASREACT, MEDLINE, TOXCENTER,  
USPAT2, USPATFULL

(\*File contains numerically searchable property data)



\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

18 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)  
2 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA  
18 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 139:111516

REFERENCE 2: 137:289031

REFERENCE 3: 137:150258

REFERENCE 4: 136:648

REFERENCE 5: 135:205570

REFERENCE 6: 134:336170

REFERENCE 7: 133:292844

REFERENCE 8: 132:44870

REFERENCE 9: 130:34884

REFERENCE 10: 128:30406

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 11 Dec 2003 VOL 139 ISS 24  
FILE LAST UPDATED: 10 Dec 2003 (20031210/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

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L76 ANSWER 1 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN  
AN 2002:899402 HCAPLUS  
DN 138:379080  
ED Entered STN: 27 Nov 2002  
TI Anandamide induces cough in conscious guinea pigs through VR1 receptors  
AU Jia, Yanlin; McLeod, Robbie L.; Wang, Xin; Parra, Leonard E.; Egan, Robert W.; Hey, John A.  
CS Allergy, Schering-Plough Research Institute, Kenilworth, NJ, 07033, USA

SO British Journal of Pharmacology (2002), 137(6), 831-836  
CODEN: BJPCBM; ISSN: 0007-1188  
PB Nature Publishing Group  
DT Journal  
LA English  
CC 1-11 (Pharmacology)  
AB This study tested the direct tussigenic effect of **anandamide** in conscious guinea pigs, and its effect on vanilloid receptor (VR) 1 function in isolated primary guinea pig nodose ganglia neurons. **Anandamide** (0.3-3 mg/mL), when given by aerosol, induced cough in conscious guinea pigs in a concentration dependent manner. When the guinea pigs were pretreated with capsazepine, a VR1 antagonist, the cough was inhibited. Pretreatment with cannabinoid (CB) 1 (SR 141716A) and CB2 (SR 144528) antagonists had no effect on **anandamide**-induced cough. These results indicate that **anandamide**-induced cough is mediated through the activation of VR1. **Anandamide** (10-100  $\mu$ M) increased intracellular Ca<sup>2+</sup> concentration, as estimated by Fluo-4 fluorescence change, in isolated guinea pig nodose ganglia cells. The **anandamide**-induced Ca<sup>2+</sup> response was inhibited by two different VR1 antagonists: capsazepine (1  $\mu$ M) and iodoresiniferatoxin (I-RTX, 0.1  $\mu$ M), indicating that the **anandamide**-induced Ca<sup>2+</sup> response was through VR1 channel activation. In contrast, the CB1 (SR 141716A, 1  $\mu$ M) and CB2 (SR 144528, 0.1  $\mu$ M) receptor antagonists had no effect on the Ca<sup>2+</sup> response to **anandamide**. These results provide evidence that **anandamide** activates native VRs in isolated guinea pig nodose ganglia cells and induces cough through activation of VR1.  
ST **anandamide** cough vanilloid receptor nerve calcium  
IT Capsaicin receptors  
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)  
(1; **anandamide** induction of cough by activation of nerve vanilloid type 1 receptors)  
IT Cough  
Nerve  
(**anandamide** induction of cough by activation of nerve vanilloid type 1 receptors)  
IT Ganglion  
(inferior vagal; **anandamide** induction of cough by activation of nerve vanilloid type 1 receptors)  
IT Biological transport  
(uptake; **anandamide** induction of cough by activation of nerve vanilloid type 1 receptors in relation to effect on calcium uptake)  
IT 94421-68-8, **Anandamide**  
RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); PAC (Pharmacological activity); BIOL (Biological study)  
(**anandamide** induction of cough by activation of nerve vanilloid type 1 receptors)  
IT 7440-70-2, Calcium, biological studies  
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)  
(**anandamide** induction of cough by activation of nerve vanilloid type 1 receptors in relation to effect on calcium uptake)  
RE.CNT 29 THERE ARE 29 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
RE  
(1) Barnes, P; Molec Aspects Med 1990, V11, P351 MEDLINE  
(2) Bolser, D; Neurosci Lett 1991, V126, P131 HCAPLUS  
(3) Calignano, A; Nature 2000, V408, P96 HCAPLUS  
(4) Carr, M; Am J Respir Crit Care Med 2002, V165, P1071  
(5) De Petrocellis, L; J Biol Chem 2001, V276, P12856 HCAPLUS  
(6) Devane, W; Science 1992, V258, P1946 HCAPLUS  
(7) Di Marzo, V; Nature 1994, V237, P686

- (8) Doherty, M; Thorax 2000, V55, P643 MEDLINE  
 (9) Felder, C; Proc Natl Acad Sci USA 1993, V90, P7656 HCAPLUS  
 (10) Fischer, A; J Clin Invest 1996, V98, P2284 HCAPLUS  
 (11) Garcia, D; J Neurosci 1998, V18, P2834 HCAPLUS  
 (12) Hathaway, T; Am Rev Respir Dis 1993, V148, P1233 MEDLINE  
 (13) Higenbottam, T; J Physiol 1990, V422  
 (14) Hunt, J; Am J Respir Crit Care Med 2000, V161, P694 MEDLINE  
 (15) Jia, Y; Br J Pharmacol 2002, V135, P764 HCAPLUS  
 (16) Jung, J; J Neurosci 1999, V19, P529 HCAPLUS  
 (17) Lin, Y; J Physiol 2002, V539, P947 HCAPLUS  
 (18) McLatchie, L; Br J Pharmacol 2001, V132, P899 HCAPLUS  
 (19) McLeod, R; Br J Pharmacol 2001, V132, P1175 HCAPLUS  
 (20) Michael, G; J Neurosci 1999, V19, P1844 HCAPLUS  
 (21) Primkumar, L; Nature 2000, V408, P985  
 (22) Ralevic, V; Eur J Pharmacol 2001, V424, P211 HCAPLUS  
 (23) Ross, R; Br J Pharmacol 2001, V132, P631 HCAPLUS  
 (24) Smart, D; Br J Pharmacol 2000, V129, P227 HCAPLUS  
 (25) Szallasi, A; Am J Respir Crit Care Med 1995, V152, P59 MEDLINE  
 (26) Tucker, R; Br J Pharmacol 2001, V132, P1127 HCAPLUS  
 (27) Vellani, V; J Physiol 2001, V534, P813 HCAPLUS  
 (28) Wahl, P; Mol Pharmacol 2001, V59, P9 HCAPLUS  
 (29) Zygmunt, P; Nature 1999, V400, P452 HCAPLUS

IT 94421-68-8, Anandamide

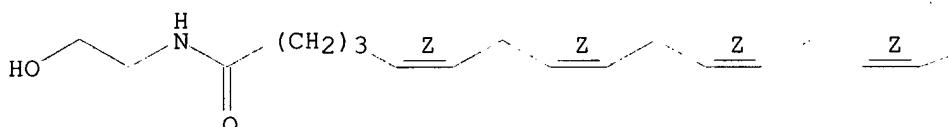
RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); PAC (Pharmacological activity); BIOL (Biological study)  
 (anandamide induction of cough by activation of nerve vanilloid type 1 receptors)

RN 94421-68-8 HCAPLUS

CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

~~... (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>~~

Me

L76 ANSWER 2 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN  
 AN 2002:594730 HCAPLUS  
 DN 137:163801  
 ED Entered STN: 09 Aug 2002  
 TI Method of treating inflammatory conditions by inhibiting cytosolic phospholipase A2  
 IN Leff, Alan R.  
 PA USA  
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 40 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DT Patent  
 LA English  
 IC ICM A61P038-46

ICS A61P035-18; A61P031-557; A61P019-02; A61P011-00; A61P011-06;  
C07H021-04; C12Q001-68; C12P019-34; C12N019-20

CC 1-7 (Pharmacology)

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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	WO 2002060535	C1	20031023		
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	US 2002165119	A1	20021107	US 2002-62730	20020131

PRAI US 2001-265298P P 20010131

AB Methods for treating or modulating inflammatory processes or chronic inflammatory conditions dependent upon cellular inflammation, such as asthma and rheumatoid arthritis are provided, as well as methods for inhibiting or blocking eosinophil migration and airway hyperresponsiveness. Also described is a method for treating or preventing the adhesion of granulocytes and other inflammatory cells into the tissue that is the site of the inflammation. In particular, the methods relate to the therapeutic or prophylactic use of compds. and compns. that inhibit cytosolic phospholipase A2.

ST antiinflammatory phospholipase A2 inhibitor

IT Respiratory distress syndrome

(adult; treating inflammatory conditions by inhibiting cytosolic phospholipase A2)

IT Gastric juice

(aspiration; treating inflammatory conditions by inhibiting cytosolic phospholipase A2)

IT Drug delivery systems

(carriers; treating inflammatory conditions by inhibiting cytosolic phospholipase A2)

IT Cytoplasm

(cytosol; treating inflammatory conditions by inhibiting cytosolic phospholipase A2)

IT Lung, disease

(edema; treating inflammatory conditions by inhibiting cytosolic phospholipase A2)

IT Lung, disease

(fibrosis; treating inflammatory conditions by inhibiting cytosolic phospholipase A2)

IT T cell (lymphocyte)

(helper cell, precursor; treating inflammatory conditions by inhibiting cytosolic phospholipase A2)

IT T cell (lymphocyte)

(helper cell; treating inflammatory conditions by inhibiting cytosolic phospholipase A2)

IT Respiratory tract, disease

(hyperresponsiveness; treating inflammatory conditions by inhibiting cytosolic phospholipase A2)

IT Intestine, disease

(inflammatory; treating inflammatory conditions by inhibiting cytosolic phospholipase A2)

IT Lysophospholipids

Phospholipids, biological studies

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(of cell membranes; treating inflammatory conditions by inhibiting

cytosolic phospholipase A2)  
IT Mast cell  
(precursor; treating inflammatory conditions by inhibiting cytosolic phospholipase A2)  
IT Nose, disease  
(rhinitis; treating inflammatory conditions by inhibiting cytosolic phospholipase A2)  
IT Anti-inflammatory agents  
Antiasthmatics  
Antirheumatic agents  
Asthma  
Basophil  
Cell membrane  
Cell migration  
Eosinophil  
Inflammation  
Leukocyte  
Macrophage  
Polymorphonuclear leukocyte  
Rheumatoid arthritis  
(treating inflammatory conditions by inhibiting cytosolic phospholipase A2)  
IT Leukotrienes  
Prostaglandins  
RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BIOL (Biological study)  
(treating inflammatory conditions by inhibiting cytosolic phospholipase A2)  
IT 9001-84-7, Phospholipase a2  
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)  
(inhibitors; treating inflammatory conditions by inhibiting cytosolic phospholipase A2)  
IT 65154-06-5, Paf  
RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BIOL (Biological study)  
(treating inflammatory conditions by inhibiting cytosolic phospholipase A2)  
IT 149301-79-1  
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL  
(Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(treating inflammatory conditions by inhibiting cytosolic phospholipase A2)

RE.CNT 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

RE

- (1) Anon; JP 09268153 A 1996 HCPLUS
- (2) Bennett; US 6008344 A 1999 HCPLUS
- (3) Bristol-Myers Squibb Company; WO 9915129 1999 HCPLUS
- (4) Chiou; US 5328842 A 1994 HCPLUS
- (5) John; US 5994398 A 1999 HCPLUS
- (6) Jones; US 5589170 A 1996 HCPLUS

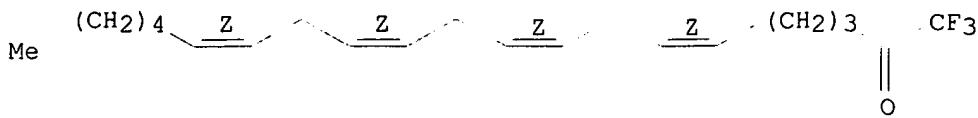
IT 149301-79-1

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL  
(Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(treating inflammatory conditions by inhibiting cytosolic phospholipase A2)

RN 149301-79-1 HCPLUS

CN 6,9,12,15-Heneicosatetraen-2-one, 1,1,1-trifluoro-, (6Z,9Z,12Z,15Z)- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



L76 ANSWER 3 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN  
 AN 2002:123602 HCAPLUS  
 DN 136:161403  
 ED Entered STN: 15 Feb 2002  
 TI **Anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators  
 IN Hogestatt, Edward; Zygmunt, Peter  
 PA Swed.  
 SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 33 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 567,034.  
 CODEN: USXXCO  
 DT Patent  
 LA English  
 IC ICM A61K031-55  
 ICS A61K031-47; A61K031-404; A61K031-16  
 NCL 514627000  
 CC 1-12 (Pharmacology)  
 Section cross-reference(s): 2  
 FAN.CNT 2

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI US 2002019444	A1	20020214	US 2001-849972	20010508
PRAI US 2000-567034	A2	20000508		
OS MARPAT 136:161403				

AB The invention discloses that **anandamide** is an endogenous ligand for vanilloid receptors, and especially the vanilloid receptor VR1. Other structurally related lipids, such as **AM404**, 1-arachidonylglycerol, and 2-arachidonylglycerol, are identified having vanilloid receptor activity as well. Methods of treating individuals suffering from, or at risk of suffering from, diseases and disorders associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function are provided, as are methods of designing and identifying vanilloid receptor agonists and antagonists.  
 ST **anandamide** lipid analog vanilloid receptor modulator  
 IT Nervous system, disease  
     (Guillain-Barre syndrome, treatment of pain associated with; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)  
 IT Capsaicin receptors  
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)  
     (VR1 (vanilloid receptor 1); **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)  
 IT Nose, disease  
     (allergic rhinitis; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)  
 IT Leg  
     (amputation, treatment of pain associated with; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)  
 IT Allergy inhibitors  
     Analgesics

Anti-inflammatory agents  
Antiarthritics  
Antiasthmatics  
Antiemetics  
Antimigraine agents  
Antirheumatic agents  
Antitumor agents  
    **Antitussives**  
Antiulcer agents  
Autoimmune disease  
Drug delivery systems  
Drug screening  
Eczema  
Gout  
High throughput screening  
Infection  
Organ, animal, disease  
Pain  
Psoriasis  
Urticaria  
Vasodilators  
Wound healing promoters  
    (**anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Capsaicin receptors  
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)  
    (**anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Heart, disease  
    (angina pectoris, unstable; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Antiarteriosclerotics  
    (antiatherosclerotics; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Infection  
    (bacterial; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Shock (circulatory collapse)  
    (cardiogenic; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Brain, disease  
    (cerebrum, vasospasm, from subarachnoid hemorrhage; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Headache  
    (cluster, treatment of pain associated with; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Eye, disease  
    (conjunctivitis; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Meninges  
    (disease, subarachnoid hemorrhage, cerebral vasospasm from;

anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Shock (circulatory collapse)  
(hemorrhagic; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Bladder, disease  
(incontinence; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Heart, disease  
(infarction; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Human herpesvirus  
(infection; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Intestine, disease  
(inflammatory; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Mammary gland  
Surgery  
(mastectomy, treatment of pain associated with; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Digestive tract, disease  
(mucosal damage; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Pharynx  
(nasopharynx, adenoids; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Adenoid  
(nasopharynx; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Nerve, disease  
(neuralgia; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Inflammation  
(neurogenic; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Pain  
(nociceptive; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Infection  
(parasite; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Nerve, disease  
(peripheral neuropathy, treatment of pain associated with; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Nerve, disease

(polyneuropathy, chronic peripheral, treatment of pain associated with; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Nose, disease  
 (rhinitis, vasomotor; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Nose, disease  
 (rhinitis; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Nerve  
 (sensory, vanilloid receptors of; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Shock (circulatory collapse)  
 (septic; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Brain, disease  
 (stroke; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Headache  
 Osteoarthritis  
 Pruritus  
 (treatment of pain associated with; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Animal cell  
 (vanilloid receptors expression in; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Infection  
 (viral; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

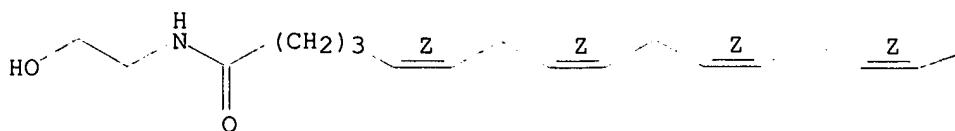
IT 35474-99-8, 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenoic acid, 2,3-dihydroxypropyl ester, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- 53847-30-6, 2-Arachidonylglycerol 94421-68-8, **Anandamide 183718-77-6, AM 404**  
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (**anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT 94421-68-8, **Anandamide 183718-77-6, AM 404**  
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (**anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

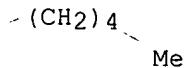
RN 94421-68-8 HCAPLUS  
 CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

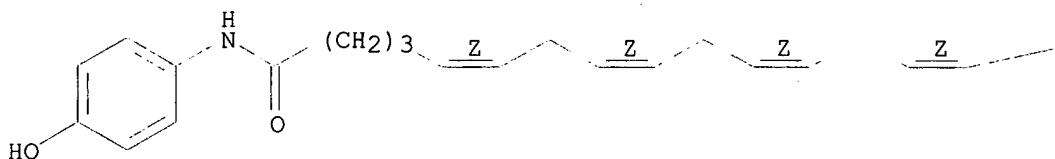


RN 183718-77-6 HCPLUS

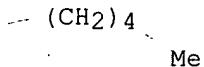
CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

L76 ANSWER 4 OF 10 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN  
AN 2001:868275 HCPLUS

DN 136:648

ED Entered STN: 30 Nov 2001

TI Cannabinoid receptor agonists for treatment of cough without psychoactive effects

IN Piomelli, Daniele

PA The Regents of the University of California, USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 63 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM A61L009-04

ICS A61K031-135; A61K031-13

CC 1-9 (Pharmacology)

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2001089589	A1	20011129	WO 2001-US16880	20010523 <-- W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS,

LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO,  
 RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ,  
 VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM  
 RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY,  
 DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF,  
 BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG  
 US 2002035150 A1 20020321 US 2001-864920 20010523 <--  
 EP 1294411 A1 20030326 EP 2001-939408 20010523 <--  
 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,  
 IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR  
 JP 2003534298 T2 20031118 JP 2001-585830 20010523 <--  
 PRAI US 2000-206591P P 20000523 <--  
 WO 2001-US16880 W 20010523 <--  
 OS MARPAT 136:648  
 AB The invention discloses the existence of cannabinoid receptors in the airways, which are functionally linked to inhibition of **cough**. A method of ameliorating **cough** comprising the local administration to the upper respiratory airways of a subject in need of such treatment of cannabinoid compds. e.g.  $RC(O)X[C(R3)(R4)]nR2$  where  $[X=NR1, O; R = (\text{un})\text{saturated, (a)chiral, (a)cyclic, (un)substituted, C}1\text{-29 hydrocarbyl; R1, R3, R4 = C}1\text{-4 alkyl, C}2\text{-4 alkenyl, C}2\text{-4 alkynyl, C}3\text{-6 cycloalkyl, C}2\text{-4 hydroxyalkyl; R2=OH, OC(O)(C}1\text{-4 alkyl); n=2-4]. Locally acting cannabinoid agents can be administered to the airways of a subject to ameliorate **cough**, without causing the psychoactive effects characteristic of systemically administered cannabinoids. In addition, locally or systemically administered cannabinoid inactivation inhibitors can also be used to ameliorate **cough**. The present invention also defines conditions under which cannabinoid agents can be administered to produce anti-**tussive** effects devoid of bronchial constriction.$   
 ST cannabinoid receptor agonist **antitussive cough**  
 bronchial constriction  
 IT Drug delivery systems  
 (aerosols; cannabinoid receptor agonists for treatment of **cough** without psychoactive effects)  
 IT Bronchi  
 (bronchoconstriction; cannabinoid receptor agonists for treatment of **cough** without psychoactive effects)  
 IT Antitussives  
 (cannabinoid receptor agonists for treatment of **cough** without psychoactive effects)  
 IT Neoplasm  
 (induced **cough**; cannabinoid receptor agonists for treatment of **cough** without psychoactive effects)  
 IT Drug delivery systems  
 (injections, i.v.; cannabinoid receptor agonists for treatment of **cough** without psychoactive effects)  
 IT Drug delivery systems  
 (local; cannabinoid receptor agonists for treatment of **cough** without psychoactive effects)  
 IT Drug delivery systems  
 (oral; cannabinoid receptor agonists for treatment of **cough** without psychoactive effects)  
 IT Cannabinoid receptors  
 RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)  
 (type CB1; cannabinoid receptor agonists for treatment of **cough** without psychoactive effects)  
 IT Respiratory tract  
 (upper; cannabinoid receptor agonists for treatment of **cough** without psychoactive effects)  
 IT 86855-26-7, 1-Hexadecanesulfonyl fluoride  
 94421-68-8, Anandamide 149301-79-1

150314-35-5 157182-49-5 183718-77-6

187223-90-1

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(cannabinoid receptor agonists for treatment of **cough** without psychoactive effects)

IT 9015-82-1, ACE

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (inhibitor-induced **cough**; cannabinoid receptor agonists for treatment of **cough** without psychoactive effects)

RE.CNT 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

RE

(1) de Petrocellis; Chemistry and Physics of Lipids 2000, V108(1-2), P191 HCAPLUS

(2) Hussain; US 4464378 A 1984 HCAPLUS

(3) Shamsuddin; J Lab And Clin Med 1997, V130(6), P615 HCAPLUS

(4) Stengel; European Journal of Pharmacology 1998, V355, P57 HCAPLUS

(5) Sugiura; Chemistry and Physics of Lipids 2000, V108(1-2), P89 HCAPLUS

(6) Zhu; Journal of Immunology 1999, V163(6), P3423 HCAPLUS

IT 86855-26-7, 1-Hexadecanesulfonyl fluoride

94421-68-8, Anandamide 149301-79-1

150314-35-5 157182-49-5 183718-77-6

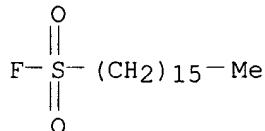
187223-90-1

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(cannabinoid receptor agonists for treatment of **cough** without psychoactive effects)

RN 86855-26-7 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Hexadecanesulfonyl fluoride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

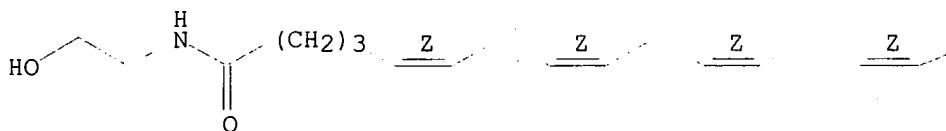


RN 94421-68-8 HCAPLUS

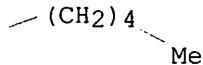
CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



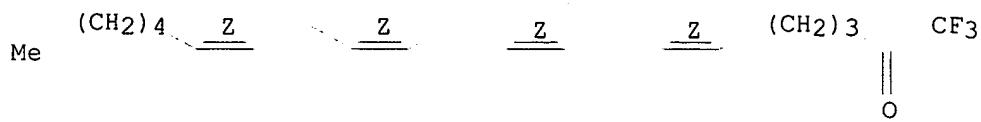
PAGE 1-B



RN 149301-79-1 HCAPLUS

CN 6,9,12,15-Heneicosatetraen-2-one, 1,1,1-trifluoro-, (6Z,9Z,12Z,15Z)- (9CI)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

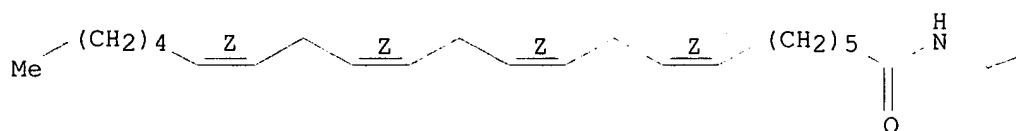


RN 150314-35-5 HCAPLUS

CN 7,10,13,16-Docosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (7Z,10Z,13Z,16Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

OH

RN 157182-49-5 HCAPLUS

CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-[(1R)-2-hydroxy-1-methylethyl]-, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

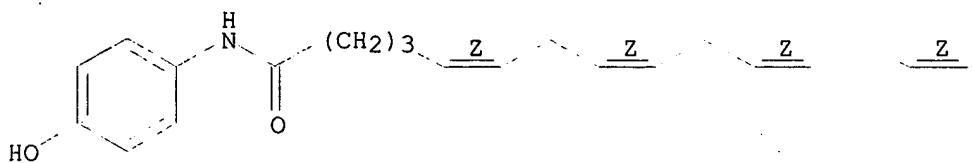
OH

RN 183718-77-6 HCAPLUS

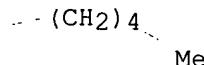
CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



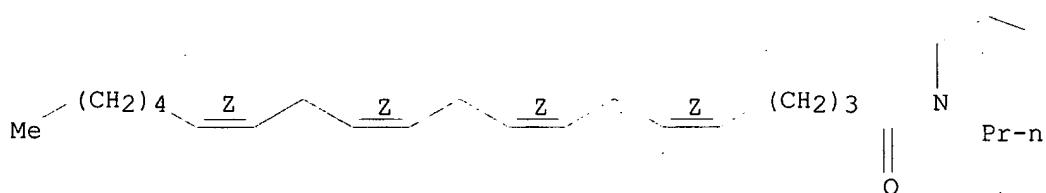
PAGE 1-B



RN 187223-90-1 HCAPLUS  
 CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-N-propyl-,  
 (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



L76 ANSWER 5 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN  
 AN 2001:834229 HCAPLUS  
 DN 136:144883  
 ED Entered STN: 18 Nov 2001  
 TI The role of sensory nerve endings in nerve growth factor-induced airway hyperresponsiveness to histamine in guinea-pigs  
 AU De Vries, Annick; Van Rijnsoever, Carolien; Engels, Ferdi; Henricks, Paul A. J.; Nijkamp, Frans P.  
 CS Department of Pharmacology and Pathophysiology, Utrecht Institute for Pharmaceutical Sciences, Utrecht University, Utrecht, 3508 TB, Neth.  
 SO British Journal of Pharmacology (2001), 134(4), 771-776  
 CODEN: BJPCBM; ISSN: 0007-1188  
 PB Nature Publishing Group  
 DT Journal  
 LA English  
 CC 1-7 (Pharmacology)  
 AB Nerve growth factor induces an airway hyperresponsiveness in vivo in guinea-pigs, as the authors have shown previously. Since antagonizing the neurokinin-1 (NK1) receptor can prevent this NGF-induced airway hyperresponsiveness and since sensory nerves release tachykinins, the authors investigated the role of sensory nerves in the NGF-induced airway hyperresponsiveness. We used isolated tracheal rings from guinea-pigs to

measure tracheal contractility. In these rings sensory nerve endings are present, but these endings lack any contact with their cell bodies. In this *in vitro* system, NGF dose-dependently induced a tracheal hyperresponsiveness to histamine. The NK1 receptor antagonist SR140333 could block the induction of tracheal hyperresponsiveness. To further investigate the involvement of sensory nerve endings the authors used the cannabinoid receptor 1 (CB1) agonist R-methanandamide to inhibit excitatory events at the nerve terminal. The CB1 receptor agonist was capable of blocking the tracheal hyperresponsiveness to NGF in the isolated system, as well as the airway hyperresponsiveness to NGF *in vivo*. This indicates that NGF can induce an increase in airway responsiveness in the absence of sensory nerve cell bodies. NGF may act by increasing substance P release from sensory nerve endings, without upregulation of substance P in the neurons. Substance P, in its turn is responsible for the induction of the NGF-induced airway hyperresponsiveness.

ST SR140333 nerve growth factor antiasthmatic; sensory nerve ending SR140333 substance P antiasthmatic

IT Tachykinin receptors

(NK1 antagonists; role of sensory nerve endings in nerve growth factor-induced airway hyperresponsiveness to histamine in guinea-pigs)

IT Respiratory tract, disease

(hyperresponsiveness; role of sensory nerve endings in nerve growth factor-induced airway hyperresponsiveness to histamine in guinea-pigs)

IT Allergy inhibitors

Trachea (anatomical)

(role of sensory nerve endings in nerve growth factor-induced airway hyperresponsiveness to histamine in guinea-pigs)

IT Sensory receptors

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(role of sensory nerve endings in nerve growth factor-induced airway hyperresponsiveness to histamine in guinea-pigs)

IT Tachykinin receptors

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(type NK1; role of sensory nerve endings in nerve growth factor-induced airway hyperresponsiveness to histamine in guinea-pigs)

IT 51-45-6, Histamine, biological studies 9061-61-4, Nerve growth factor

RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BIOL (Biological study)

(role of sensory nerve endings in nerve growth factor-induced airway hyperresponsiveness to histamine in guinea-pigs)

IT 33507-63-0, Substance P

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(role of sensory nerve endings in nerve growth factor-induced airway hyperresponsiveness to histamine in guinea-pigs)

IT 155418-05-6, SR140333

RL: DMA (Drug mechanism of action); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU

(Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(role of sensory nerve endings in nerve growth factor-induced airway hyperresponsiveness to histamine in guinea-pigs)

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L76 ANSWER 6 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN  
 AN 2001:833079 HCAPLUS  
 DN 135:352838  
 ED Entered STN: 16 Nov 2001  
 TI Anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators  
 IN Hogestatt, Edward; Zygmunt, Peter  
 PA Forskarpatent I Syd AB, Swed.  
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 107 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DT Patent  
 LA English  
 IC ICM A61K031-16  
     ICS A61K031-167; A61K031-232  
 CC 1-12 (Pharmacology)  
 FAN.CNT 2

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
PI	WO 2001085158	A2	20011115	WO 2001-IB1267	20010508
	WO 2001085158	A3	20020613		
	W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,			

GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,  
 LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT,  
 RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US,  
 UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM  
 RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY,  
 DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF,  
 BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

PRAI US 2000-567034 A 20000508

OS MARPAT 135:352838

AB The invention discloses that **anandamide** is an endogenous ligand for vanilloid receptors, and especially the vanilloid receptor VR1. Other structurally related lipids, such as **AM404**, 1-arachidonylglycerol, and 2-arachidonylglycerol, are identified having vanilloid receptor activity as well. Methods of treating individuals suffering from, or at risk of suffering from, diseases and disorders associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function are provided, as are methods of designing and identifying vanilloid receptor agonists and antagonists.

ST **anandamide** lipid analog vanilloid receptor modulator

IT Nervous system

(Guillain-Barre syndrome, treatment of pain associated with; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Capsaicin receptors

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)  
 (VR1 (vanilloid receptor 1); **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Nose

(allergic rhinitis; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Leg

(amputation, treatment of pain associated with; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Allergy inhibitors

Analgesics

Anti-inflammatory agents

Antiarthritics

Antiasthmatics

Antiemetics

Antimigraine agents

Antirheumatic agents

Antitumor agents

**Antitussives**

Antiulcer agents

Autoimmune disease

Drug delivery systems

Eczema

Gout

Infection

Pain

Psoriasis

Urticaria

Wound healing promoters

(**anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

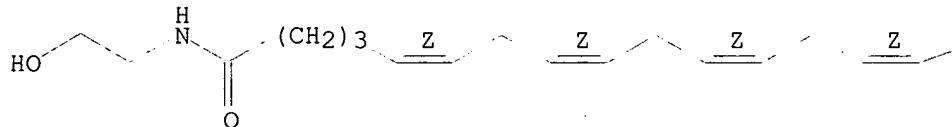
- IT Capsaicin receptors  
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)  
(**anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Heart, disease  
(angina pectoris, unstable; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Antiarteriosclerotics  
(antiatherosclerotics; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Infection  
(bacterial; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Shock (circulatory collapse)  
(cardiogenic; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Brain, disease  
(cerebrum, vasospasm, from subarachnoid hemorrhage; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Headache  
(cluster, treatment of pain associated with; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Eye, disease  
(conjunctivitis; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Digestive tract  
(disease, mucosal damage; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Organ, animal  
(disease; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Shock (circulatory collapse)  
(hemorrhagic; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Bladder  
(incontinence; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Heart, disease  
(infarction; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Human herpesvirus  
(infection; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Intestine, disease  
(inflammatory; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as

- vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Mammary gland  
Surgery  
(mastectomy, treatment of pain associated with; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Pharynx  
(nasopharynx, adenoids; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Adenoid  
(nasopharynx; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Nerve, disease  
(neuralgia; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Inflammation  
(neurogenic; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Pain  
(nociceptive; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Infection  
(parasite; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Nerve, disease  
(peripheral neuropathy, treatment of pain associated with; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Nerve, disease  
(polyneuropathy, chronic peripheral, treatment of pain associated with; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Nose  
(rhinitis, vasomotor; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Nose  
(rhinitis; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Shock (circulatory collapse)  
(septic; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Brain, disease  
(stroke; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Meninges  
(subarachnoid hemorrhage, cerebral vasospasm from; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

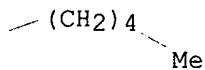
- IT Headache  
 Osteoarthritis  
 Pruritus  
 (treatment of pain associated with; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Infection  
 (viral; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT 35474-99-8 53847-30-6, 2-Arachidonylglycerol **94421-68-8**,  
**Anandamide 183718-77-6, AM 404**  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (**anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT **94421-68-8, Anandamide 183718-77-6, AM 404**  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (**anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- RN 94421-68-8 HCPLUS  
 CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



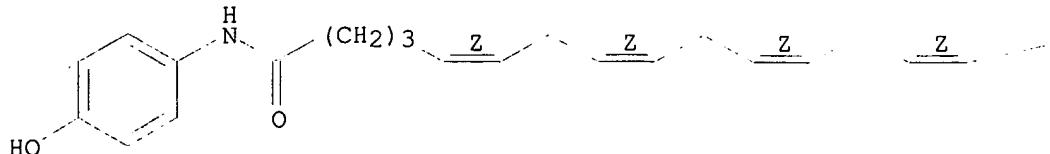
PAGE 1-B



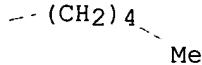
- RN 183718-77-6 HCPLUS  
 CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



L76 ANSWER 7 OF 10 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN  
 AN 2001:789791 HCPLUS  
 DN 136:95834  
 ED Entered STN: 31 Oct 2001  
 TI **Anandamide** induces cardiovascular and respiratory reflexes via vasosensory nerves in the anaesthetized rat  
 AU Smith, Paula J. W.; McQueen, Daniel S.  
 CS Department of Neuroscience, University of Edinburgh Medical School, Edinburgh, EH8 9JZ, UK  
 SO British Journal of Pharmacology (2001), 134(3), 655-663  
 CODEN: BJPCBM; ISSN: 0007-1188  
 PB Nature Publishing Group  
 DT Journal  
 LA English  
 CC 1-8 (Pharmacology)  
 AB 1 We tested the hypothesis that sensory nerves innervating blood vessels play a role in the local and systemic regulation of the cardiovascular and respiratory (CVR) systems. We measured CVR reflexes evoked by administration of **anandamide** (86-863 nmoles) and capsaicin (0.3-10 nmoles) into the hindlimb vasculature of anesthetized rats. 2 **Anandamide** and capsaicin each caused a rapid dose-dependent reflex fall in blood pressure and an increase in ventilation when injected intra-arterially into the hindlimb. 3 Action of both agonists at the vanilloid receptor (VR1) on perivascular sensory nerves was investigated using capsazepine (1 mg kg<sup>-1</sup> i.a.) a competitive VR1 antagonist, ruthenium red (1 mg kg<sup>-1</sup> i.a.), a non-competitive antagonist at VR1, or a desensitizing dose of capsaicin (200 nmoles i.a.). The cannabinoid receptor antagonist SR141716 (1 mg kg<sup>-1</sup> i.a.) was used to determine agonist activity at the CB1 receptor. 4 Capsazepine, ruthenium red, or acute VR1 desensitization by capsaicin-pretreatment, markedly attenuated the reflex CVR responses evoked by **anandamide** and capsaicin ( $P < 0.05$ ; paired Student's t-test). Blockade of CB1 had no significant effect on the responses to **anandamide**. 5 Local sectioning of the femoral and sciatic nerves attenuated CVR responses to **anandamide** and capsaicin ( $P < 0.05$ ). Vagotomy or carotid sinus sectioning had no significant effect on **anandamide**- or capsaicin-induced responses. 6 These data demonstrate that both the endogenous cannabinoid, **anandamide**, and the vanilloid, capsaicin, evoke CVR reflexes when injected intra-arterially into the rat hindlimb. These responses appear to be mediated reflexly via VR1 located on sensory nerve endings within the hindlimb vasculature.  
 ST **anandamide** cardiovascular respiration reflex vasosensory nerve vanilloid receptor  
 IT Cardiovascular system  
 Reflex  
 Respiration, animal  
**Respiratory tract**  
 (**anandamide** induces cardiovascular and respiratory reflexes via vasosensory nerves in the anesthetized rat)  
 IT Capsaicin receptors  
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)  
 (**anandamide** induces cardiovascular and respiratory reflexes via vasosensory nerves in the anesthetized rat)

## IT Nerve

(sensory; **anandamide** induces cardiovascular and respiratory reflexes via vasosensory nerves in the anesthetized rat)

## IT 404-86-4, Capsaicin 94421-68-8, Anandamide

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); BIOL (Biological study)  
 (**anandamide** induces cardiovascular and respiratory reflexes via vasosensory nerves in the anesthetized rat)

RE.CNT 42 THERE ARE 42 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

RE

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## IT 94421-68-8, Anandamide

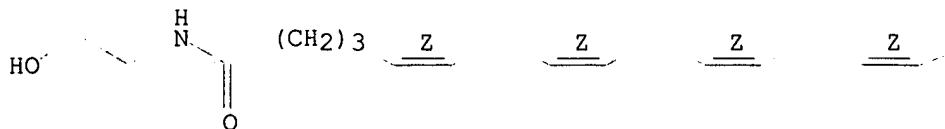
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); BIOL (Biological study)  
 (**anandamide** induces cardiovascular and respiratory reflexes via vasosensory nerves in the anesthetized rat)

RN 94421-68-8 HCPLUS

CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

 $\text{-(CH}_2\text{)}_4$ 

Me

L76 ANSWER 8 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN  
 AN 2000:802719 HCAPLUS  
 DN 134:95328  
 ED Entered STN: 15 Nov 2000  
 TI Bidirectional control of airway responsiveness by endogenous cannabinoids  
 AU Calignano, A.; Katona, I.; Desarnaud, F.; Giuffrida, A.; La Rana, G.; Mackie, K.; Freund, T. F.; Piomelli, D.  
 CS Department of Pharmacology, University of Naples, Naples, 80131, Italy  
 SO Nature (London) (2000), 408(6808), 96-101  
 CODEN: NATUAS; ISSN: 0028-0836  
 PB Nature Publishing Group  
 DT Journal  
 LA English  
 CC 1-9 (Pharmacology)  
 Section cross-reference(s): 13  
 AB Smoking marijuana or administration of its main active constituent,  $\Delta^9$ -tetrahydrocannabinol ( $\Delta^9$ -THC), may exert potent dilating effects on human airways. But the physiol. significance of this observation and its potential therapeutic value are obscured by the fact that some asthmatic patients respond to these compds. with a paradoxical bronchospasm. The mechanisms underlying these contrasting responses remain unresolved. Here we show that the endogenous cannabinoid **anandamide** exerts dual effects on bronchial responsiveness in rodents: it strongly inhibits bronchospasm and **cough** evoked by the chemical irritant, capsaicin, but causes bronchospasm when the constricting tone exerted by the vagus nerve is removed. Both effects are mediated through peripheral CB1 cannabinoid receptors found on axon terminals of airway nerves. Biochem. analyses indicate that **anandamide** is synthesized in lung tissue on calcium-ion stimulation, suggesting that locally generated **anandamide** participates in the intrinsic control of airway responsiveness. In support of this conclusion, the CB1 antagonist SR141716A enhances capsaicin-evoked bronchospasm and **cough**. Our results may account for the contrasting bronchial actions of cannabis-like drugs in humans, and provide a framework for the development of more selective cannabinoid-based agents for the treatment of respiratory pathologies.  
 ST **anandamide** airway bidirectional responsiveness cannabinoid receptor  
 IT Cannabinoid receptors  
 RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)  
     (CB1; bidirectional control of airway responsiveness by endogenous cannabinoids)  
 IT **Respiratory tract**  
     (bidirectional control of airway responsiveness by endogenous

cannabinoids)

IT **94421-68-8, Anandamide**

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); MFM (Metabolic formation); BIOL (Biological study); FORM (Formation, nonpreparative)

(bidirectional control of airway responsiveness by endogenous cannabinoids)

RE.CNT 30 THERE ARE 30 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

RE

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IT **94421-68-8, Anandamide**

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); MFM (Metabolic formation); BIOL (Biological study); FORM (Formation, nonpreparative)

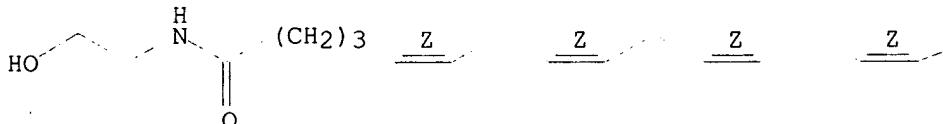
(bidirectional control of airway responsiveness by endogenous cannabinoids)

RN 94421-68-8 HCPLUS

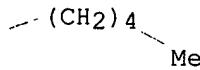
CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



L76 ANSWER 9 OF 10 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN  
 AN 1998:511815 HCPLUS  
 DN 129:285829  
 ED Entered STN: 18 Aug 1998  
 TI Pulmonary actions of **anandamide**, an endogenous cannabinoid receptor agonist, in guinea pigs  
 AU Stengel, Peter W.; Rippy, Marian K.; Cockerham, Sandra L.; Devane, William A.; Silbaugh, Steven A.  
 CS Neuroscience Research, Lilly Research Laboratories, Eli Lilly, Lilly Corporate Center, Indianapolis, IN, USA  
 SO European Journal of Pharmacology (1998), 355(1), 57-66  
 CODEN: EJPHAZ; ISSN: 0014-2999 ✓  
 PB Elsevier Science B.V.  
 DT Journal  
 LA English  
 CC 1-9 (Pharmacology)  
 AB **Anandamide** (**arachidonylethanolamide**) was tested for bronchodilator and anti-inflammatory activities. Conscious guinea pigs were given cumulative i.v. doses of **anandamide** (1.0, 3.0, and 10.0 mg/kg) to assess its effect on dynamic compliance (Cdyn), total pulmonary resistance (RL), tidal volume (VT) and breathing frequency (f). Other guinea pigs were exposed to an aerosol of A23187 (6S-[6α(2S\*,3S\*),8β(R\*),9β,11α]-5-(methylamino)-2-[[3,9,11-trimethyl-8-[1-methyl-2-oxo-2-(1H-pyrrol-2-yl)ethyl]-1,7-dioxaspiro[5.5]undec-2-yl]methyl]-4-benzoxazolecarboxylic acid) until Cdyn decreased by 50% (.apprx.5 min) and at 20 min, cumulative i.v. doses of **anandamide** (1.0, 3.0, and 10.0 mg/kg) were administered and reversal of Cdyn examined. After the final dose of **anandamide**, the animals were killed and excised lung gas vols. (ELGV), i.e., pulmonary gas trapping, measured. Other animals were treated i.v. with **anandamide** (10.0 mg/kg), exposed to an aerosol of A23187 until labored breathing began, and then killed 1 h later. **Anandamide** did not significantly affect Cdyn, RL, VT and f. ELGV values of **anandamide**-treated guinea pigs were not different from those of vehicle-treated animals. **Anandamide** failed to reverse A23187-induced decreases in Cdyn and to reduce A23187-associated ELGV increases. Also, it did not prevent the prolonged airway obstruction caused by A23187. Histol. evaluation revealed that **anandamide** significantly reduced A23187-related airway epithelial injury and pulmonary leukocytosis. However, it did not prevent A23187-induced peribronchiolar granulocytic accumulation. Our results suggest that in vivo **anandamide** has minimal direct airway smooth muscle-related actions, however it may possess modest anti-inflammatory properties.  
 ST lung injury A23187 **anandamide**  
 IT Respiratory tract  
     (epithelium, A23187-induced injury; pulmonary actions of **anandamide** in guinea pigs with A23187-induced injury)  
 IT Anti-inflammatory agents  
     Lung  
         (pulmonary actions of **anandamide** in guinea pigs with A23187-induced injury)  
 IT 94421-68-8, **Anandamide**  
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(pulmonary actions of anandamide in guinea pigs with A23187-induced injury)

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IT 94421-68-8, Anandamide

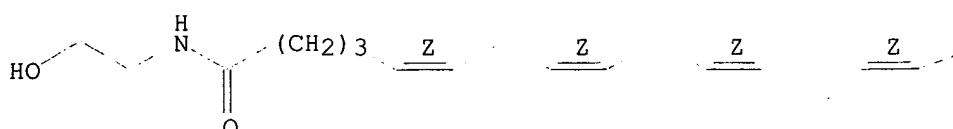
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)  
(pulmonary actions of anandamide in guinea pigs with A23187-induced injury)

RN 94421-68-8 HCAPLUS

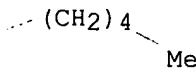
CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI).  
(CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



L76 ANSWER 10 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN  
AN 1997:801212 HCAPLUS  
DN 128:87707  
ED Entered STN: 24 Dec 1997  
TI Influence of interleukin 1 $\alpha$  on superoxide anion, platelet activating factor release and phospholipase A2 activity of naive and sensitized guinea pig alveolar macrophages  
AU Mugnai, Sabrina; Ciuffi, Mario; Maurizi, Manuela; Bindi, Daniela; Franchi-Micheli, Sergio; Zillett, Lucilla  
CS Department of Preclinical and Clinical Pharmacology "M. Aiazzi-Mancini", Florence, 50134, Italy  
SO British Journal of Pharmacology (1997), 122(7), 1345-1352  
CODEN: BJPCBM; ISSN: 0007-1188  
PB Stockton Press  
DT Journal  
LA English  
CC 15-5 (Immunochemistry)  
AB We studied the effect exerted by hr-interleukin-1 $\alpha$  (IL-1 $\alpha$ ) on responsiveness of alveolar macrophages (AM) from naive and sensitized guinea-pigs, through O<sub>2</sub>- production (by ferricytochrome C reduction), platelet-activating-factor (PAF) release (by platelet aggregation), prostaglandin E2 (PGE2) release (by a RIA), and cytosolic phospholipase A2 (cPLA2) activity (by hydrolysis of radioactive substrate). In naive guinea-pig AM, 0.06 nM hr-IL-1 $\alpha$  pretreatment decreased by 65% O<sub>2</sub>- release stimulated with 10 nM fMLP. In contrast, O<sub>2</sub>- production was not affected in sensitized guinea-pig AM. O<sub>2</sub>- release elicited by fMLP stimulation in both cell groups was affected by PLA2 inhibitors (10  $\mu$ M bromophenacyl bromide, BPB or 10  $\mu$ M methylprednisolone, MP). In contrast, 10  $\mu$ M arachidonyl trifluoromethyl ketone (AACOCF<sub>3</sub>), a cPLA2 inhibitor, was ineffective. In naive AM, PAF release was elicited by hr-IL-1 $\alpha$  pretreatment and by sep. fMLP-stimulation, but when the stimulus was added to hr-IL-1 $\alpha$ -pretreated cells inhibition of PAF release was observed. In sensitized AM, PAF release was lower than that found in naive guinea-pig AM in both hr-IL-1 $\alpha$ -pretreated and fMLP-stimulated cells. PGE2 release was unaffected by hr-IL-1 $\alpha$  pretreatment and it was decreased by fMLP in both naive and sensitized AMs. The latter released less PGE2 than naive cells in basal conditions and after fMLP treatment. Sensitized AM showed a greater cPLA2 activity in all exptl. conditions in comparison to naive cells. CPLA2 activity assayed in the cytosolic fraction was found to be enhanced by hr-IL-1 $\alpha$  pretreatment and by fMLP stimulation in naive but not in sensitized AM. However, when the stimulus was added to hr-IL-1 $\alpha$ -pretreated cells we observed a decrease in cPLA2 activity in the cytosol and an increase in the membranes, thus suggesting a translocation of enzymic activity. In conclusion, hr-IL-1 $\alpha$  can modulate the responsiveness of AM from naive and sensitized guinea-pigs, as suggested by changes found in the release of PAF and O<sub>2</sub>- and in cPLA2 activity; therefore, sensitization itself may affect cellular responsiveness.  
ST interleukin lalpha macrophage superoxide PAF cPLA2  
IT Macrophage  
(alveolar; influence of interleukin 1 $\alpha$  on superoxide anion, platelet activating factor release and phospholipase A2 activity of naive and sensitized guinea pig alveolar macrophages)

- IT    Respiration, animal  
       (burst; influence of interleukin 1 $\alpha$  on superoxide anion, platelet activating factor release and phospholipase A2 activity of naive and sensitized guinea pig alveolar macrophages)
- IT    Respiratory tract  
       (disease, hypersensitivity; influence of interleukin 1 $\alpha$  on superoxide anion, platelet activating factor release and phospholipase A2 activity of naive and sensitized guinea pig alveolar macrophages)
- IT    Allergy  
       (hypersensitivity, respiratory tract; influence of interleukin 1 $\alpha$  on superoxide anion, platelet activating factor release and phospholipase A2 activity of naive and sensitized guinea pig alveolar macrophages)
- IT    Interleukin 1 $\alpha$   
       RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)  
           (influence of interleukin 1 $\alpha$  on superoxide anion, platelet activating factor release and phospholipase A2 activity of naive and sensitized guinea pig alveolar macrophages)
- IT    Lung  
       (macrophage; influence of interleukin 1 $\alpha$  on superoxide anion, platelet activating factor release and phospholipase A2 activity of naive and sensitized guinea pig alveolar macrophages)
- IT    9001-84-7, Phospholipase A2  
       RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)  
           (influence of interleukin 1 $\alpha$  on superoxide anion, platelet activating factor release and phospholipase A2 activity of naive and sensitized guinea pig alveolar macrophages)
- IT    65154-06-5, Platelet activating factor  
       RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)  
           (influence of interleukin 1 $\alpha$  on superoxide anion, platelet activating factor release and phospholipase A2 activity of naive and sensitized guinea pig alveolar macrophages)
- IT    11062-77-4, Superoxide  
       RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); MFM (Metabolic formation); BIOL (Biological study); FORM (Formation, nonpreparative); PROC (Process)  
           (influence of interleukin 1 $\alpha$  on superoxide anion, platelet activating factor release and phospholipase A2 activity of naive and sensitized guinea pig alveolar macrophages)

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L86 ANSWER 1 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN  
 AN 2000:853966 HCAPLUS  
 DN 134:176348  
 ED Entered STN: 06 Dec 2000  
 TI Endocannabinoids and fatty acid amides in cancer, inflammation and related disorders  
 AU De Petrocellis, L.; Melck, D.; Bisogno, T.; Di Marzo, V.  
 CS Istituto di Cibernetica, Consiglio Nazionale delle Ricerche, Arco Felice,  
 Naples, 80072, Italy  
 SO Chemistry and Physics of Lipids (2000), 108(1  
 -2), 191-209  
 CODEN: CPLIA4; ISSN: 0009-3084  
 PB Elsevier Science Ireland Ltd.  
 DT Journal; General Review  
 LA English  
 CC 14-0 (Mammalian Pathological Biochemistry)  
 AB A review, with many refs. The long history of the medicinal use of Cannabis sativa and, more recently, of its chemical constituents, the cannabinoids, suggests that also the endogenous ligands of cannabinoid receptors, the endocannabinoids, and, particularly, their derivs. may be used as therapeutic agents. Studies aimed at correlating the tissue and body fluid levels of endogenous cannabinoid-like mols. with pathol. conditions have been started and may lead to identify those diseases that can be alleviated by drugs that either mimic or antagonize the action of

these substances, or modulate their biosynthesis and degradation. Hints for the therapeutic applications of endocannabinoids, however, can be obtained also from our previous knowledge of marijuana medicinal properties. In this article, we discuss the anti-tumor and anti-inflammatory activity of: (1) the endocannabinoids **anandamide** (arachidonylethanolamide) and 2-arachidonoyl glycerol; (2) the bioactive fatty acid amides palmitoylethanolamide and oleamide; and (3) some synthetic derivs. of these compds., such as the N-acyl-vanillyl-amines. Furthermore, the possible role of cannabimimetic fatty acid derivs. in the pathol. consequences of cancer and inflammation, such as cachexia, wasting syndrome, chronic pain and local vasodilation, will be examined

ST review endocannabinoid fatty acid amide cancer inflammation

IT Inflammation

Neoplasm

(endocannabinoids and fatty acid amides in cancer, inflammation and related disorders)

IT Cannabinoids

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)  
(endocannabinoids and fatty acid amides in cancer, inflammation and related disorders)

IT Cannabinoid receptors

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)  
(endocannabinoids; endocannabinoids and fatty acid amides in cancer, inflammation and related disorders)

IT Amides, biological studies

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)  
(fatty; endocannabinoids and fatty acid amides in cancer, inflammation and related disorders)

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AN 2000:853959 HCAPLUS

DN 134:69099

ED Entered STN: 06 Dec 2000

TI 2-Arachidonoylglycerol and the cannabinoid receptors

AU Sugiura, T.; Waku, K.

CS Faculty of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Teikyo University, Tsukui-gun,  
Sagamiko, Kanagawa, 199-0195, Japan

SO Chemistry and Physics of Lipids (2000), 108(1  
-2), 89-106

CODEN: CPLIA4; ISSN: 0009-3084

PB Elsevier Science Ireland Ltd.

DT Journal; General Review

LA English

CC 13-0 (Mammalian Biochemistry)

Section cross-reference(s): 2

AB A review, with .apprx.115 refs. 2-Arachidonoylglycerol (2-AG) is a unique mol. species of monoacylglycerol isolated from rat brain and canine gut as an endogenous cannabinoid receptor ligand. 2-AG binds to the cannabinoid receptors (CB1 and CB2) and exhibits a variety of cannabimimetic activities in vitro and in vivo. Recently, we found that 2-AG induces Ca<sup>2+</sup> transients in NG108-15 cells, which express the CB1 receptor, and in HL-60 cells, which express the CB2 receptor, through a cannabinoid receptor- and Gi/Go-dependent mechanism. Based on the results of structure-activity relationship expts., we concluded that 2-AG but not anandamide is the natural ligand for both the CB1 and the CB2 receptors and both receptors are primarily 2-AG receptors. Evidences are gradually accumulating that 2-AG is a physiol. essential mol., although further detailed studies appear to be necessary to determine relative importance of 2-AG and anandamide in various animal tissues. In this review, we described mainly our previous and current exptl. results, as well as those of others, concerning the tissue levels, bioactions and metabolism of 2-AG.

ST review arachidonoylglycerol cannabinoid receptor

IT Cannabinoid receptors

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)  
(arachidonoylglycerol and the cannabinoid receptors)

IT 53847-30-6

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BOC (Biological occurrence); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence); PROC (Process)  
(arachidonoylglycerol and the cannabinoid receptors)

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L86 ANSWER 3 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN  
 AN 1999:589648 HCAPLUS  
 DN 131:309751  
 ED Entered STN: 21 Sep 1999  
 TI Cytosolic phospholipase A2 activation is essential for  $\beta 1$  and  $\beta 2$  integrin-dependent adhesion of human eosinophils  
 AU Zhu, Xiangdong; Munoz, Nilda M.; Kim, Kwang Pyo; Sano, Hiroyuki; Cho, Wonhwa; Leff, Alan R.  
 CS Section of Pulmonary and Critical Care Medicine, Departments of Medicine, Pharmacological and Physiological Sciences, Pediatrics, Anesthesia, and Critical Care, and Committees on Clinical Pharmacology and Cell Physiology, Division of Biological Sciences, University of Chicago, Chicago, IL, 60637, USA  
 SO Journal of Immunology (1999), 163(6), 3423-3429  
 CODEN: JOIMA3; ISSN: 0022-1767  
 PB American Association of Immunologists  
 DT Journal  
 LA English  
 CC 15-9 (Immunochemistry)  
 AB The authors examined the role of cytosolic phospholipase A2 (cPLA2) during human eosinophil adherence to ICAM-1- or VCAM-1-coated plates. IL-5-stimulated eosinophils adhered to ICAM-1 through the  $\beta 2$  integrin CD11b/CD18, while nonstimulated eosinophils did not. By contrast, nonstimulated eosinophils adhered to VCAM-1 through the  $\beta 1$ -integrin VLA-4/CD29. Both IL-5-induced adhesion to ICAM-1 and spontaneous adhesion to VCAM-1 corresponded temporally to cPLA2 phosphorylation, which

accompanied enhanced catalytic activity of cPLA2. The structurally unrelated cPLA2 inhibitors, arachidonyl trifluoromethylketone and surfactin, inhibited eosinophil adhesion to ICAM-1 and VCAM-1 in a concentration-dependent manner. Inhibition of secretory PLA2, 5-lipoxygenase, or cyclooxygenase did not affect eosinophil adhesion. Addition of arachidonic acid to eosinophils after cPLA2 inhibition with arachidonyl trifluoromethylketone or surfactin did not reverse the blockade of adhesion to ICAM-1 or VCAM-1. However, CV-6209, a receptor-specific antagonist of platelet-activating factor, inhibited all integrin-mediated adhesion. The activated conformation of CD11b as identified by the mAb, CBRM1/5, as well as quant. surface CD11b expression were up-regulated after IL-5 stimulation. However, cPLA2 inhibition neither prevented CBRM1/5 expression nor blocked surface Mac-1 up-regulation caused by IL-5. Apparently, cPLA2 activation and its catalytic product platelet-activating factor play an essential role in regulating  $\beta 1$  and  $\beta 2$  integrin-dependent adhesion of eosinophils.. This blockade occurs even in the presence of up-regulated eosinophil surface integrin.

ST cytosolic phospholipase A2 integrin dependent adhesion eosinophil allergy  
IT Cell adhesion molecules

RL: BOC (Biological occurrence); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);  
BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence)  
(ICAM-1 (intercellular adhesion mol. 1); cytosolic phospholipase A2 activation and platelet-activating factor are essential for  $\beta 1$  and  $\beta 2$  integrin-dependent adhesion of human eosinophils)

IT Cell adhesion molecules  
RL: BOC (Biological occurrence); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);  
BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence)  
(VCAM-1; cytosolic phospholipase A2 activation and platelet-activating factor are essential for  $\beta 1$  and  $\beta 2$  integrin-dependent adhesion of human eosinophils)

IT Inflammation  
(allergic; cytosolic phospholipase A2 activation and platelet-activating factor are essential for  $\beta 1$  and  $\beta 2$  integrin-dependent adhesion of human eosinophils)

IT Cytoplasm  
(cytosol; cytosolic phospholipase A2 activation and platelet-activating factor are essential for  $\beta 1$  and  $\beta 2$  integrin-dependent adhesion of human eosinophils)

IT Asthma  
Eosinophil  
(cytosolic phospholipase A2 activation and platelet-activating factor are essential for  $\beta 1$  and  $\beta 2$  integrin-dependent adhesion of human eosinophils)

IT Cell adhesion  
(eosinophil; cytosolic phospholipase A2 activation and platelet-activating factor are essential for  $\beta 1$  and  $\beta 2$  integrin-dependent adhesion of human eosinophils)

IT Integrins  
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)  
( $\beta 1$ ; cytosolic phospholipase A2 activation and platelet-activating factor are essential for  $\beta 1$  and  $\beta 2$  integrin-dependent adhesion of human eosinophils)

IT Integrins  
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)  
( $\beta 2$ ; cytosolic phospholipase A2 activation and platelet-activating factor are essential for  $\beta 1$  and  $\beta 2$  integrin-dependent adhesion of human eosinophils)

IT 65154-06-5, Platelet-activating factor  
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(cytosolic phospholipase A2 activation and platelet-activating factor are essential for  $\beta 1$  and  $\beta 2$  integrin-dependent adhesion of human eosinophils)

IT 9001-84-7, Phospholipase A2

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(cytosolic; cytosolic phospholipase A2 activation and platelet-activating factor are essential for  $\beta 1$  and  $\beta 2$  integrin-dependent adhesion of human eosinophils)

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AN 1998:511815 HCPLUS

DN 129:285829

ED Entered STN: 18 Aug 1998

TI Pulmonary actions of anandamide, an endogenous cannabinoid receptor agonist, in guinea pigs

AU Stengel, Peter W.; Rippy, Marian K.; Cockerham, Sandra L.; Devane, William A.; Silbaugh, Steven A.

CS Neuroscience Research, Lilly Research Laboratories, Eli Lilly, Lilly Corporate Center, Indianapolis, IN, USA

SO European Journal of Pharmacology (1998), 355(1),

57-66

CODEN: EJPHAZ; ISSN: 0014-2999

PB Elsevier Science B.V.

DT Journal

LA English

CC 1-9 (Pharmacology)

AB **Anandamide (arachidonyl ethanolamide)** was tested for bronchodilator and anti-inflammatory activities. Conscious guinea pigs were given cumulative i.v. doses of **anandamide** (1.0, 3.0, and 10.0 mg/kg) to assess its effect on dynamic compliance (Cdyn), total pulmonary resistance (RL), tidal volume (VT) and breathing frequency (f). Other guinea pigs were exposed to an aerosol of A23187 (6S-[6 $\alpha$ (2S\*,3S\*),8 $\beta$ (R\*),9 $\beta$ ,11 $\alpha$ ]-5-(methylamino)-2-[3,9,11-trimethyl-8-[1-methyl-2-oxo-2-(1H-pyrrol-2-yl)ethyl]-1,7-dioxaspiro[5.5]undec-2-yl)methyl]-4-benzoxazolecarboxylic acid) until Cdyn decreased by 50% (.apprx.5 min) and at 20 min, cumulative i.v. doses of **anandamide** (1.0, 3.0, and 10.0 mg/kg) were administered and reversal of Cdyn examined. After the final dose of **anandamide**, the animals were killed and excised lung gas vols. (ELGV), i.e., pulmonary gas trapping, measured. Other animals were treated i.v. with **anandamide** (10.0 mg/kg), exposed to an aerosol of A23187 until labored breathing began, and then killed 1 h later. **Anandamide** did not significantly affect Cdyn, RL, VT and f. ELGV values of **anandamide**-treated guinea pigs were not different from those of vehicle-treated animals. **Anandamide** failed to reverse A23187-induced decreases in Cdyn and to reduce A23187-associated ELGV increases. Also, it did not prevent the prolonged airway obstruction caused by A23187. Histol. evaluation revealed that **anandamide** significantly reduced A23187-related airway epithelial injury and pulmonary leukocytosis. However, it did not prevent A23187-induced peribronchiolar granulocytic accumulation. Our results suggest that in vivo **anandamide** has minimal direct airway smooth muscle-related actions, however it may possess modest anti-inflammatory properties.

ST lung injury A23187 **anandamide**

IT Respiratory tract

(epithelium, A23187-induced injury; pulmonary actions of **anandamide** in guinea pigs with A23187-induced injury)

IT Anti-inflammatory agents

Lung

(pulmonary actions of **anandamide** in guinea pigs with A23187-induced injury)

IT 94421-68-8, **Anandamide**

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(pulmonary actions of **anandamide** in guinea pigs with A23187-induced injury)

RE.CNT 38 THERE ARE 38 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

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IT 94421-68-8, Anandamide

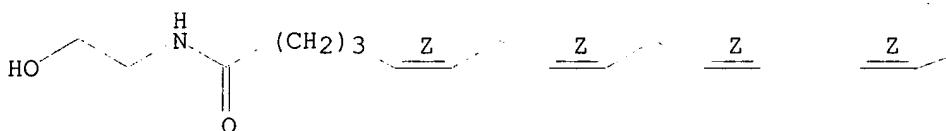
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)  
 (pulmonary actions of anandamide in guinea pigs with A23187-induced injury)

RN 94421-68-8 HCAPLUS

CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

       (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>

Me

- L86 ANSWER 5 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN  
 AN 1998:46055 HCAPLUS  
 DN 128:136785  
 ED Entered STN: 28 Jan 1998  
 TI Regulation of leukotriene and platelet-activating factor synthesis in human alveolar macrophages  
 AU Shamsuddin, Mir; Chen, Ellen; Anderson, James; Smith, Lewis J.  
 CS Pulmonary Division, Veterans Affairs Lakeside Medical Center, Northwestern University Medical School, Chicago, IL, USA  
 SO Journal of Laboratory and Clinical Medicine (1997), 130 (6), 615-626  
 CODEN: JLCMAK; ISSN: 0022-2143

PB Mosby-Year Book, Inc.

DT Journal

LA English

CC 2-9 (Mammalian Hormones)

Section cross-reference(s): 15

AB It has been suggested that phospholipase A2 (PLA2) contributes to the regulation of leukotriene (LT) and platelet-activating factor (PAF) synthesis by controlling the release of their precursors, arachidonic acid (AA) and lysophosphatidylcholine (lysoPC), from membrane phospholipids. In rat alveolar macrophages (AMs), PLA2 appears to have a major role in LT synthesis but a more limited role in PAF synthesis. The present study was designed to define the role of PLA2 in LT and PAF synthesis in human AMs and determine whether differences exist between AMs obtained from normal subjects and those from patients with asthma. In the normal subjects, the calcium ionophore A23187 (Cal) increased AM PAF synthesis (percent incorporation of tritiated acetate) by 135% and LTB4 synthesis 88-fold. Phorbol myristate acetate (PMA) had little effect alone, but it had a synergistic effect with Cal, increasing PAF synthesis by 466% and LTB4 synthesis to 229-fold above the control values. Ro 25-4331, a combined cytosolic (c) and secretory (s) PLA2 inhibitor, had little effect on the Cal-stimulated PAF synthesis, but it completely blocked the effect of PMA. It also blocked the Cal- and Cal+PMA-stimulated LTB4 synthesis. AACOCF3, a cPLA2 inhibitor, had no effect on either Cal or Cal+PMA-stimulated PAF synthesis. It reduced LTB4 synthesis, but it did so less effectively than Ro 25-4331. CoA-independent transacylase (CoAl-TA) activity in the AMs increased after stimulation and exposure to Ro 25-4331. SK&F 45905, a CoAl-TA inhibitor, reduced stimulated PAF synthesis by 30% to 40%. Patients with asthma had similar results except that cPLA2 had a greater role in stimulated LTB4 synthesis. These data indicate that PLA2 plays a direct role in human AM LT synthesis; both the cytosolic and secretory forms contribute to LT synthesis; PLA2 appears to have a more limited role in PAF synthesis, although it mediates the synergistic effect of PMA, probably via sPLA2; and CoAl-TA contributes to PAF synthesis during PLA2 inhibition. With the exception of the greater role for cPLA2 in stimulated LTB4 synthesis in the patients with asthma, the contributions of PLA2 and CoAl-TA to AM LT and PAF synthesis appear to be similar in normal subjects and patients with asthma.

ST leukotriene platelet activating factor alveolar macrophage; phospholipase leukotriene PAF alveolar macrophage

IT Macrophage

(alveolar; phospholipase A2 in regulation of leukotriene and platelet-activating factor synthesis in human alveolar macrophages)

IT Lung

(macrophage; phospholipase A2 in regulation of leukotriene and platelet-activating factor synthesis in human alveolar macrophages)

IT Asthma

(phospholipase A2 in regulation of leukotriene and platelet-activating factor synthesis in human alveolar macrophages)

IT Lysophosphatidylcholines

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(phospholipase A2 in regulation of leukotriene and platelet-activating factor synthesis in human alveolar macrophages)

IT Leukotrienes

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); MFM (Metabolic formation); BIOL (Biological study); FORM (Formation, nonpreparative); PROC (Process)

(phospholipase A2 in regulation of leukotriene and platelet-activating factor synthesis in human alveolar macrophages)

IT 9001-84-7, Phospholipase A2

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(cytosolic and secretory; phospholipase A2 in regulation of leukotriene

and platelet-activating factor synthesis in human alveolar macrophages)  
IT 7440-70-2, Calcium, biological studies 16561-29-8, Phorbol myristate  
acetate 102347-79-5, CoA-independent transacylase  
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological  
study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)  
(phospholipase A2 in regulation of leukotriene and platelet-activating  
factor synthesis in human alveolar macrophages)

IT 506-32-1, Arachidonic acid  
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL  
(Biological study); PROC (Process)  
(phospholipase A2 in regulation of leukotriene and platelet-activating  
factor synthesis in human alveolar macrophages)

IT 65154-06-5, Blood platelet-activating factor 71160-24-2, LTB4  
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); MFM  
(Metabolic formation); BIOL (Biological study); FORM (Formation,  
nonpreparative); PROC (Process)  
(phospholipase A2 in regulation of leukotriene and platelet-activating  
factor synthesis in human alveolar macrophages)

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L86 ANSWER 6 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN  
 AN 1983:78162 HCAPLUS  
 DN 98:78162  
 ED Entered STN: 12 May 1984  
 TI Nasal administration of narcotic antagonists and analgesics.  
 IN Hussain, Anwar Alwan  
 PA University of Kentucky Research Foundation, USA  
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 36 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DT Patent  
 LA English  
 IC A61K031-40; A61K031-47; A61K031-485  
 CC 63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)  
 Section cross-reference(s): 1

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 8203768	A1	19821111	WO 1982-US546	19820427
	W: AU, DK, JP, NO				
	RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, LU, NL, SE				
	US 4464378	A	19840807	US 1981-258308	19810428 <--
	AU 8285247	A1	19821124	AU 1982-85247	19820427
	EP 77393	A1	19830427	EP 1982-901764	19820427
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, LI, LU, NL, SE				
	CA 1183778	A1	19850312	CA 1982-401775	19820427
PRAI	US 1981-258308		19810428		
	WO 1982-US546		19820427		
AB	Narcotic antagonists, narcotic analgesics, and related compds. can be administered in nasal dosage forms, e.g., solns., suspensions, gels, and ointments, which provide greatly enhanced bioavailability as compared to oral, i.m., s.c., and i.v. dosage forms. Thus, 1 g naloxone-HCl [357-08-4] was dissolved in 80 mL distilled H <sub>2</sub> O and the pH was adjusted to 7.4 with dilute NaOH solution. H <sub>2</sub> O was added to 100 mL, and the solution was made isotonic with NaCl solution. The solution was sterilized by filtration through a 0.2 μ Millipore filter; the formulation contained 1 mg naloxone-HCl/0.1 mL. The absorption of naloxone [465-65-6] by the nasal route was as effective as that by the i.v. route and the nasal bioavailability was 70-fold the oral bioavailability in rats.				
ST	narcotic antagonist analgesic nose				
IT	Nose				
	(narcotic antagonists and narcotic analgesics absorption by)				
IT	Narcotic antagonists				
	(nasal dosage forms of, for enhanced bioavailability)				
IT	Analgesics				
	(narcotic, nasal dosage forms of, for enhanced bioavailability)				
IT	465-65-6				
	RL: PROC (Process)				
	(bioavailability of, from nasal dosage forms)				
IT	57-29-4 62-67-9 64-31-3 71-68-1 71-82-9 124-92-5 127-35-5				
	152-02-3 314-19-2 357-07-3 357-08-4 359-83-1 1041-90-3				
	1239-04-9 1972-08-3 3572-80-3 13956-29-1 16590-41-3 17146-95-1				
	20594-83-6 23277-43-2 42408-82-2 52485-79-7 53152-21-9				

58786-99-5 66429-56-9 71048-87-8 84666-77-3 84666-78-4  
84666-79-5 84666-80-8 84666-81-9 84666-82-0 84697-43-8  
RL: BIOL (Biological study)  
(nasal dosage forms of, for enhanced bioavailability)

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MOST RECENT DERWENT UPDATE: 200379 <200379/DW>  
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L123 ANSWER 1 OF 3 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2003 THOMSON DERWENT on STN  
AN 2002-328609 [36] WPIX  
CR 2002-049390 [06]  
DNC C2002-094885  
TI Use of anandamide and structurally related lipids in the  
treatment of disease or symptoms associated with abnormal activity of at  
least one vanilloid receptor.  
DC B05  
IN HOGESTATT, E; ZYGMUNT, P  
PA (HOGE-I) HOGESTATT E; (ZYGM-I) ZYGMUNT P  
CYC 1  
PI US 2002019444 A1 20020214 (200236)\* 33p A61K031-55  
ADT US 2002019444 A1 CIP of US 2000-567034 20000508, US 2001-849972 20010508  
PRAI US 2001-849972 20010508; US 2000-567034 20000508  
IC ICM A61K031-55  
ICS A61K031-16; A61K031-404; A61K031-47  
AB US2002019444 A UPAB: 20030204  
NOVELTY - Treatment of a disease or a symptom associated with abnormal  
activity of at least one vanilloid receptor involves administration of a  
compound (A) that is structurally related to anandamide,  
**AM404**, 1-arachidonylglycerol or 2-arachidonylglycerol.  
DETAILED DESCRIPTION - Treatment of a disease or a symptom associated  
with abnormal activity of at least one vanilloid receptor involves  
administration of a compound (A) is of formula A-B-C' (I) or D-E-C' (II).  
(A) is structurally related to anandamide, **AM404**,  
1-arachidonylglycerol or 2-arachidonylglycerol.

A = R1-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>-(CH)n<sub>1</sub>(R<sub>3</sub>)-, R1-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH(R<sub>2</sub>)-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub><sub>2</sub>-(CH)n<sub>1</sub>(R<sub>3</sub>)-, R1-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH(-CH<sub>2</sub>-R<sub>2</sub>)-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub><sub>2</sub>-(CH)n<sub>1</sub>(R<sub>3</sub>)- or group of formula (i), (ii) or (iii);  
n = 0 - 8;  
n<sub>1</sub> = 0 - 1;  
n<sub>2</sub> = 0 - 6;

R1 = -OH, -CH<sub>2</sub>OH, -C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>OH, 1-3C alkoxy, -CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>3</sub>, --C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>OCH<sub>3</sub>, -OCH<sub>2</sub>OH, OC<sub>2</sub>H<sub>4</sub>OH, OCH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>3</sub>, OC<sub>2</sub>H<sub>4</sub>OCH<sub>3</sub>, -SH, -CH<sub>2</sub>SH, -C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>SH, -SCH<sub>3</sub>, -SC<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>SCH<sub>3</sub>, -C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>SCH<sub>3</sub>, -NO<sub>2</sub>, -OCH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, -OC<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, Cl, F, Br, or I;

R2 = H or R<sub>1</sub>;

R3 = -H, -CH<sub>3</sub>, -C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub> or CF<sub>3</sub>;

R4 = -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub><sub>3</sub>-CH-;

R5 = =C- or =CH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub><sub>4</sub>CH-;

n<sub>3</sub> = 0 - 4;

n<sub>4</sub> = 0 - 3;

B = -NHC'(O)-, -NHC'(S)-, -NHC'(O)NH-, NHS(O)-, -C'(O)O-, -C'(O)S-, -C'(S)O-, -NHS-, -C'(O)NH-, -C'(S)NH-, -NHC'(S)NH-, -S(O)NH-, -OC'(O)-, -SC'(O)-, -OC'(S)- or -SNH-;

C' = unsaturated, straight to branched 6-24C (preferably 12-22C) hydrocarbon chain or at least one double bond);

D = group of formula (iv) or (v);

n<sub>5</sub> = 1 - 3;

E = -C(O)-, -C(S)-, -C(O)NH-, -C(S)NH-, -S(O)-, -S-, -O-, -C(O)O-, -C(O)S-, -OC(O)- or -C(S)O-.

provided that R<sub>2</sub> is not H when R<sub>1</sub> is alkoxy. Any hydroxy group of R<sub>1</sub> and R<sub>2</sub> is optionally protected by a metabolically deprotectable protecting group to provide -OH in situ.

INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are included for the following:

(1) developing (a) agonists and antagonists of a vanilloid receptor involving obtaining (A) and testing the compound for its ability to modulate the activity of at least one vanilloid receptor. The modulation of activity indicates that the compound is agonist or antagonist of vanilloid receptor;

(2) a composition comprising (A); and

(3) a kit containing (A).

ACTIVITY - Antiinflammatory; analgesic; antiallergic; immunosuppressive; antiasthmatic; antiarthritic; antipsoriatic; antimigrain; antiarteriosclerotic; antiulcer; cerebroprotective; antitumor; antiviral; antibacterial; vulnerary; dermatological; antirheumatic; osteopathic; **antitussive**; antianginal; cerebroprotective.

MECHANISM OF ACTION - Vanilloid receptor modulator and activator.

**AM404** induced concentration-dependent relaxation in hepatic arteries of the rat was calculated. The pEC<sub>50</sub> and E<sub>max</sub> values were 7.4 plus or minus 0.1 and 97 plus or minus 2% respectively.

USE - For treating an individual suffering from or suspected of having a high risk of developing at least one disease or disorder or a symptom of the disease or disorder associated with abnormal activity of at least one vanilloid receptor, e.g. inflammation (e.g. neurogenic inflammation, bronchial asthma, arthritis, inflammatory bowel disease, gout, allergic, vasomotor rhinitis, eczema, urticaria or hives, psoriasis), pain (e.g. nociceptive pain, neurogenic pain, postherpetic neuralgia, pain associated with diabetic neuropath, pain associated with osteoarthritis, pain associated with Gillain-Barres disease, headache (e.g. migraine, Horton's headache), itching), allergy and autoimmune disease (e.g. rheumatoid arthritis, conjunctivitis, rhinitis and inflammatory bowel disease), organ dysfunction (e.g. osteoarthritis, nasopharyngeal adenoids, atherosclerosis, urge in continence or bladder hyper-reactivity, **cough**, gastroduodenal ulcer, mucosal damage in the gastrointestinal tract, emesis, myocardial infarction, unstable angina, septic shock, hemorrhage shock, cardiac shock, cerebral vasospasm after subarachnoid hemorrhage, stroke, benign and malignant tumors), and wounds, infection by bacterium virus (e.g. herpes virus) and parasite (all

claimed) in medical, pharmaceutical and scientific fields.

ADVANTAGE - (A) is an endogenous ligand for vanilloid receptors, modulates the activity of vanilloid receptors on primary sensory nerves and provides a molecular mechanism for the non-cannabinoid-1 (CB1) receptor-mediated vasodilator action of anandamide. The method can be performed both in vivo and in vitro.

Dwg.0/7

FS CPI  
 FA AB; GI; DCN  
 MC CPI: B04-B01B; B06-D01; B10-B04; B10-D03; B10-E04C; B11-C10A; B14-A01; B14-A02; B14-C01; B14-C02; B14-C03; B14-C06; B14-C09; B14-E05; B14-E08; B14-E10; B14-E10C; B14-F01; B14-F02; B14-F07; B14-F08; B14-G02; B14-G02A; B14-H01; B14-J01; B14-J05D; B14-K01; B14-K01A; B14-K01B; B14-L01; B14-L06; B14-N01; B14-N03; B14-N04; B14-N05; B14-N07; B14-N07D; B14-N16; B14-N17; B14-N17B; B14-N17C; B14-S06; B14-S07

TECH UPTX: 20030204

TECHNOLOGY FOCUS - PHARMACEUTICALS - Preferred Method: The agonists and antagonists are obtained by chemical synthesis or from biologically produced mixtures. (a) is performed in vitro using cells expressing a recombinant VR1 receptor and is high throughput screening method.

Preferred Composition: The composition further comprises a drug.

Preferred Kit: The kit further contains compounds, solutions and equipment for administration of (A).

ABEX UPTX: 20030204

WIDER DISCLOSURE - Also disclosed are: (a) dilating or constricting vascular tissue including arteries, veins, and capillaries modulating the activity of the vanilloid receptor involving administering (A) to the individual.

ADMINISTRATION - (A) is administered by contacting skin or a mucous membrane or injection locally, epidurally or spinally (claimed).

EXAMPLE - No relevant example given.

L123 ANSWER 2 OF 3 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2003 THOMSON DERWENT on STN

AN 2002-083060 [11] WPIX

DNN N2002-061882 DNC C2002-025197

TI New method of treating cough involves the use of a cannabinoid compound.

DC B05 P34

IN PIOMELLI, D

PA (REGC) UNIV CALIFORNIA; (PIOM-I) PIOMELLI D

CYC 96

PI WO 2001089589 A1 20011129 (200211)\* EN 63p A61L009-04

RW: AT BE CH CY DE DK EA ES FI FR GB GH GM GR IE IT KE LS LU MC MW MZ NL OA PT SD SE SL SZ TR TZ UG ZW  
 W: AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VN YU ZA ZW

AU 2001064930 A 20011203 (200221) A61L009-04

US 2002035150 A1 20020321 (200224) A61K031-22

EP 1294411 A1 20030326 (200323) EN A61L009-04

R: AL AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LT LU LV MC MK NL PT RO SE SI TR

CN 1438900 A 20030827 (200375) A61L009-04

ADT WO 2001089589 A1 WO 2001-US16880 20010523; AU 2001064930 A AU 2001-64930

20010523; US 2002035150 A1 Provisional US 2000-206591P 20000523, US

2001-864920 20010523; EP 1294411 A1 EP 2001-939408 20010523, WO

2001-US16880 20010523; CN 1438900 A CN 2001-811452 20010523

FDT AU 2001064930 A Based on WO 2001089589; EP 1294411 A1 Based on WO 2001089589

PRAI US 2000-206591P 20000523; US 2001-864920 20010523

IC ICM A61K031-22; A61L009-04

ICS A61K031-13; A61K031-135; A61K031-16; A61K031-23

AB WO 200189589 A UPAB: 20020215

NOVELTY - Amelioration of **cough** involves the local administration of a cannabinoid compound to the upper respiratory airways of a subject.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - Amelioration of **cough** involves the local administration of a cannabinoid compound of formula R-C(=O)-X-(C)n(R3)(R4)-R2 (I) to the upper respiratory airways of a subject.

X = N-R1 or O;

R = optionally saturated, optionally chiral, optionally cyclic and optionally substituted 11-29C hydrocarbyl group and comprises 1-6 oxygen or sulfur atoms;

R1, R3 and R4 = H, 1-4C alkyl, 2-4C alkenyl, 2-4C alkynyl, 3-6C cycloalkyl or 2-4C hydroxyalkyl group;

R2 = OH or -O-CO-1-4Calkyl;

n = 2-4.

INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for the following: (1) ameliorating **cough** involving administering an inhibitor of endogenous cannabinoid inactivation of R'-C(=O)-NH-R'2 (II) or R'1-X'-R2 (III)

R' = polyunsaturated and optionally saturated 18-22C hydrocarbyl;

R'2 = optionally substituted 3-6C cycloalkyl or optionally substituted phenyl selected from para-hydroxyphenyl or para-hydroxy-ortho-methyl-phenyl;

R'1 = saturated or polyunsaturated and optionally substituted 6-22C hydrocarbyl;

X' = -C=O or SO2;

R2 = halogen or halogen-substituted methyl group.

#### ACTIVITY - Antitussive.

MECHANISM OF ACTION - Inhibitor of endogenous cannabinoid inactivation; cannabinoid receptor agonist.

USE - For ameliorating **cough** and selectively activating CB1 cannabinoid receptors of the upper respiratory airways of patients in need of such treatment and whose vagal control of airway responsiveness is functional (claimed). The cause of the **cough** can be persisting dry **cough** resulting from airway irritation and/or infection, angiotensin converting enzyme (ACE) inhibitors-induced **cough** and cancer-induced **cough**.

ADVANTAGE - The compound is sensitive to metabolic inactivation by transport or hydrolysis, causing clinically insignificant systemic side effects. The compound inhibits **cough** initiation and/or signaling from the upper airways to the central nervous system, thus resulting in the peripheral inhibition of **cough** signaling and produces, at most, clinically insignificant side effects, produces anti-tussive effects devoid of bronchial constriction. The composition containing the compound short-circuits the intracellular signaling cascade initiating **cough** by activating CB1 cannabinoid receptors found in the upper airways of mammals, thus regulating **cough** signaling at the periphery by the activation of local CB1 cannabinoid receptors. Thus the composition achieves the superior desired anti-tussive effects without the dysphoric side effects and habit-forming properties characteristic of centrally acting cannabimimetic or opiate drugs.

Dwg.0/7

FS CPI GMPI

FA AB; DCN

MC CPI: B10-A09C; B10-D03; B10-E04D; B10-F02; B10-G02; B14-K01B;  
B14-L01

TECH UPTX: 20020215

TECHNOLOGY FOCUS - ORGANIC CHEMISTRY - Preferred Compound: The compound of formula (I) is R5-C(=O)-NH-(C)n(R3)(R4)-R2 or R'5-C(=O)-(C)n(R3)(R4)-R2

R5 = T comprising 1-3 oxygen or sulfur atoms;  
 T = optionally saturated or optionally substituted 15-29C hydrocarbyl;  
 R'5 = T comprising 1-3 oxygen atoms.

ABEX UPTX: 20020215

SPECIFIC COMPOUNDS - **Arachidonylethanolamine** (anandamide),  
 (R)-(+)-arachidonyl-1'-hydroxy-2'-propylamide, cis-7,10,13,16-  
 docosatetraenoylethanolamide, homo-delta-linoleylethanolamide and N-propyl-  
**arachidonylethanolamide** are specifically claimed as (I).  
 4-(Hydroxyphenyl)-arachidonylamine is specifically claimed as (II).  
 Palmitylsulfonylfluoride and **arachidonyltrifluoromethylketone**  
 are specifically claimed as (III).

ADMINISTRATION - The pharmaceutical composition containing (I), (II) or  
 (III) can be administered parenterally, intravenously, topically, orally,  
 by systemically or by local administration such as aerosol or  
 transdermally.

EXAMPLE - No relevant example given.

DEFINITIONS - Preferred Definitions:

R2 = OH;

X = N-H.

R2 and X combine through the carbonyl group to form a heterocyclic ring  
 structure selected from oxazolidinone ring or a morpholine ring.

L123 ANSWER 3 OF 3 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2003 THOMSON DERWENT on STN  
 AN 2002-049390 [06] WPIX

DNC C2002-013923

TI Use of **anandamide** and related lipids as vanilloid receptor  
 modulators, for treating e.g. inflammation, pain, allergy, autoimmune  
 disease, organ dysfunction, infection and wounds.

DC B02 B05

IN HOGESTATT, E; ZYGMUNT, P

PA (FORSK-N) FORSKARPATENT I SYD AB

CYC 96

PI WO 2001085158 A2 20011115 (200206)\* EN 107p A61K031-16

RW: AT BE CH CY DE DK EA ES FI FR GB GH GM GR IE IT KE LS LU MC MW MZ  
 NL OA PT SD SE SL SZ TR TZ UG ZW  
 W: AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK  
 DM DZ EC EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR  
 KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ PL PT RO RU  
 SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VN YU ZA ZW

AU 2001069375 A 20011120 (200219) A61K031-16

ADT WO 2001085158 A2 WO 2001-IB1267 20010508; AU 2001069375 A AU 2001-69375  
 20010508

FDT AU 2001069375 A Based on WO 2001085158

PRAI US 2000-567034 20000508

IC ICM A61K031-16

ICS A61K031-167; A61K031-232

AB WO 2001085158 A UPAB: 20020610

NOVELTY - The use of lipids (I) and (II) structurally-related to  
**anandamide** (**arachidonylethanolamide**), **AM404** or  
 1- or 2-arachidonylglycerol as vanilloid receptor modulators for treating  
 a disease or disorder or a symptom of a disease or disorder associated  
 with abnormal activity of a vanilloid receptor is new.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - The use of lipids of formula (I) and (II)  
 which are structurally-related to **anandamide** (  
**arachidonylethanolamide**), **AM404** (N-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-  
 5,8,11,14 eicosatetraenamide), or 1- or 2-arachidonylglycerol as vanilloid  
 receptor modulators for treating a disease or disorder or a symptom of a  
 disease or disorder associated with abnormal activity of a vanilloid  
 receptor is new.

A = R1-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>-(CH(R<sub>3</sub>))<sub>n</sub>-, R<sub>1</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH(R<sub>2</sub>)-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>p</sub> (CH(R<sub>3</sub>))<sub>n</sub>-,

R1-CH2-CH(CH2R2)-(CH2)p-(CH(R3))n-, or a group of formula (i)-(iii);  
 m = 0-8;  
 n = 0-1;  
 p = 0-6;  
 R1 = OH, CH2OH, -C2H5OH, 1-3C alkoxy, -CH2OCH3, -C2H5OCH3, OCH2OH,  
 -OC2H4OH, -OCH2OCH3, -OC2H4OCH3, -SH, -CH2SH, C2H5SH, -SCH3, -SC2H5,  
 -CH2SCH3, -C2H5SCH3, NO2, OCH2NH2, -OC2H5NH2, Cl, F, Br or I; where any  
 hydroxy group is optionally protected;  
 R2 = H or as defined for R1; provided that R2 is not H when R1 is  
 alkoxy;  
 R3 = H, Me, Et or CF3;  
 R4 = (CH2)qCH;  
 q = 0-4;  
 R5 = =C or =CH(CH2)sCH;  
 s = 0-3;  
 B = -NHC(O)-, -NHC(S)-, -NHC(O)NH-, -NHS(O)-, -C(O)O-, -C(O)S,  
 C(S)O-, -NHS-, -C(O)NH-, -C(S)NH-, -NHC(S)NH-, -S(O)NH-, OC(O)-, -SC(O)-,  
 -OC(S)- or -SNH-;  
 C = optionally unsaturated 624C hydrocarbon chain;  
 D = a group of formula (iv) or (v); and  
 t = 1-3.

INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are included for the following:

- (a) a method of achieving analgesia by administering (I) or (II);
- (b) a method of developing agonists and antagonists of a vanilloid receptor by obtaining a compound of formula (I) or (II) and testing for its ability to modulate the activity of at least 1 vanilloid receptor, where modulation of activity indicates that the tested compound is an agonist or antagonist of a vanilloid receptor;
- (c) a composition comprising (I) or (II), and optionally a drug; and
- (d) a kit comprising (I) or (II).

ACTIVITY - Antiinflammatory; antigout; antiallergic; dermatological; antipsoriatic; analgesic; antimigraine; antipruritic; antirheumatic; antiarthritic; osteopathic; antiarteriosclerotic; uropathic; antitussive; antiulcer; cardiant; antianginal; antibacterial; immunosuppressive; cerebroprotective; hemostatic; cytostatic; antibacterial; virucide; antiparasitic; vasodilator; antiasthmatic; ophthalmological; vulnerary; vasotropic.

**AM404** induced concentration dependent relaxation in hepatic arteries of the rat. The pEC50 and Emax values were 7.4 plus or minus 0.1 and 97 plus or minus 2% respectively. Pre-treatment of preparations with capsaicin (10 mu M) abolished **AM404**-induced relaxations.

MECHANISM OF ACTION - (I) and (II) are vanilloid receptor modulators.

USE - For treating disorders, diseases and symptoms including inflammation, e.g. neurogenic inflammation, bronchial asthma, arthritis, inflammatory bowel disease, gout, allergic and vasomotor rhinitis, eczema, urticaria (hives) and psoriasis; pain, e.g. nociceptive pain, neurogenic pain, postherpetic pain, pain associated with diabetic neuropathy or chronic peripheral polyneuropathy, stump pain after amputation, postmastectomy pain syndrome, pain associated with osteoarthritis or Gillain-Barres disease, headache (such as migraine or Horton's headache) and itching; allergy or autoimmune disease, e.g. rheumatoid arthritis, conjunctivitis, rhinitis and inflammatory bowel disease; organ dysfunction, e.g. osteoarthritis, nasopharyngeal adenoids, bronchial asthma, atherosclerosis, urge incontinence or bladder hyper-reactivity, cough, gastroduodenal ulcer or other mucosal damage in the gastrointestinal tract, emesis, myocardial infarction, unstable angina, septic shock, hemorrhagic shock, cardiac shock, cerebral vasospasm after subarachnoid hemorrhage, stroke, and benign and malignant tumors; infection, including infection by a bacterium, virus (e.g. herpes virus) or parasite; and wounds.

Dwg.0/7

FS CPI  
 FA AB; GI; DCN

MC CPI: B06-D01; B06-D03; B06-D04; B10-A08; B10-A13A; B10-A13D; B10-B04;  
 B10-D01; B10-D02; B10-D03; B10-E02; B10-E03; B10-E04; B10-G01;  
 B10-G02; B14-A01; B14-A02; B14-A02A3; B14-A03; B14-A04; B14-C01;  
 B14-C02; B14-C03; B14-C09; B14-E05; B14-E08; B14-E10; B14-E10C;  
 B14-F01B; B14-F01D; B14-F02; B14-F07; B14-G02A; B14-G02D; B14-H01;  
 B14-K01; B14-N03; B14-N04; B14-N09; B14-N10; B14-N12; B14-N13;  
 B14-N15; B14-N16; B14-N17; B14-S05; B14-S06

TECH UPTX: 20020128

TECHNOLOGY FOCUS - ORGANIC CHEMISTRY - Preferred Method of Developing Agonists and Antagonists: The agonists and antagonists are obtained by chemical synthesis or from biologically produced mixtures. The method is performed in vitro using cells expressing a recombinant VR1 receptor, and is preferably a high-throughput screening method.

TECHNOLOGY FOCUS - PHARMACEUTICALS - Preferred Composition: A composition comprises **anandamide** or a structurally related lipid and optionally an antiinflammatory drug, pain reliever or antibiotic.

TECHNOLOGY FOCUS - BIOLOGY - Preferred Receptor: The vanilloid receptor is vanilloid receptor 1 (VR1).

ABEX UPTX: 20020128

SPECIFIC COMPOUNDS - The use of 4 compounds is specifically disclosed, e.g. **anandamide** (Ia).

ADMINISTRATION - Administration is by local, epidural or spinal injection, or contact with skin or mucous membrane.

EXAMPLE - No preparative examples are included.

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 14:27:23 ON 11 DEC 2003)  
 SET COST OFF

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 14:27:36 ON 11 DEC 2003

L1 1 S US20020035150/PN OR (WO2001-US16880 OR US2000-206591#)/AP, PRN  
 E PIOMELLI D/AU  
 L2 97 S E3,E4  
 SEL RN  
 SEL RN L1

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:28:55 ON 11 DEC 2003

L3 220 S E1-E220  
 L4 8 S E221-E228  
 L5 7 S L4 NOT UNSPECIFIED  
 L6 212 S L3 NOT L4,L5  
 L7 102 S L6 AND (N AND O)/ELS  
 L8 STR  
 L9 220 S L3,L4,L5  
 L10 2 S L8 SAM SUB=L9  
 L11 35 S L8 FUL SUB=L9  
 L12 17 S L9 AND S/ELS  
 L13 2 S L12 AND F/ELS  
 L14 1 S L13 NOT C6/ES  
 L15 2 S L5 NOT L11,L14  
 L16 51 S L7 AND NR>=1 NOT L11-L15  
 L17 46 S L16 NOT P/ELS  
 L18 10 S L17 AND (C26H43NO3 OR C26H37NO2 OR C26H36CLNO OR C37H39NO OR  
 L19 48 S L11,L14,L15,L18  
 L20 16 S L3 AND (F OR CL OR BR OR I)/ELS NOT L19  
 L21 2 S L3 AND NC2OC2/ES  
 L22 1 S L21 AND 1/NR

L23 0 S L3 AND NCOC2/ES  
 L24 0 S L3 AND NC2OC3/ES  
 L25 48 S L19, L22  
 L26 172 S L9 NOT L25  
 L27 2 S L26 AND (C27H39NO OR C13H27NO2)  
 L28 50 S L25, L27  
     SAV L28 JAGOE864/A  
     SEL RN  
 L29 64 S E229-E278/CRN

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:17:12 ON 11 DEC 2003

L30 68 S L29  
 L31 924 S L5  
 L32 989 S L30, L31  
 L33 77 S AM374 OR AM404 OR AM356 OR AM()(374 OR 404 OR 356)  
 L34 116 S METHANANDAMIDE  
 L35 1109 S ANANDAMIDE OR BM162353 OR BM()(162353 OR 162 353) OR "L734575  
 L36 114 S ARACHIDONYL TRIFLUOROMETHYL KETONE OR ARACHIDONYL()TRIFLUOROM  
 L37 24 S ARACHIDONYLETHANOLAMINE OR ARACHIDONYL ETHANOLAMINE  
 L38 14 S AN20579 OR AN()(20579 OR 20 579) OR HEXADECANESULFONYL FLUORI  
 L39 32 S ARACHIDONYLTRIFLUOROMETHYL KETONE  
 L40 6 S REWOPOL SBC 212P  
 L41 152 S ARACHIDONYLETHANOLAMIDE OR ARACHIDONYL ETHANOLAMIDE  
 L42 1 S GEROPON SBL 203  
 L43 2 S N 2 HYDROXYETHYL ARACHIDONYLAMIDE  
 L44 3 S HYDROXYETHYL ARACHIDONYLAMIDE OR HYDROXYETHYLARACHIDONYLAMIDE  
 L45 1 S VARSULF SBL 203  
 L46 1428 S L32-L45  
 L47 3 S L46 AND ?COUGH?  
     E COUGH/CT  
     E E3+ALL  
 L48 789 S E4  
     E E5+ALL  
 L49 2098 S E5, E4  
 L50 2345 S E4, E5, E6/BI  
 L51 2922 S ?TUSSIV?  
 L52 4 S L46 AND L48-L51  
 L53 5 S L47, L52  
     E AIRWAY/CT  
     E E3+ALL  
 L54 17346 S E2  
     E E2+ALL  
 L55 145599 S E4+NT  
     E E33+ALL  
 L56 3601 S E3, E2+NT  
     E E12+ALL  
 L57 44513 S E4, E3+NT  
     E E32+ALL  
 L58 1298 S E5, E5+NT  
     E RESPIR/CT  
     E E46+ALL  
     E E2+ALL  
 L59 84716 S E4, E3+NT  
 L60 145599 S E264+NT  
 L61 44 S L46 AND L54-L60  
 L62 3 S L53 AND L51  
 L63 2 S L53 NOT L62  
 L64 5 S L62, L63  
     E RESPIRATORY TRACT/  
     E RESPIRATORY TRACT/CT  
 L65 6411 S E6-E18  
     E E6+ALL  
 L66 2513 S E2

E RESPIRATORY TRACT/CT

L67 17346 S E3  
 L68 699 S E34-E37  
 L69 7 S L46 AND L65-L68  
 L70 10 S L64, L69  
 L71 53 S L1, L2 AND L46  
 L72 2 S L71 AND L47-L70  
 L73 10 S L70, L72  
 L74 7 S L46 AND RESPIRATORY TRACT  
 L75 0 S L74 NOT L73  
 L76 10 S L73, L74  
 SEL HIT RN

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:37:16 ON 11 DEC 2003

L77 7 S E1-E7

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:37:38 ON 11 DEC 2003

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:37:45 ON 11 DEC 2003

L78 1 S DE PETROCELLIS ?/AU AND 2000/PY AND (108 AND 1 AND 191)/SO  
 L79 1 S SHAMSUDDIN ?/AU AND 1997/PY AND (130 AND 6 AND 615)/SO  
 L80 1 S STENGEL ?/AU AND 1998/PY AND (355 AND 57)/SO  
 L81 1 S SUGIURA ?/AU AND 2000/PY AND (108 AND 1 AND 89)/SO  
 L82 1 S ZHU ?/AU AND 1999/PY AND (163 AND 6 AND 3423)/SO  
 L83 1 S US4464378/PN  
 L84 6 S L78-L83  
 L85 4 S L84 AND L46  
 L86 6 S L84, L85

FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 15:44:03 ON 11 DEC 2003

L87 1245 S L46  
 E COUGH/CT  
 E E3+ALL  
 L88 6265 S E8+NT  
 E E12+ALL  
 L89 1429 S E12  
 L90 190 S E11  
 E E68+ALL  
 L91 1506 S E7  
 E RESPIRATORY TRACT/  
 E RESPIRATORY TRACT/CT  
 L92 600503 S E6+NT  
 E E3+ALL  
 L93 250481 S E2+NT  
 L94 31 S L87 AND L88-L93  
 L95 14 S L94 AND PY<=2000

FILE 'EMBASE' ENTERED AT 15:48:34 ON 11 DEC 2003

L96 1356 S L46  
 L97 6 S L96 AND ?COUGH?  
 L98 1 S L96 AND ?TUSSIV?  
 L99 4 S L96 AND RESPIRATORY TRACT  
 E RESPIRATORY TRACT/CT  
 E E3+A  
 E E3+ALL  
 L100 28 S L96 AND E2+NT  
 L101 40 S L96 AND E4+NT  
 L102 9 S L96 AND E15+NT  
 L103 0 S L96 AND E17+NT  
 E COUGH/CT  
 E E3+ALL  
 L104 5 S L96 AND E2+NT  
 E E2+ALL

L105 14 S L97,L98,L102,L104 AND L96-L104  
L106 5 S L105 AND PY<=2000

FILE 'BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 15:52:00 ON 11 DEC 2003  
L107 1442 S L46  
L108 809 S L107 AND PY<=2000  
L109 1 S L108 AND ?COUGH?  
L110 40 S L108 AND ?TUSSI?  
L111 0 S L108 AND ?TUSSIV?  
L112 0 S L110 NOT PERTUSS?

FILE 'WPIX' ENTERED AT 15:55:08 ON 11 DEC 2003  
L113 64 S L33/BIX OR L34/BIX OR L35/BIX OR L36/BIX OR L37/BIX OR L38/BI  
E ANANDAMIDE/DCN  
E ARACHIDONYLETHANOLAMINE/DCN  
L114 4 S L113 AND ?COUGH?/BIX  
L115 4 S L113 AND ?TUSSIV?/BIX  
L116 4 S L113 AND (P821 OR P823)/M0,M1,M2,M3,M4,M5,M6  
L117 6 S L113 AND P82?/M0,M1,M2,M3,M4,M5,M6 NOT L116  
L118 343 S A61P011-14/IC, ICM, ICS, ICA, ICI  
L119 0 S L113 AND L118  
L120 1 S A61P011/IC, ICM, ICS, ICA, ICI AND L113  
L121 3 S (B12-K01 OR C12-K01 OR B14-K01B OR C14-K01B)/MC AND L113  
L122 10 S L114-L117,L120,L121  
SEL DN AN 5 7 8  
L123 3 S E1-E7 AND L122

FILE 'WPIX' ENTERED AT 16:05:27 ON 11 DEC 2003

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=> d all hitstr tot 1125

L125 ANSWER-1 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS DUPLICATE 1  
AN 2002:899402 HCAPLUS  
TI Anandamide induces cough in conscious guinea-pigs through VR1 receptors  
AU Jia, Yanlin; McLeod, Robbie L.; Wang, Xin; Parra, Leonard E.; Egan, Robert W.; Hey, John A.  
CS Allergy, Schering-Plough Research Institute, Kenilworth, NJ, 07033, USA  
SO British Journal of Pharmacology (2002), 137(6), 831-836  
CODEN: BJPCBM; ISSN: 0007-1188  
PB Nature Publishing Group  
DT Journal  
LA English  
CC 1 (Pharmacology)  
AB 1 Endogenous neuronal lipid mediator **anandamide**, which can be synthesized in the lung, is a ligand of both **cannabinoid** (CB) and vanilloid receptors (VR). The **tussigenic** effect of **anandamide** has not been studied. The current study was designed to test the direct **tussigenic** effect of **anandamide** in conscious guinea-pigs, and its effect on VR1 receptor function in isolated primary guinea-pig nodose ganglia neurons. 2 **Anandamide** (0.3 - 3 mg.cndot.ml-1), when given by aerosol, induced **cough** in conscious guinea-pigs in a concn. dependent manner. When guinea-pigs were pretreated with capsazepine, a VR1 antagonist, the **anandamide**-induced **cough** was significantly inhibited. Pretreatment with CB1 (SR 141716A) and CB2 (SR 144528) antagonists had no effect on **anandamide**-induced **cough**. These results indicate that **anandamide**-induced **cough** is mediated through the activation of VR1 receptors. 3 **Anandamide** (10 - 100 .mu.M) increased intracellular Ca<sup>2+</sup> concn. estd. by Fluo-4 fluorescence change in isolated guinea-pig nodose ganglia cells. The **anandamide**-induced Ca<sup>2+</sup> response was inhibited by two different VR1 antagonists: capsazepine (1 .mu.M) and ibuprofen (I-RTX, 0.1 .mu.M), indicating that **anandamide**-induced Ca<sup>2+</sup> response was through VR1 channel activation. In contrast, the CB1 (SR 141716A, 1 .mu.M) and CB2 (SR 144528, 0.1 .mu.M) receptor antagonists had no effect on Ca<sup>2+</sup> response to **anandamide**. 4 In conclusion, these results provide evidence that **anandamide** activates native vanilloid receptors in isolated guinea-pig nodose ganglia cells and induces **cough** through activation of VR1 receptors.

RE.CNT 29 THERE ARE 29 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

RE

- (1) Barnes, P; Molec Aspects Med 1990, V11, P351 MEDLINE
- (2) Bolser, D; Neurosci Lett 1991, V126, P131 HCAPLUS
- (3) Calignano, A; Nature 2000, V408, P96 HCAPLUS
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L125 ANSWER 2 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS DUPLICATE 2  
 AN 2000:802719 HCAPLUS  
 DN 134:95328 *Bad date*  
 TI Bidirectional control of airway responsiveness by endogenous cannabinoids  
 AU Calignano, A.; Katona, I.; Desarnaud, F.; Giuffrida, A.; La Rana, G.; Mackie, K.; Freund, T. F.; Piomelli, D.  
 CS Department of Pharmacology, University of Naples, Naples, 80131, Italy  
 SO Nature (London) (2000), 408(6808), 96-101  
 CODEN: NATUAS; ISSN: 0028-0836  
 PB Nature Publishing Group  
 DT Journal  
 LA English  
 CC 1-9 (Pharmacology)  
 Section cross-reference(s): 13  
 AB Smoking marijuana or administration of its main active constituent, .DELTA.9-tetrahydrocannabinol (.DELTA.9-THC), may exert potent dilating effects on human airways. But the physiol. significance of this observation and its potential therapeutic value are obscured by the fact that some asthmatic patients respond to these compds. with a paradoxical bronchospasm. The mechanisms underlying these contrasting responses remain unresolved. Here we show that the endogenous cannabinoid anandamide exerts dual effects on bronchial responsiveness in rodents: it strongly inhibits bronchospasm and cough evoked by the chem. irritant, capsaicin, but causes bronchospasm when the constricting tone. exerted by the vagus nerve is removed. Both effects are mediated through peripheral CB1 cannabinoid receptors found on axon terminals of airway nerves. Biochem. analyses indicate that anandamide is synthesized in lung tissue on calcium-ion stimulation, suggesting that locally generated anandamide participates in the intrinsic control of airway responsiveness. In support of this conclusion, the CB1 antagonist SR141716A enhances capsaicin-evoked bronchospasm and cough. Our results may account for the contrasting bronchial actions of cannabis-like drugs in humans, and provide a framework for the development of more selective cannabinoid-based agents for the treatment of respiratory pathologies.  
 ST anandamide airway bidirectional responsiveness

IT **cannabinoid receptor**  
 IT **Cannabinoid receptors**  
 RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL  
 (Biological study); PROC (Process)  
 (CB1; bidirectional control of airway  
 responsiveness by endogenous cannabinoids)

IT **Respiratory tract**  
 (bidirectional control of airway responsiveness by endogenous  
 cannabinoids)

IT **94421-68-8, Anandamide**  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological  
 study, unclassified); MFM (Metabolic formation); BIOL (Biological study);  
 FORM (Formation, nonpreparative)  
 (bidirectional control of airway responsiveness by endogenous  
 cannabinoids)

RE.CNT 30 THERE ARE 30 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

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IT **94421-68-8, Anandamide**

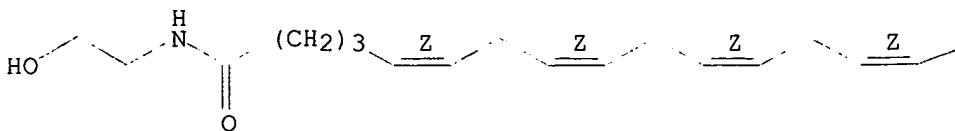
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological  
 study, unclassified); MFM (Metabolic formation); BIOL (Biological study);  
 FORM (Formation, nonpreparative)  
 (bidirectional control of airway responsiveness by endogenous  
 cannabinoids)

RN 94421-68-8 HCPLUS

CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



L125 ANSWER 3 OF 8 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS DUPLICATE 3  
AN 1998:511815 HCPLUS  
DN 129:285829  
TI Pulmonary actions of **anandamide**, an endogenous cannabinoid receptor agonist, in guinea pigs  
AU Stengel, Peter W.; Rippy, Marian K.; Cockerham, Sandra L.; Devane, William A.; Silbaugh, Steven A.  
CS Neuroscience Research, Lilly Research Laboratories, Eli Lilly, Lilly Corporate Center, Indianapolis, IN, USA  
SO European Journal of Pharmacology (1998), 355(1), 57-66  
CODEN: EJPRAZ; ISSN: 0014-2999  
PB Elsevier Science B.V.  
DT Journal  
LA English  
CC 1-9 (Pharmacology)  
AB **Anandamide (arachidonylethanolamide)** was tested for **bronchodilator** and anti-inflammatory activities. Conscious guinea pigs were given cumulative i.v. doses of **anandamide** (1.0, 3.0, and 10.0 mg/kg) to assess its effect on dynamic compliance (Cdyn), total pulmonary resistance (RL), tidal vol. (VT) and breathing frequency (f). Other guinea pigs were exposed to an aerosol of A23187 (6S-[6.alpha.(2S\*,3S\*),8.beta.(R\*)],9.beta.,11.alpha.]-5-(methylamino)-2-[[3,9,11-trimethyl-8-[1-methyl-2-oxo-2-(1H-pyrrol-2-yl)ethyl]-1,7-dioxaspiro[5.5]undec-2-yl)methyl]-4-benzoxazolecarboxylic acid) until Cdyn decreased by 50% (.apprx.5 min) and at 20 min, cumulative i.v. doses of **anandamide** (1.0, 3.0, and 10.0 mg/kg) were administered and reversal of Cdyn examd. After the final dose of **anandamide**, the animals were killed and excised lung gas vols. (ELGV), i.e., pulmonary gas trapping, measured. Other animals were treated i.v. with **anandamide** (10.0 mg/kg), exposed to an aerosol of A23187 until labored breathing began, and then killed 1 h later. **Anandamide** did not significantly affect Cdyn, RL, VT and f. ELGV values of **anandamide**-treated guinea pigs were not different from those of vehicle-treated animals. **Anandamide** failed to reverse A23187-induced decreases in Cdyn and to reduce A23187-assocd. ELGV increases. Also, it did not prevent the prolonged **airway** obstruction caused by A23187. Histol. evaluation revealed that **anandamide** significantly reduced A23187-related **airway** epithelial injury and pulmonary leukocytosis. However, it did not prevent A23187-induced **peribronchiolar** granulocytic accumulation. Our results suggest that *in vivo* **anandamide** has minimal direct **airway** smooth muscle-related actions, however it may possess modest anti-inflammatory properties.  
ST lung injury A23187 **anandamide**  
IT Respiratory tract

(epithelium, A23187-induced injury; pulmonary actions of anandamide in guinea pigs with A23187-induced injury)

IT Anti-inflammatory agents

**Lung**

(pulmonary actions of anandamide in guinea pigs with A23187-induced injury)

IT 94421-68-8, Anandamide

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(pulmonary actions of anandamide in guinea pigs with A23187-induced injury)

RE.CNT 38 THERE ARE 38 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

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IT 94421-68-8, Anandamide

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

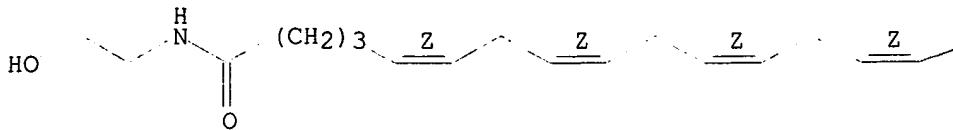
(pulmonary actions of anandamide in guinea pigs with A23187-induced injury)

RN 94421-68-8 HCPLUS

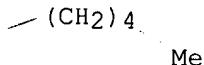
CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



L125 ANSWER 4 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

AN 2001:868275 HCAPLUS

DN 136:648

TI Cannabinoid receptor agonists for treatment of **cough** without psychoactive effects

IN Piomelli, Daniele

PA The Regents of the University of California, USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 63 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM A61L009-04

ICS A61K031-135; A61K031-13

CC 1-9 (**Pharmacology**)

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2001089589	A1	20011129	WO 2001-US16880	20010523 <--
	W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
	RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	US 2002035150	A1	20020321	US 2001-864920	20010523 <--

PRAI US 2000-206591P P 20000523

OS MARPAT 136:648

AB The invention discloses the existence of **cannabinoid** receptors in the **airways**, which are functionally linked to inhibition of **cough**. A method of ameliorating **cough** comprising the local administration to the upper **respiratory airways** of a subject in need of such treatment of **cannabinoid** compds.

e.g.  $\text{RC(O)X[C(R3)(R4)]nR2}$  where  $[\text{X}=\text{NR1}, \text{O}; \text{R} = (\text{un})\text{satd.}, (\text{a})\text{chiral}, (\text{a})\text{cyclic}, (\text{un})\text{substituted}, \text{C11-29 hydrocarbyl}; \text{R1, R3, R4} = \text{C1-4 alkyl, C2-4 alkenyl, C2-4 alkynyl, C3-6 cycloalkyl, C2-4 hydroxyalkyl; R2=OH, OC(O)(C1-4 alkyl); n=2-4}]$ . Locally acting **cannabinoid** agents can be administered to the **airways** of a subject to ameliorate **cough**, without causing the psychoactive effects characteristic of systemically administered **cannabinoids**. In addn., locally or systemically administered **cannabinoid** inactivation inhibitors can also be used to ameliorate **cough**. The present invention also defines conditions under which **cannabinoid** agents can be

administered to produce anti-tussive effects devoid of bronchial constriction.

ST cannabinoid receptor agonist antitussive cough  
bronchial constriction

IT Drug delivery systems  
(aerosols; cannabinoid receptor agonists for treatment of cough without psychoactive effects)

IT Bronchi  
(bronchoconstriction; cannabinoid receptor agonists for treatment of cough without psychoactive effects)

IT Antitussives  
(cannabinoid receptor agonists for treatment of cough without psychoactive effects)

IT Neoplasm  
(induced cough; cannabinoid receptor agonists for treatment of cough without psychoactive effects)

IT Drug delivery systems  
(injections, i.v.; cannabinoid receptor agonists for treatment of cough without psychoactive effects)

IT Drug delivery systems  
(local; cannabinoid receptor agonists for treatment of cough without psychoactive effects)

IT Drug delivery systems  
(oral; cannabinoid receptor agonists for treatment of cough without psychoactive effects)

IT Cannabinoid receptors  
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)  
(type CB1; cannabinoid receptor agonists for treatment of cough without psychoactive effects)

IT Respiratory tract  
(upper; cannabinoid receptor agonists for treatment of cough without psychoactive effects)

IT 86855-26-7, 1-Hexadecanesulfonyl fluoride 94421-68-8,  
Anandamide 149301-79-1 150314-35-5  
157182-49-5 183718-77-6 187223-90-1  
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(cannabinoid receptor agonists for treatment of cough without psychoactive effects)

IT 9015-82-1, ACE  
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)  
(inhibitor-induced cough; cannabinoid receptor agonists for treatment of cough without psychoactive effects)

RE.CNT 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

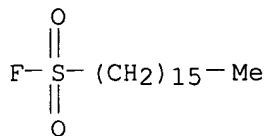
RE

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- (6) Zhu; Journal of Immunology 1999, V163(6), P3423 HCAPLUS

IT 86855-26-7, 1-Hexadecanesulfonyl fluoride 94421-68-8,  
Anandamide 149301-79-1 150314-35-5  
157182-49-5 183718-77-6 187223-90-1  
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(cannabinoid receptor agonists for treatment of cough without psychoactive effects)

RN 86855-26-7 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Hexadecanesulfonyl fluoride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

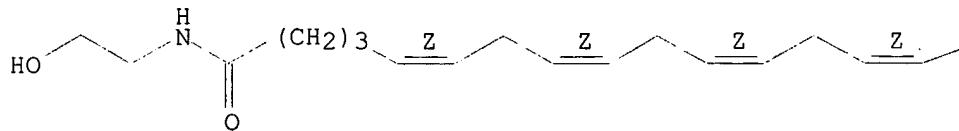


RN 94421-68-8 HCAPLUS

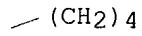
CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

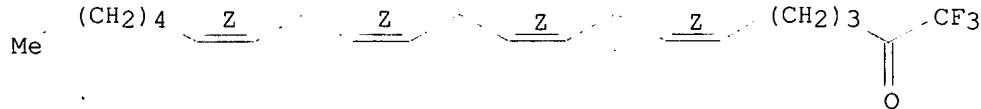


Me

RN 149301-79-1 HCAPLUS

CN 6,9,12,15-Heneicosatetraen-2-one, 1,1,1-trifluoro-, (6Z,9Z,12Z,15Z)- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

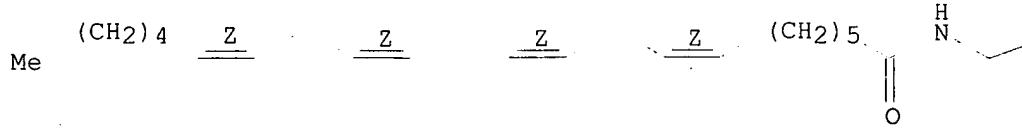


RN 150314-35-5 HCAPLUS

CN 7,10,13,16-Docosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (7Z,10Z,13Z,16Z)-  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

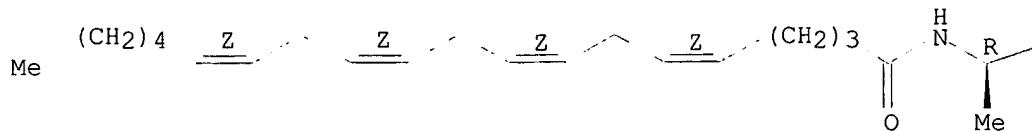
OH

RN 157182-49-5 HCAPLUS

CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-[(1R)-2-hydroxy-1-methylethyl]-,  
(5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).  
Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

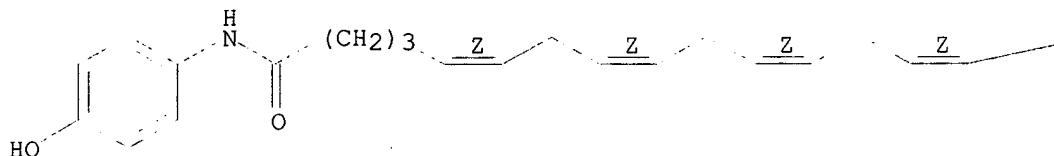
OH

RN 183718-77-6 HCAPLUS

CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

-- (CH2)4

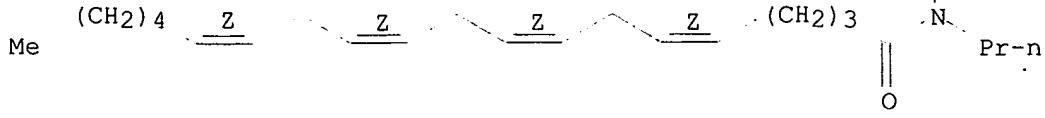
Me

RN 187223-90-1 HCAPLUS

CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-N-propyl-,  
(5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

OH

L125 ANSWER 5 OF 8 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

AN 2001:833079 HCPLUS

DN 135:352838

TI **Anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators

IN Hogestatt, Edward; Zygmunt, Peter

PA Forskarpatent I Syd AB, Swed.

SO PCT Int. Appl., 107 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM A61K031-16

ICS A61K031-167; A61K031-232

CC 1-12 (Pharmacology)

FAN.CNT 2

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2001085158	A2	20011115	WO 2001-IB1267	20010508
	WO 2001085158	A3	20020613		
	W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
	RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			

PRAI US 2000-567034 A 20000508

OS MARPAT 135:352838

AB The invention discloses that **anandamide** is an endogenous ligand for vanilloid receptors, and esp. the vanilloid receptor VR1. Other structurally related lipids, such as **AM404**, 1-arachidonylglycerol, and 2-arachidonylglycerol, are identified having vanilloid receptor activity as well. Methods of treating individuals suffering from, or at risk of suffering from, diseases and disorders assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function are provided, as are methods of designing and identifying vanilloid receptor agonists and antagonists.ST **anandamide** lipid analog vanilloid receptor modulator

IT Nervous system

(Guillain-Barre syndrome, treatment of pain assocd. with; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

- IT Capsaicin receptors  
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)  
(VR1 (vanilloid receptor 1); **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Nose  
(allergic rhinitis; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Leg  
(amputation, treatment of pain assocd. with; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Allergy inhibitors  
Analgesics  
Anti-inflammatory agents  
Antiarthritis  
Antiasthmatics  
Antiemetics  
Antimigraine agents  
Antirheumatic agents  
Antitumor agents  
**Antitussives**  
Antiulcer agents  
Autoimmune disease  
Drug delivery systems  
Eczema  
Gout  
Infection  
Pain  
Psoriasis  
Urticaria  
Wound healing promoters  
(**anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Capsaicin receptors  
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)  
(**anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Heart, disease  
(angina pectoris, unstable; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Antiarteriosclerotics  
(antiatherosclerotics; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Infection  
(bacterial; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Shock (circulatory collapse)  
(cardiogenic; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Brain, disease

- (cerebrum, vasospasm, from subarachnoid hemorrhage; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Headache  
(cluster, treatment of pain assocd. with; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Eye, disease  
(conjunctivitis; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Digestive tract  
(disease, mucosal damage; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Organ, animal  
(disease; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Shock (circulatory collapse)  
(hemorrhagic; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Bladder  
(incontinence; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Heart, disease  
(infarction; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Human herpesvirus  
(infection; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Intestine, disease  
(inflammatory; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Mammary gland  
Surgery  
(mastectomy, treatment of pain assocd. with; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Pharynx  
(nasopharynx, adenoids; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Adenoid  
(nasopharynx; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Nerve, disease  
(neuralgia; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Inflammation  
(neurogenic; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

- IT Pain  
(nociceptive; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Infection  
(parasite; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Nerve, disease  
(peripheral neuropathy, treatment of pain assocd. with; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Nerve, disease  
(polyneuropathy, chronic peripheral, treatment of pain assocd. with; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Nose  
(rhinitis, vasomotor; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Nose  
(rhinitis; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Shock (circulatory collapse)  
(septic; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Brain, disease  
(stroke; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Meninges  
(subarachnoid hemorrhage, cerebral vasospasm from; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Headache
- Osteoarthritis
- Pruritus  
(treatment of pain assocd. with; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Infection  
(viral; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT 35474-99-8 53847-30-6, 2-Arachidonylglycerol **94421-68-8**,  
**Anandamide 183718-77-6, AM 404**  
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(**anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT **94421-68-8, Anandamide 183718-77-6, AM 404**  
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

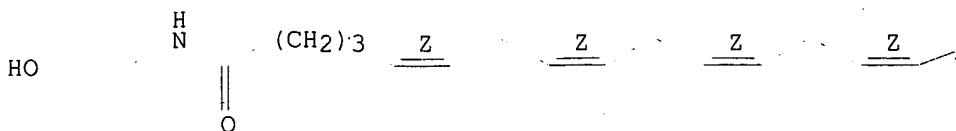
(anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

RN 94421-68-8 HCPLUS

CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

—(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>

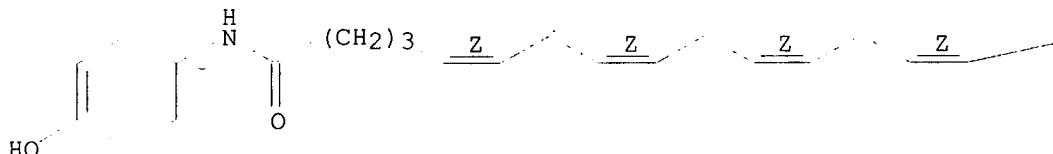
Me

RN 183718-77-6 HCPLUS

CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

—(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>

Me

L125 ANSWER 6 OF 8 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

AN 2001:216437 HCPLUS

DN 135:28940

TI The endogenous cannabinoid agonist, anandamide stimulates sensory nerves in guinea-pig airways

AU Tucker, R. C.; Kagaya, M.; Page, C. P.; Spina, D.

CS The Sackler Institute of Pulmonary Pharmacology, Division of Pharmacology and Therapeutics, GKT School of Biomedical Sciences, King's College London, London, SE1 9RT, UK

SO British Journal of Pharmacology (2001), 132(5), 1127-1135  
CODEN: BJPCBM; ISSN: 0007-1188

PB Nature Publishing Group

DT Journal

LA English

- CC 1-11 (Pharmacology)  
Section cross-reference(s): 2, 13
- AB The endogenous **cannabinoid** agonist, **anandamide** produced a modest contractile response in guinea-pig isolated **bronchus** compared with the vanilloid receptor agonist capsaicin. The contractile response to both **anandamide** and capsaicin was inhibited by the vanilloid receptor antagonist, capsazepine. Furthermore, the NK2-selective antagonist, SR48968 but not the NK1-selective antagonist, SR140333 inhibited contractile responses to **anandamide**. The contractile response to **anandamide** was abolished in tissues desensitized by capsaicin. However, **anandamide** failed to cross-desensitize the contractile response to capsaicin. The contractile response to **anandamide** was not significantly altered in the presence of the CB1 receptor antagonist, SR141716A, nor the amidase inhibitor, phenylmethylsulfonyl fluoride (PMSF) but was significantly increased in the presence of the neutral endopeptidase inhibitor, thiorphan. The **cannabinoid** agonist, CP55,940 failed to significantly attenuate the excitatory non-adrenergic non-cholinergic (eNANC) response in guinea-pig **airways**. In contrast, the ORL1 receptor agonist, nociceptin, significantly inhibited this response. The results demonstrate that **anandamide** induces a modest contractile response in guinea-pig isolated **bronchus** that is dependent upon the activation of vanilloid receptors on **airway** sensory nerves. However, **cannabinoid** receptors do not appear to play a role in this regard, nor in regulating the release of neuropeptides from **airway** sensory nerves under physiol. conditions.
- ST **anandamide** vanilloid receptor sensory nerve **bronchus** contraction; endopeptidase NK2 tachykinin receptor **anandamide** **bronchus** contraction; ORL1 opioid receptor nonadrenergic noncholinergic neuromuscular transmission **bronchus** contraction
- IT Tachykinin receptors  
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)  
(NK2; endogenous **cannabinoid** agonist **anandamide** in stimulation of contractile response in guinea-pig isolated **bronchus** dependent on activation of vanilloid receptors on **airway** sensory nerves in relation to)
- IT Opioid receptors  
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)  
(ORL1; endogenous **cannabinoid** agonist **anandamide** in stimulation of contractile response in guinea-pig isolated **bronchus** dependent on activation of vanilloid receptors on **airway** sensory nerves in relation to)
- IT Bronchi  
Muscle contraction  
(endogenous **cannabinoid** agonist **anandamide** in stimulation of contractile response in guinea-pig isolated **bronchus** dependent on activation of vanilloid receptors on **airway** sensory nerves)
- IT Capsaicin receptors  
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)  
(endogenous **cannabinoid** agonist **anandamide** in stimulation of contractile response in guinea-pig isolated **bronchus** dependent on activation of vanilloid receptors on **airway** sensory nerves)
- IT Neuromuscular transmission  
(nonadrenergic-noncholinergic; endogenous **cannabinoid** agonist **anandamide** in stimulation of contractile response in guinea-pig isolated **bronchus** dependent on activation of vanilloid receptors on **airway** sensory nerves in relation to)
- IT Nerve

(sensory; endogenous cannabinoid agonist anandamide in stimulation of contractile response in guinea-pig isolated bronchus dependent on activation of vanilloid receptors on airway sensory nerves)

IT 94421-68-8, Anandamide

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (endogenous cannabinoid agonist anandamide in stimulation of contractile response in guinea-pig isolated bronchus dependent on activation of vanilloid receptors on airway sensory nerves)

IT 82707-54-8, Neutral endopeptidase

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process) (endogenous cannabinoid agonist anandamide in stimulation of contractile response in guinea-pig isolated bronchus dependent on activation of vanilloid receptors on airway sensory nerves in relation to)

RE.CNT 46 THERE ARE 46 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

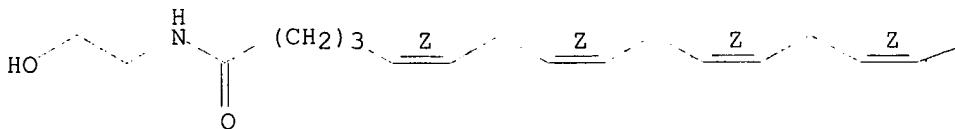
RE

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 IT 94421-68-8, Anandamide  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)  
 (endogenous cannabinoid agonist anandamide in stimulation of contractile response in guinea-pig isolated bronchus dependent on activation of vanilloid receptors on airway sensory nerves)  
 RN 94421-68-8 HCAPLUS  
 CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

— (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>

Me

- L125 ANSWER 7 OF 8 EMBASE COPYRIGHT 2003 ELSEVIER SCI. B.V.  
 AN 2002368437 EMBASE  
 TI Recent advances in the cannabinoids.  
 AU Adam J.; Cowley P.  
 CS P. Cowley, Organon Laboratories Ltd., Newhouse, Lanarkshire ML1 5SH, United Kingdom. p.cowley@organon.co.uk  
 SO Expert Opinion on Therapeutic Patents, (1 Oct 2002) 12/10 (1475-1489).  
 Refs: 57  
 ISSN: 1354-3776 CODEN: EOTPEG  
 CY United Kingdom  
 DT Journal; General Review  
 FS 003 Endocrinology  
 008 Neurology and Neurosurgery  
 030 Pharmacology  
 037 Drug Literature Index  
 038 Adverse Reactions Titles  
 039 Pharmacy  
 LA English  
 SL English  
 AB This article gives an overview of recent advances in the field of cannabinoid research, with an emphasis on patent literature. The review covers the period from January 2000 to July 2002. The period up to the year 2000 was previously reviewed by Goya and Jagerovic in this journal [1]. In addition to compounds acting directly at the cannabinoid receptor, recent advances in regulation of the endocannabinoid system are also discussed.  
 CT Medical Descriptors:  
 drug receptor binding

binding affinity  
drug structure  
structure activity relation  
chemotherapy induced emesis: DT, drug therapy  
chemotherapy induced emesis: PC, prevention  
chemotherapy induced emesis: SI, side effect  
sedation  
cognitive defect: SI, side effect  
xerostomia: SI, side effect  
ataxia: SI, side effect  
hypotension: SI, side effect  
tachycardia: SI, side effect  
drug delivery system  
drug inhibition  
neuroprotection  
antiinflammatory activity  
tranquilizing activity  
antineoplastic activity  
brain injury: DT, drug therapy  
obesity: DT, drug therapy  
neuropathy: DT, drug therapy  
pain: DT, drug therapy  
degenerative disease: DT, drug therapy  
**coughing: DT, drug therapy**  
immunopathology: DT, drug therapy  
human  
nonhuman  
mouse  
rat  
clinical trial  
controlled study  
animal tissue  
review

**Drug Descriptors:**

\*cannabinoid derivative: AE, adverse drug reaction  
\*cannabinoid derivative: CT, clinical trial  
\*cannabinoid derivative: AN, drug analysis  
\*cannabinoid derivative: CM, drug comparison  
\*cannabinoid derivative: DV, drug development  
\*cannabinoid derivative: DT, drug therapy  
\*cannabinoid derivative: PK, pharmacokinetics  
\*cannabinoid derivative: PD, pharmacology  
\*cannabinoid derivative: IP, intraperitoneal drug administration  
\*cannabinoid derivative: PO, oral drug administration  
\*cannabinoid receptor: EC, endogenous compound  
cannabinoid 1 receptor: EC, endogenous compound  
cannabinoid 2 receptor: EC, endogenous compound  
**anandamide: AN, drug analysis**  
**anandamide: CM, drug comparison**  
**anandamide: DT, drug therapy**  
**anandamide: PD, pharmacology**  
2 arachidonoylglycerol: AN, drug analysis  
2 arachidonoylglycerol: CM, drug comparison  
2 arachidonoylglycerol: DT, drug therapy  
2 arachidonoylglycerol: PD, pharmacology  
noladin ether: AN, drug analysis  
noladin ether: CM, drug comparison  
noladin ether: PD, pharmacology  
virodhamine: AN, drug analysis  
virodhamine: CM, drug comparison  
virodhamine: PD, pharmacology  
cannabinoid receptor agonist: AE, adverse drug reaction  
cannabinoid receptor agonist: AN, drug analysis

cannabinoid receptor agonist: CM, drug comparison  
cannabinoid receptor agonist: DV, drug development  
cannabinoid receptor agonist: DT, drug therapy  
cannabinoid receptor agonist: PR, pharmaceutics  
cannabinoid receptor agonist: PD, pharmacology  
cannabinoid receptor agonist: PO, oral drug administration  
dronabinol: AE, adverse drug reaction  
dronabinol: AN, drug analysis  
dronabinol: CM, drug comparison  
dronabinol: DT, drug therapy  
dronabinol: PO, oral drug administration  
nabilone: AE, adverse drug reaction  
nabilone: AN, drug analysis  
nabilone: CM, drug comparison  
nabilone: DT, drug therapy  
nabilone: PO, oral drug administration  
ketone derivative: AE, adverse drug reaction  
ketone derivative: AN, drug analysis  
ketone derivative: CM, drug comparison  
ketone derivative: DT, drug therapy  
ketone derivative: PO, oral drug administration  
antiinfective agent: AE, adverse drug reaction  
cannabidiol: AN, drug analysis  
cannabidiol: CM, drug comparison  
cannabidiol: PD, pharmacology  
cannabidiol derivative: AN, drug analysis  
cannabidiol derivative: CM, drug comparison  
cannabidiol derivative: PD, pharmacology  
4 (1,1 dimethylheptyl) 1',2',3',4',5',6' hexahydro 2,3' dihydroxy 6' (3 hydroxypropyl)biphenyl: AN, drug analysis  
4 (1,1 dimethylheptyl) 1',2',3',4',5',6' hexahydro 2,3' dihydroxy 6' (3 hydroxypropyl)biphenyl: CM, drug comparison  
4 (1,1 dimethylheptyl) 1',2',3',4',5',6' hexahydro 2,3' dihydroxy 6' (3 hydroxypropyl)biphenyl: PD, pharmacology  
2,3 dihydro 5 methyl 3 (morpholinomethyl) 6 (1 naphthoyl)pyrrolo[1,2,3 de] [1,4]benzoxazine: AN, drug analysis  
2,3 dihydro 5 methyl 3 (morpholinomethyl) 6 (1 naphthoyl)pyrrolo[1,2,3 de] [1,4]benzoxazine: CM, drug comparison  
2,3 dihydro 5 methyl 3 (morpholinomethyl) 6 (1 naphthoyl)pyrrolo[1,2,3 de] [1,4]benzoxazine: PD, pharmacology  
5 (4 chlorophenyl) 1 (2,4 dichlorophenyl) 4 methyl n (1 piperidyl) 1h pyrazole 3 carboxamide: CT, clinical trial  
5 (4 chlorophenyl) 1 (2,4 dichlorophenyl) 4 methyl n (1 piperidyl) 1h pyrazole 3 carboxamide: AN, drug analysis  
5 (4 chlorophenyl) 1 (2,4 dichlorophenyl) 4 methyl n (1 piperidyl) 1h pyrazole 3 carboxamide: CM, drug comparison  
5 (4 chlorophenyl) 1 (2,4 dichlorophenyl) 4 methyl n (1 piperidyl) 1h pyrazole 3 carboxamide: DT, drug therapy  
5 (4 chlorophenyl) 1 (2,4 dichlorophenyl) 4 methyl n (1 piperidyl) 1h pyrazole 3 carboxamide: PD, pharmacology  
5 (4 chlorophenyl) 1 (2,4 dichlorophenyl) 4 methyl n (1 piperidyl) 1h pyrazole 3 carboxamide: IP, intraperitoneal drug administration  
5 (4 chlorophenyl) 1 (2,4 dichlorophenyl) 4 methyl n (1 piperidyl) 1h pyrazole 3 carboxamide: PO, oral drug administration  
dexanabinol: CT, clinical trial  
dexanabinol: AN, drug analysis  
dexanabinol: CM, drug comparison  
dexanabinol: DT, drug therapy  
dexanabinol: PD, pharmacology  
hu 308: AN, drug analysis  
hu 308: CM, drug comparison  
hu 308: PD, pharmacology  
am 1703: AN, drug analysis

am 1703: CM, drug comparison  
 am 1703: PD, pharmacology  
 tetrahydrocannabinol: AN, drug analysis  
 tetrahydrocannabinol: CM, drug comparison  
 tetrahydrocannabinol: PD, pharmacology  
 ajulemic acid: CT, clinical trial  
 ajulemic acid: AN, drug analysis  
 ajulemic acid: CM, drug comparison  
 ajulemic acid: DT, drug therapy  
 ajulemic acid: PD, pharmacology  
 am 694: AN, drug analysis  
 am 694: CM, drug comparison  
 am 694: PD, pharmacology  
 am 2230: AN, drug analysis  
 am 2230: CM, drug comparison  
 am 2230: PD, pharmacology  
 cannabinoid receptor antagonist: AN, drug analysis  
 cannabinoid receptor antagonist: CM, drug comparison  
 cannabinoid receptor antagonist: DT, drug therapy  
 cannabinoid receptor antagonist: PD, pharmacology  
 cp 55 940: AN, drug analysis  
 cp 55 940: CM, drug comparison  
 cp 55 940: DV, drug development  
 cp 55 940: PD, pharmacology  
 5 (4 chloro 3 methylphenyl) 1 (4 methylbenzyl) n (1,3,3  
 trimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan 2 yl) 3 pyrazolecarboxamide: AN, drug  
 analysis  
 5 (4 chloro 3 methylphenyl) 1 (4 methylbenzyl) n (1,3,3  
 trimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan 2 yl) 3 pyrazolecarboxamide: CM, drug  
 comparison  
 5 (4 chloro 3 methylphenyl) 1 (4 methylbenzyl) n (1,3,3  
 trimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan 2 yl) 3 pyrazolecarboxamide: PD,  
 pharmacology  
 6 iodo 3 (4 methoxybenzoyl) 2 methyl 1 (2 morpholinoethyl)indole: CM, drug  
 comparison  
 6 iodo 3 (4 methoxybenzoyl) 2 methyl 1 (2 morpholinoethyl)indole: PD,  
 pharmacology  
 unindexed drug  
 unclassified drug  
**RN**  
 (anandamide) 94421-68-8; (dronabinol) 7663-50-5;  
 (nabilone) 51022-71-0; (cannabidiol) 13956-29-1; (4 (1,1 dimethylheptyl)  
 1',2',3',4',5',6' hexahydro 2,3' dihydroxy 6' (3 hydroxypropyl)biphenyl)  
 83003-12-7; (2,3 dihydro 5 methyl 3 (morpholinomethyl) 6 (1  
 naphthoyl)pyrrolo[1,2,3 de][1,4]benzoxazine) 134959-51-6; (5 (4  
 chlorophenyl) 1 (2,4 dichlorophenyl) 4 methyl n (1 piperidyl) 1h pyrazole  
 3 carboxamide) 158681-13-1; (dexanabinol) 112924-45-5;  
 (tetrahydrocannabinol) 1972-08-3; (ajulemic acid) 137945-48-3; (5 (4  
 chloro 3 methylphenyl) 1 (4 methylbenzyl) n (1,3,3  
 trimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan 2 yl) 3 pyrazolecarboxamide) 192703-06-3; (6  
 iodo 3 (4 methoxybenzoyl) 2 methyl 1 (2 morpholinoethyl)indole)  
 164178-33-0  
**CN**  
 (1) Marinol; (2) Cesamet; (3) Cp 55 940; (4) Hu 308; (5) Sr 144528; (6) Sr  
 141716a; Hu 210; Am 1703; Ct 3; Am 694; Am 2230; Am 630  
**CO**  
 (1) Unimed Pharmaceutical; (2) Cambridge Laboratories; (3) Pfizer; (4)  
 Yissum; (6) Sanofi Synthelabo

L125 ANSWER 8 OF 8 EMBASE COPYRIGHT 2003 ELSEVIER SCI. B.V.

**AN** 2002241557 EMBASE

**TI** Cough: Potential pharmacological developments.

**AU** Chung K.F.

**CS** Dr. K.F. Chung, National Heart and Lung Institute, Imperial College, Royal  
 Brompton/Harefield NHS Trust, Dovehouse Street, London SW3 6LY, United  
 Kingdom. f.chung@ic.ac.uk

SO Expert Opinion on Investigational Drugs, (2002) 11/7 (955-963).  
Refs: 79  
ISSN: 1354-3784 CODEN: EOIDER

CY United Kingdom  
DT Journal; General Review  
FS 011 Otorhinolaryngology  
015 Chest Diseases, Thoracic Surgery and Tuberculosis  
030 Pharmacology  
037 Drug Literature Index  
038 Adverse Reactions Titles

LA English  
SL English

AB Cough is an important defensive reflex of the upper airway and is also a very common symptom of respiratory disease. Cough following an upper respiratory viral infection is transient, and persistent cough is associated with a whole range of conditions, such as asthma, rhino-sinusitis and gastro-oesophageal reflux. Treatment directed at these conditions may improve the associated cough. There is often a need, however, to control cough itself whatever the cause. The most effective drugs in this class are the opioids, such as morphine, codeine or pholcodeine, but at effective doses they have side effects including drowsiness, nausea, constipation and physical dependence. Investigations into the cough reflex and into the potential mechanisms of sensitised cough reflex have uncovered several potential targets for novel drugs. New opioids apart from .mu.-agonists such as .kappa.- and .delta.-receptor agonists, have been developed, in addition to non-opioids such as nociceptin. Neurokinin receptor antagonists, bradykinin receptor antagonists, vanilloid receptor VR-1 antagonists may be beneficial by blocking effects of tachykinins and sensory nerve activation. Local anaesthetics, blockers of sodium-dependent channels and maxi-K Ca(2+)-dependent channel activators of afferent nerves are inhibitors of the cough reflex. Some of these novel agents may act centrally or peripherally or at both sites as antitussives. Large scale trials of these novel compounds have not been carried out in cough in man but there is a serious need for more effective antitussives devoid of side effects.

CT Medical Descriptors:  
\*coughing: DT, drug therapy  
\*coughing: ET, etiology  
symptomatology  
respiratory tract disease  
upper respiratory tract infection  
virus infection  
disease association  
asthma  
rhinosinusitis  
gastroesophageal reflux  
drug efficacy  
dose response  
drowsiness: SI, side effect  
nausea: SI, side effect  
constipation: SI, side effect  
drug dependence: SI, side effect  
drug targeting  
drug mechanism  
sensory stimulation  
drug antagonism  
respiration depression: SI, side effect  
diuresis  
sedation  
human  
nonhuman  
clinical trial

animal experiment

animal model

controlled study

review

Drug Descriptors:

\*antitussive agent: AE, adverse drug reaction

\*antitussive agent: CT, clinical trial

\*antitussive agent: CB, drug combination

\*antitussive agent: DV, drug development

\*antitussive agent: DO, drug dose

\*antitussive agent: IT, drug interaction

\*antitussive agent: DT, drug therapy

\*antitussive agent: PD, pharmacology

\*antitussive agent: IH, inhalational drug administration

\*antitussive agent: IA, intraarterial drug administration

\*antitussive agent: CV, intracerebroventricular drug

administration

\*antitussive agent: IV, intravenous drug administration

\*antitussive agent: TP, topical drug administration

opiate: AE, adverse drug reaction

opiate: DO, drug dose

opiate: DT, drug therapy

pholcodeine: AE, adverse drug reaction

pholcodeine: DO, drug dose

pholcodeine: DT, drug therapy

morphine: AE, adverse drug reaction

morphine: DO, drug dose

morphine: DT, drug therapy

codeine: AE, adverse drug reaction

codeine: CB, drug combination

codeine: DO, drug dose

codeine: IT, drug interaction

codeine: DT, drug therapy

mu opiate receptor agonist: AE, adverse drug reaction

mu opiate receptor agonist: DV, drug development

mu opiate receptor agonist: DT, drug therapy

mu opiate receptor agonist: PD, pharmacology

mu opiate receptor agonist: TP, topical drug administration

kappa opiate receptor agonist: AE, adverse drug reaction

kappa opiate receptor agonist: DV, drug development

kappa opiate receptor agonist: DT, drug therapy

kappa opiate receptor agonist: PD, pharmacology

delta opiate receptor agonist: AE, adverse drug reaction

delta opiate receptor agonist: DV, drug development

delta opiate receptor agonist: DT, drug therapy

delta opiate receptor agonist: PD, pharmacology

anandamide: PD, pharmacology

nociceptin: AE, adverse drug reaction

nociceptin: DV, drug development

nociceptin: DT, drug therapy

nociceptin: EC, endogenous compound

nociceptin: PD, pharmacology

nociceptin: CV, intracerebroventricular drug administration

nociceptin: IV, intravenous drug administration

tachykinin receptor antagonist: DT, drug therapy

tachykinin receptor antagonist: PD, pharmacology

bradykinin antagonist: DT, drug therapy

bradykinin antagonist: PD, pharmacology

tachykinin: EC, endogenous compound

local anesthetic agent: DT, drug therapy

local anesthetic agent: PD, pharmacology

local anesthetic agent: IH, inhalational drug administration

sodium channel blocking agent: CT, clinical trial

sodium channel blocking agent: DT, drug therapy  
sodium channel blocking agent: PD, pharmacology  
sodium channel blocking agent: IH, inhalational drug administration  
sodium channel blocking agent: IA, intraarterial drug administration  
potassium channel stimulating agent: DT, drug therapy  
potassium channel stimulating agent: PD, pharmacology  
furosemide: DT, drug therapy  
furosemide: PD, pharmacology  
furosemide: IH, inhalational drug administration  
diuretic agent: DT, drug therapy  
diuretic agent: PD, pharmacology  
diuretic agent: IH, inhalational drug administration  
phosphodiesterase IV inhibitor: DT, drug therapy  
phosphodiesterase IV inhibitor: PD, pharmacology  
corticosteroid: DT, drug therapy  
corticosteroid: IH, inhalational drug administration  
leukotriene receptor blocking agent: DT, drug therapy  
17 methylnalorphine: CB, drug combination  
17 methylnalorphine: IT, drug interaction  
tyrosyl dextro arginylglycyl 4 nitrophenylalanylprolinamide: DT, drug therapy  
tyrosyl dextro arginylglycyl 4 nitrophenylalanylprolinamide: PD, pharmacology  
tyrosyl dextro arginylglycyl 4 nitrophenylalanylprolinamide: TP, topical drug administration  
naltrindole: DT, drug therapy  
naltrindole: PD, pharmacology  
resiniferatoxin: CM, drug comparison  
resiniferatoxin: DV, drug development  
resiniferatoxin: DT, drug therapy  
resiniferatoxin: PD, pharmacology  
delta opiate receptor antagonist: DV, drug development  
delta opiate receptor antagonist: DT, drug therapy  
delta opiate receptor antagonist: PD, pharmacology  
delta opiate receptor antagonist: PO, oral drug administration  
levdropropizine: CM, drug comparison  
levdropropizine: DT, drug therapy  
levdropropizine: PD, pharmacology  
dextromethorphan: CM, drug comparison  
dextromethorphan: DT, drug therapy  
capsazepine: CM, drug comparison  
capsazepine: DV, drug development  
capsazepine: DT, drug therapy  
capsazepine: PD, pharmacology  
unindexed drug  
unclassified drug  
RN (opiate) 53663-61-9, 8002-76-4, 8008-60-4; (morphine) 52-26-6, 57-27-2;  
(codeine) 76-57-3; (anandamide) 94421-68-8;  
(nociceptin) 170713-75-4; (furosemide) 54-31-9; (17 methylnalorphine) 4121-75-9; (tyrosyl dextro arginylglycyl 4 nitrophenylalanylprolinamide) 88331-14-0; (naltrindole) 111555-53-4; (resiniferatoxin) 57444-62-9;  
(levdropropizine) 99291-24-4; (dextromethorphan) 125-69-9, 125-71-3;  
(capsazepine) 138977-28-3

&gt;&gt;&gt; fil reg

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 10:25:10 ON 13 FEB 2003  
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.  
PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.  
COPYRIGHT (C) 2003 American Chemical Society (ACS)

Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file .  
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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 11 FEB 2003 HIGHEST RN 488780-79-6  
 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 11 FEB 2003 HIGHEST RN 488780-79-6

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH MAY 20, 2002

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

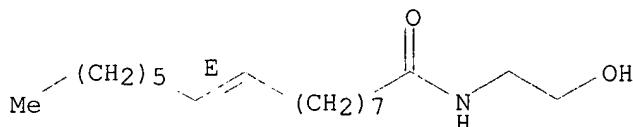
Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. See HELP PROPERTIES for more information. See STNote 27, Searching Properties in the CAS Registry File, for complete details:  
<http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/STN/STNOTES/stnotes27.pdf>

=> d ide can tot l147

L147 ANSWER 1 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 RN 357292-35-4 REGISTRY  
 CN 9-Hexadecenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (9E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
 FS STEREOSEARCH  
 MF C18 H35 N O2  
 SR CA  
 LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

Double bond geometry as shown.



\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

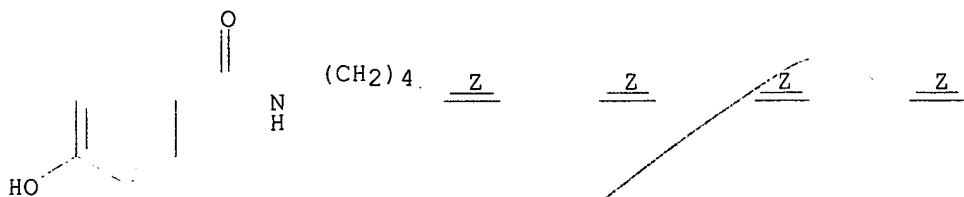
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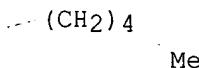
L147 ANSWER 2 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 RN 251908-92-6 REGISTRY  
 CN Benzamide, N-(5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)-5,8,11,14-eicosatetraenyl-4-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
 FS STEREOSEARCH  
 MF C27 H39 N O2  
 SR CA  
 LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



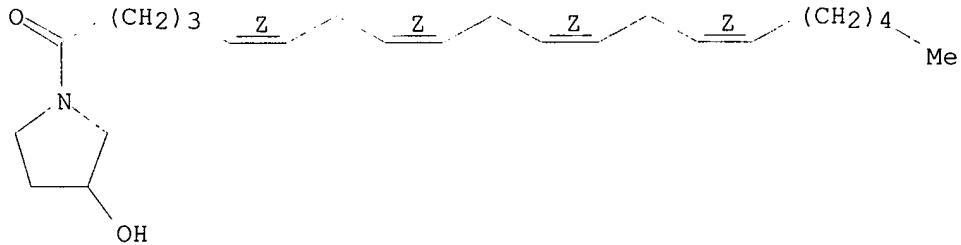
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- 1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
- 1 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
- 1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 132:22820

L147 ANSWER 3 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 RN 231632-77-2 REGISTRY  
 CN 3-Pyrrolidinol, 1-[(5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)-1-oxo-5,8,11,14-eicosatetraenyl]- (9CI)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)  
 FS STEREOSEARCH  
 MF C24 H39 N O2  
 SR CA  
 LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER

Double bond geometry as shown.



\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

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- 2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 134:95508

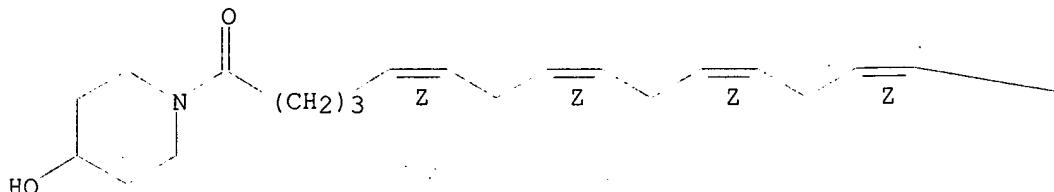
REFERENCE 2: 131:100242

L147 ANSWER 4 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 RN 231632-76-1 REGISTRY

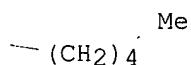
CN 4-Piperidinol, 1-[(5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)-1-oxo-5,8,11,14-eicosatetraenyl]- (9CI)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)  
 FS STEREOSEARCH  
 MF C25 H41 N O2  
 SR CA  
 LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)  
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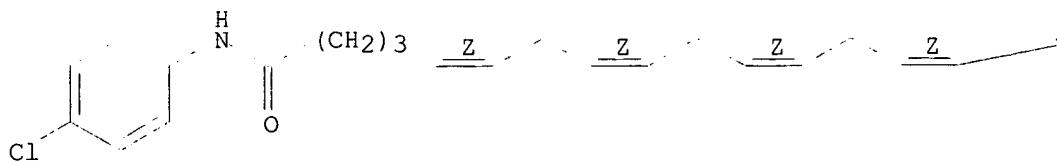
REFERENCE 1: 134:95508

REFERENCE 2: 131:100242

L147 ANSWER 5 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 RN 231632-75-0 REGISTRY  
 CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(4-chlorophenyl)-, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)  
 FS STEREOSEARCH  
 MF C26 H36 Cl N O  
 SR CA  
 LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

 $\text{--} (\text{CH}_2)_4$ 

Me

\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)  
 2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 134:95508

REFERENCE 2: 131:100242

L147 ANSWER 6 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 231632-74-9 REGISTRY

CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(4-cyanophenyl)-, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)

FS STEREOSEARCH

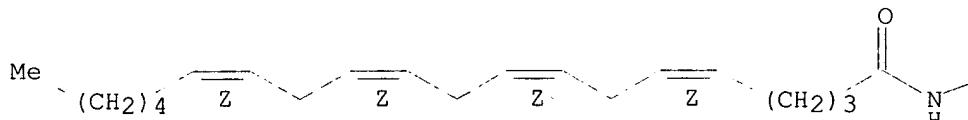
MF C27 H36 N2 O

SR CA

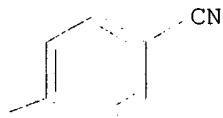
LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)  
 2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 134:95508

REFERENCE 2: 131:100242

L147 ANSWER 7 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 231632-73-8 REGISTRY

CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(4-methylphenyl)-, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)

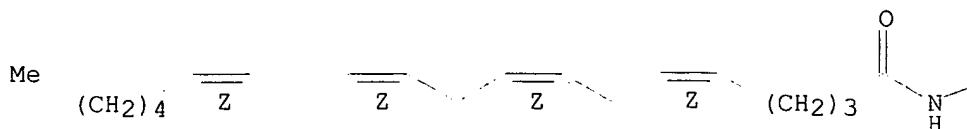
FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C27 H39 N O

SR CA  
 LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)  
 2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 134:95508

REFERENCE 2: 131:100242

L147 ANSWER 8 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 231632-72-7 REGISTRY

CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(4-methoxyphenyl)-, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)

FS STEREOSEARCH

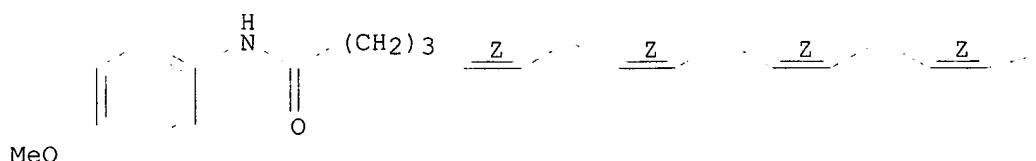
MF C27 H39 N O2

SR CA

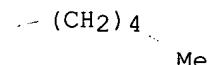
LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



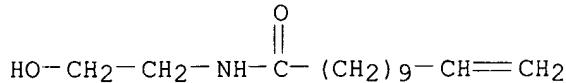
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REFERENCE 1: 134:95508

REFERENCE 2: 131:100242

L147 ANSWER 9 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 RN 231632-71-6 REGISTRY  
 CN 11-Dodecenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
 FS 3D CONCORD  
 MF C14 H27 N O2  
 SR CA  
 LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER



\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

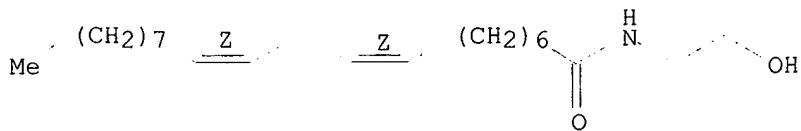
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REFERENCE 1: 134:95508

REFERENCE 2: 131:100242

L147 ANSWER 10 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 RN 231632-70-5 REGISTRY  
 CN 8,11-Eicosadienamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (8Z,11Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
 FS STEREOSEARCH  
 MF C22 H41 N O2  
 SR CA  
 LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

Double bond geometry as shown.



\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

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 1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

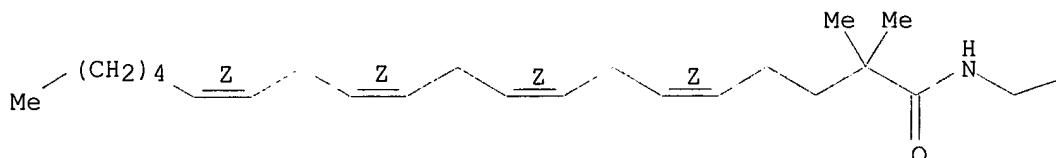
REFERENCE 1: 131:100242

L147 ANSWER 11 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 RN 187224-18-6 REGISTRY  
 CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-[(2R)-2-hydroxypropyl]-2,2-dimethyl-, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
 OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

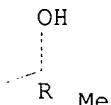
CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxypropyl)-2,2-dimethyl-,  
 [R-(all-Z)]-  
 FS STEREOSEARCH  
 MF C25 H43 N O2  
 SR CA  
 LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).  
 Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

5 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)  
 5 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 135:352627  
 REFERENCE 2: 134:95508  
 REFERENCE 3: 131:237502  
 REFERENCE 4: 131:100242  
 REFERENCE 5: 126:166092

L147 ANSWER 12 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 187224-16-4 REGISTRY

CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-[(2S)-2-hydroxypropyl]-2,2-dimethyl-,  
 (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxypropyl)-2,2-dimethyl-,  
 [S-(all-Z)]-

FS STEREOSEARCH

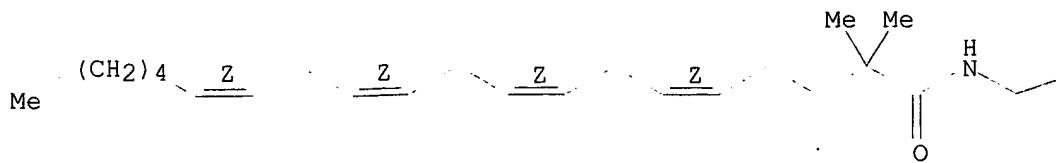
MF C25 H43 N O2

SR CA

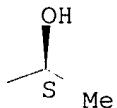
LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).  
 Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

5 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)  
 5 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 135:352627

REFERENCE 2: 134:95508

REFERENCE 3: 131:237502

REFERENCE 4: 131:100242

REFERENCE 5: 126:166092

L147 ANSWER 13 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 187223-90-1 REGISTRY

CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-N-propyl-,  
 (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-N-propyl-, (all-Z)-

FS STEREOSEARCH

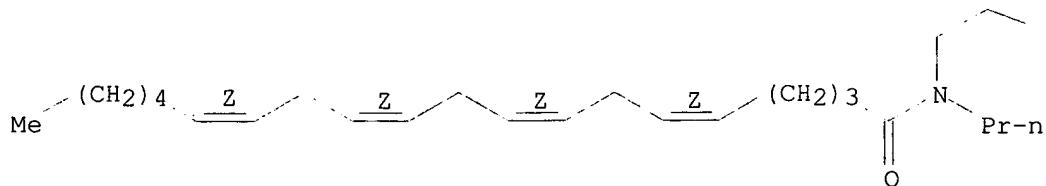
MF C25 H43 N O2

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

OH

\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)  
 2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 136:648

REFERENCE 2: 126:166092

L147 ANSWER 14 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 183718-77-6 REGISTRY

CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-, (all-Z)-

OTHER NAMES:

CN AM 404

FS STEREOSEARCH

DR 198022-70-7

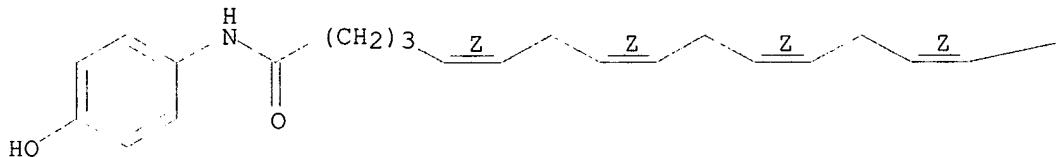
MF C26 H37 N O2

SR CA

LC STN Files: BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CAPLUS, CHEMCATS, CSCHEM, EMBASE,  
 TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

— (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>

Me

\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

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REFERENCE 4: 136:183655

REFERENCE 5: 136:161403

REFERENCE 6: 136:648

REFERENCE 7: 135:366583

REFERENCE 8: 135:352838

REFERENCE 9: 135:283144

REFERENCE 10: 135:239640

L147 ANSWER 15 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 183718-75-4 REGISTRY

CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(3-hydroxyphenyl)-, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(3-hydroxyphenyl)-, (all-Z)-

FS STEREOSEARCH

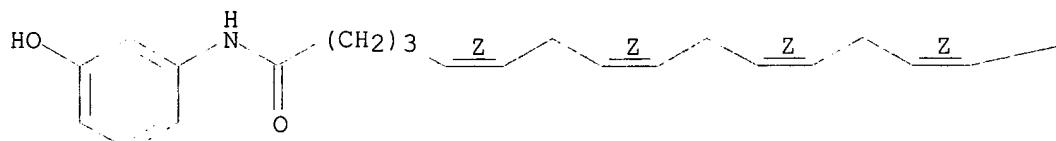
MF C26 H37 N O2

SR CA

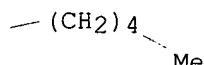
LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

5 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)

5 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 134:95508

REFERENCE 2: 131:100242

REFERENCE 3: 131:41396

REFERENCE 4: 130:308315

REFERENCE 5: 126:365

L147 ANSWER 16 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 183718-67-4 REGISTRY

CN 3-Piperidinol, 1-[(5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)-1-oxo-5,8,11,14-eicosatetraenyl]- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 3-Piperidinol, 1-(1-oxo-5,8,11,14-eicosatetraenyl)-, (all-Z)-

FS STEREOSEARCH

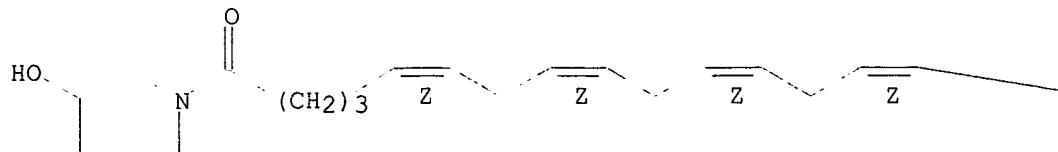
MF C25 H41 N O2

SR CA

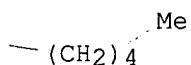
LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

3 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)  
3 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 134:95508

REFERENCE 2: 131:100242

REFERENCE 3: 126:365

L147 ANSWER 17 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 166100-34-1 REGISTRY

CN Morpholine, 4-[(5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)-1-oxo-5,8,11,14-eicosatetraenyl]- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Morpholine, 4-(1-oxo-5,8,11,14-eicosatetraenyl)-, (all-Z)-

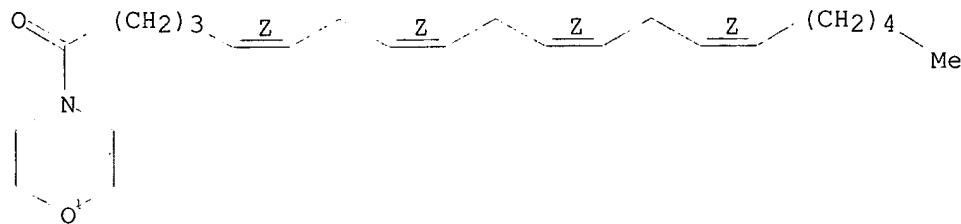
FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C24 H39 N O2

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

Double bond geometry as shown.



\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

9 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)  
9 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 134:95508

REFERENCE 2: 133:99074

REFERENCE 3: 131:100242

REFERENCE 4: 129:310388

REFERENCE 5: 125:265009

REFERENCE 6: 125:332

REFERENCE 7: 124:279206

REFERENCE 8: 124:75563

REFERENCE 9: 123:102027

L147 ANSWER 18 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 164228-51-7 REGISTRY

CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-2,2-dimethyl-,  
(5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-2,2-dimethyl-, (all-Z)-

FS STEREOSEARCH

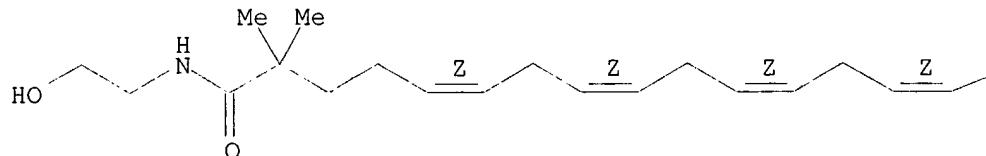
MF C24 H41 N O2

SR CA

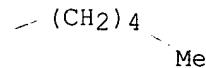
LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

11 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)

11 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 135:352627

REFERENCE 2: 135:137336

REFERENCE 3: 134:95508

REFERENCE 4: 131:237502

REFERENCE 5: 131:100242

REFERENCE 6: 131:41396

REFERENCE 7: 130:308315

REFERENCE 8: 126:166092

REFERENCE 9: 124:75563

REFERENCE 10: 123:102027

L147 ANSWER 19 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 162758-96-5 REGISTRY

CN 9-Octadecenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (9E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 9-Octadecenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (E)-

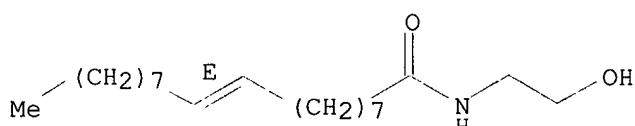
FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C20 H39 N O2

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

Double bond geometry as shown.



\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

5 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)

5 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 137:289049

REFERENCE 2: 135:78468

REFERENCE 3: 134:95508

REFERENCE 4: 131:100242

REFERENCE 5: 122:259398

L147 ANSWER 20 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 162758-95-4 REGISTRY

CN 9,12-Octadecadienamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (E,E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

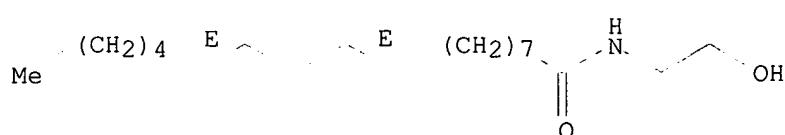
FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C20 H37 N O2

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

Double bond geometry as shown.



\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

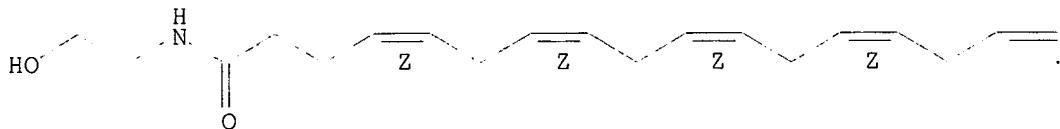
1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)  
 1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 122:259398

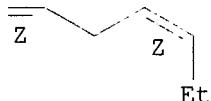
L147 ANSWER 21 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 RN 162758-94-3 REGISTRY  
 CN 4,7,10,13,16,19-Docosahexaenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-,  
 (4Z,7Z,10Z,13Z,16Z,19Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
 OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:  
 CN 4,7,10,13,16,19-Docosahexaenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (all-Z)-  
 FS STEREOSEARCH  
 MF C24 H37 N O2  
 SR CA  
 LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER

Double bond geometry as shown.

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\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

8 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)  
 9 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 136:340738

REFERENCE 2: 135:121637

REFERENCE 3: 133:634

REFERENCE 4: 132:62084

REFERENCE 5: 126:166092

REFERENCE 6: 126:54735

REFERENCE 7: 123:974

REFERENCE 8: 122:259398

L147 ANSWER 22 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 RN 162758-93-2 REGISTRY

CN 11-Eicosenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (11Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
 OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 11-Eicosenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (Z)-

OTHER NAMES:

CN N-(2-Hydroxyethyl)-(Z)-11-eicosenamide

CN N-(Z)-11-Eicosenoylethanamine

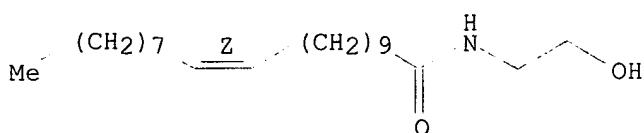
FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C22 H43 N O2

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER

Double bond geometry as shown.



\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

7 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)

7 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 134:95508

REFERENCE 2: 131:100242

REFERENCE 3: 126:166092

REFERENCE 4: 124:75563

REFERENCE 5: 123:335742

REFERENCE 6: 123:102027

REFERENCE 7: 122:259398

L147 ANSWER 23 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 162758-92-1 REGISTRY

CN 11,14-Eicosadienamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (11Z,14Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 11,14-Eicosadienamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (Z,Z)-

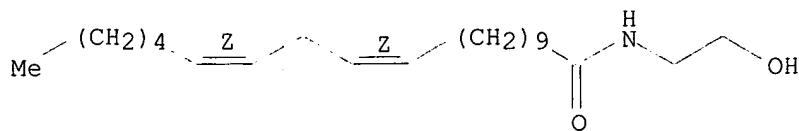
FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C22 H41 N O2

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER

Double bond geometry as shown.



\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

5 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)  
 5 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 137:226746

REFERENCE 2: 134:95508

REFERENCE 3: 126:166092

REFERENCE 4: 124:49179

REFERENCE 5: 122:259398

L147 ANSWER 24 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 157182-49-5 REGISTRY

CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-[(1R)-2-hydroxy-1-methylethyl]-,  
 (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxy-1-methylethyl)-, [R-(all-Z)]-

OTHER NAMES:

CN (R)-Methanandamide

CN AM 356

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C23 H39 N O2

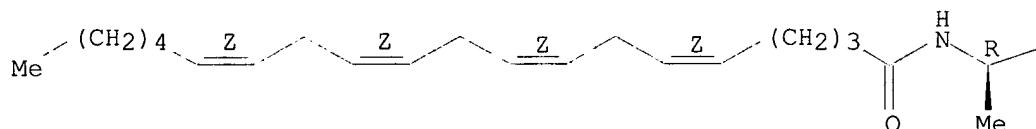
SR CA

LC STN Files: BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS, CSCHEM,  
 EMBASE, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

Double bond geometry as shown.

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\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

54 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)  
 55 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 137:210817

REFERENCE 2: 137:164054

REFERENCE 3: 136:161001

REFERENCE 4: 136:129368

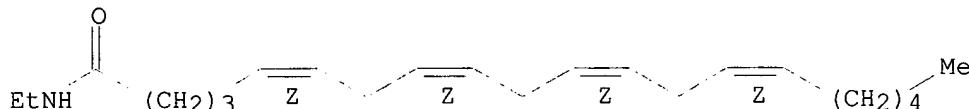
REFERENCE 5: 136:63931

REFERENCE 6: 136:48337

REFERENCE 7: 136:648  
 REFERENCE 8: 135:352627  
 REFERENCE 9: 135:313515  
 REFERENCE 10: 135:132395

L147 ANSWER 25 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 RN 156910-28-0 REGISTRY  
 CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-ethyl-, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
 OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:  
 CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-ethyl-, (all-Z)-  
 FS STEREOSEARCH  
 MF C22 H37 N O  
 SR CA  
 LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

Double bond geometry as shown.



\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

7 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)  
 7 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 134:95508  
 REFERENCE 2: 133:129510  
 REFERENCE 3: 131:237502  
 REFERENCE 4: 131:100242  
 REFERENCE 5: 131:71878  
 REFERENCE 6: 126:166092  
 REFERENCE 7: 121:99825

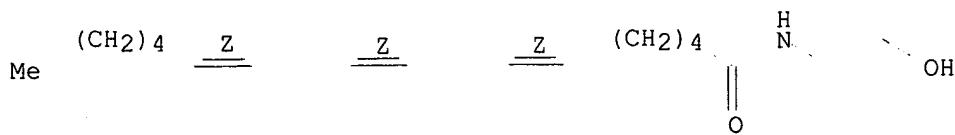
L147 ANSWER 26 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 RN 150314-37-7 REGISTRY  
 CN 6,9,12-Octadecatrienamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (6Z,9Z,12Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
 OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:  
 CN 6,9,12-Octadecatrienamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (Z,Z,Z)-

OTHER NAMES:  
 CN N-(2-Hydroxyethyl)-(Z,Z,Z)-6,9,12-octadecatrienam  
 CN N-.gamma.-Linolenylethanamine  
 FS STEREOSEARCH  
 MF C20 H35 N O2  
 SR CA  
 LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER

Double bond geometry as shown.

*I could not find  
 claim a "homo-  
 delta-linoleyl amide" - I believe  
 this name to be an  
 error*

*homo-  
 delta-  
 linoleyl  
 amide*



\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

9 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)  
 9 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 136:340738  
 REFERENCE 2: 133:70561  
 REFERENCE 3: 128:200804  
 REFERENCE 4: 126:166092  
 REFERENCE 5: 125:297717  
 REFERENCE 6: 125:138643  
 REFERENCE 7: 123:335742  
 REFERENCE 8: 122:259398  
 REFERENCE 9: 119:173611

L147 ANSWER 27 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 150314-35-5 REGISTRY

CN 7,10,13,16-Docosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (7Z,10Z,13Z,16Z)-  
 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 7,10,13,16-Docosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (all-Z)-

OTHER NAMES:

CN (all-Z)-N-(7,10,13,16-Docosatetraenoyl)ethanolamine

FS STEREOSEARCH

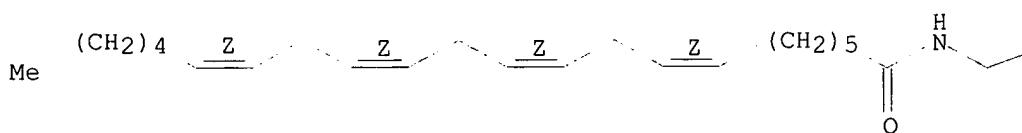
MF C24 H41 N O2

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, CHEMCATS, CSCHEM, MEDLINE, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

Double bond geometry as shown.

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PAGE 1-B

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\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

16 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)  
 17 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 137:228362

REFERENCE 2: 137:226746

REFERENCE 3: 136:648

REFERENCE 4: 135:121637

REFERENCE 5: 134:335978

REFERENCE 6: 126:233751

REFERENCE 7: 126:166092

REFERENCE 8: 124:83059

REFERENCE 9: 123:335742

REFERENCE 10: 123:306385

L147 ANSWER 28 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 150314-34-4 REGISTRY

CN 8,11,14-Eicosatrienamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 8,11,14-Eicosatrienamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (Z,Z,Z)-

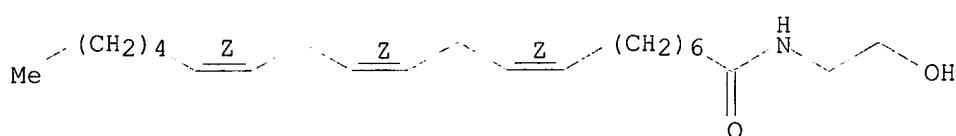
FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C22 H39 N O2

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, CHEMCATS, CSCHEM, MEDLINE, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

Double bond geometry as shown.



\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

17 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)  
 17 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 137:228362

REFERENCE 2: 137:226746

REFERENCE 3: 134:95508

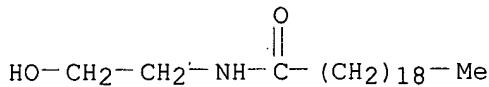
REFERENCE 4: 131:100242

REFERENCE 5: 126:233751

REFERENCE 6: 126:166092



CN N-(2-Hydroxyethyl)eicosanamide  
 CN N-Arachidoylethanolamine  
 FS 3D CONCORD  
 MF C22 H45 N O2  
 CI COM  
 LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, CHEMCATS, USPATFULL



\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

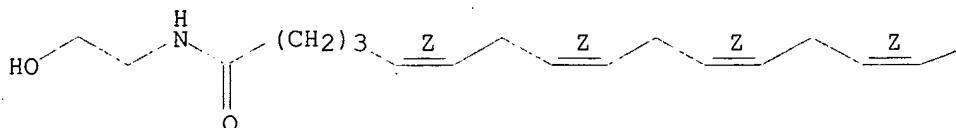
7 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)  
 7 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 134:337133  
 REFERENCE 2: 131:53936  
 REFERENCE 3: 124:75563  
 REFERENCE 4: 123:335742  
 REFERENCE 5: 123:102027  
 REFERENCE 6: 122:259398  
 REFERENCE 7: 102:77260

L147 ANSWER 31 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 RN 94421-68-8 REGISTRY  
 CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)  
 OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:  
 CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (all-Z)-  
 OTHER NAMES:  
 CN Anandamide  
 CN Arachidonylethanolamide  
 CN N-(2-Hydroxyethyl)arachidonamide  
 CN N-(2-Hydroxyethyl)arachidonylamide  
 CN N-Arachidonylethanolamine  
 FS STEREOSEARCH  
 MF C22 H37 N O2  
 LC STN Files: ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, AQUIRE, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS,  
 BIOTECHNO, CA, CANCERLIT, CAPLUS, CEN, CHEMCATS, CIN, CSCHEM, EMBASE,  
 IPA, MEDLINE, MRCK\*, PHAR, PROMT, RTECS\*, TOXCENTER, USPAT2, USPATFULL  
 (\*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Double bond geometry as shown.

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PAGE 1-B

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\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

687 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)  
 19 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA  
 692 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 138:85363  
 REFERENCE 2: 138:82766  
 REFERENCE 3: 138:82765  
 REFERENCE 4: 138:82763  
 REFERENCE 5: 138:82755  
 REFERENCE 6: 138:82754  
 REFERENCE 7: 138:82753  
 REFERENCE 8: 138:66729  
 REFERENCE 9: 138:66713  
 REFERENCE 10: 138:44709

L147 ANSWER 32 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 94421-67-7 REGISTRY

CN 9-Hexadecenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (9Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

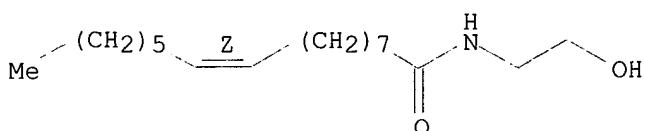
CN 9-Hexadecenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (Z)-

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C18 H35 N O2

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL

Double bond geometry as shown.

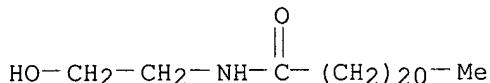


\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

3 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)  
 3 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 135:190325  
 REFERENCE 2: 116:59905  
 REFERENCE 3: 102:77260

L147 ANSWER 33 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 RN 94109-05-4 REGISTRY  
 CN Docosanamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
 FS 3D CONCORD  
 MF C24 H49 N O2  
 CI COM  
 SR Commission of European Communities  
 LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, CHEMLIST, USPATFULL  
 Other Sources: EINECS\*\*  
 (\*\*Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)

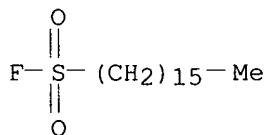


\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

6 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)  
 6 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 134:267694  
 REFERENCE 2: 131:117751  
 REFERENCE 3: 131:103773  
 REFERENCE 4: 123:335742  
 REFERENCE 5: 103:200696  
 REFERENCE 6: 102:77260

L147 ANSWER 34 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 RN 86855-26-7 REGISTRY  
 CN 1-Hexadecanesulfonyl fluoride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
 OTHER NAMES:  
 CN AM 374  
 FS 3D CONCORD  
 MF C16 H33 F O2 S  
 LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN\*, BIOSIS, CA, CAPLUS, CASREACT, MEDLINE, TOXCENTER,  
 USPATFULL  
 (\*File contains numerically searchable property data)



\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

17 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)  
 2 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA  
 17 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 137:289031

REFERENCE 2: 137:150258  
 REFERENCE 3: 136:648  
 REFERENCE 4: 135:205570  
 REFERENCE 5: 134:336170  
 REFERENCE 6: 133:292844  
 REFERENCE 7: 132:44870  
 REFERENCE 8: 130:34884  
 REFERENCE 9: 128:30406  
 REFERENCE 10: 126:220293

L147 ANSWER 35 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 68171-52-8 REGISTRY  
 CN 9,12-Octadecadienamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (9Z,12Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

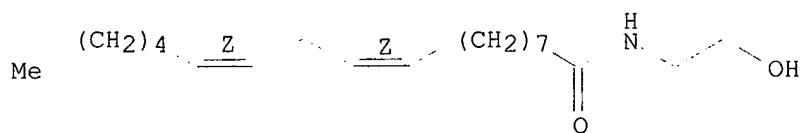
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 9,12-Octadecadienamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (Z,Z)-  
 CN Linoleamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)- (7CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN Linoleic acid monoethanolamide  
 CN N-(2-Hydroxyethyl)-(Z,Z)-9,12-octadecadienamide  
 CN N-(2-Hydroxyethyl)linoleamide  
 CN N-Linoleoylethanamine  
 FS STEREOSEARCH  
 MF C20 H37 N O2  
 LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, BEILSTEIN\*, BIOSIS, CA, CANCERLIT, CAOLD, CAPLUS,  
 CASREACT, CHEMCATS, CHEMLIST, CSCHEM, MEDLINE, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL  
 (\*File contains numerically searchable property data)  
 Other Sources: EINECS\*\*, NDSL\*\*, TSCA\*\*  
 (\*\*Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)

Double bond geometry as shown.



\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

52 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)  
 52 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)  
 2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 137:382306  
 REFERENCE 2: 137:306533  
 REFERENCE 3: 137:289031  
 REFERENCE 4: 137:98641

REFERENCE 5: 137:83429

REFERENCE 6: 137:83428

REFERENCE 7: 137:83427

REFERENCE 8: 137:83423

REFERENCE 9: 136:340738

REFERENCE 10: 136:148275

L147 ANSWER 36 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 58493-49-5 REGISTRY

CN 9-Octadecenamide, N-[(4-hydroxy-3-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-, (9Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 9-Octadecenamide, N-[(4-hydroxy-3-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-, (Z)-

OTHER NAMES:

CN N-Vanillyl oleic amide

CN N-Vanillyloleamide

CN NE 19550

CN Olvanil

FS STEREOSEARCH

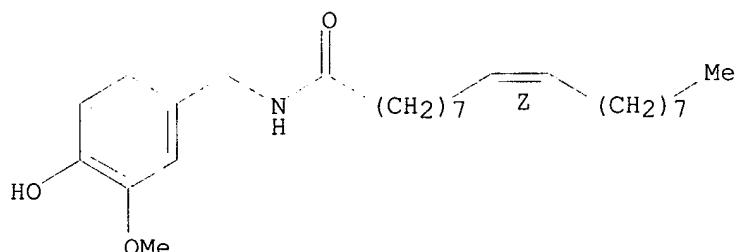
MF C26 H43 N O3

LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, BEILSTEIN\*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CANCERLIT, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS, CSCHEM, DDFU, DRUGNL, DRUGU, DRUGUPDATES, EMBASE, IPA, MEDLINE, PHAR, PROMT, RTECS\*, TOXCENTER, USAN, USPATFULL

(\*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Other Sources: WHO

Double bond geometry as shown.



\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

54 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)

55 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 137:381506

REFERENCE 2: 137:216814

REFERENCE 3: 136:363865

REFERENCE 4: 136:166383

REFERENCE 5: 136:161001

REFERENCE 6: 135:366583

REFERENCE 7: 135:283144

REFERENCE 8: 135:283135

REFERENCE 9: 135:190415

REFERENCE 10: 135:132395

L147 ANSWER 37 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 57086-93-8 REGISTRY

CN 9,12,15-Octadecatrienamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (9Z,12Z,15Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 9,12,15-Octadecatrienamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (Z,Z,Z)-

OTHER NAMES:

CN N-Linolenoylethanolamine

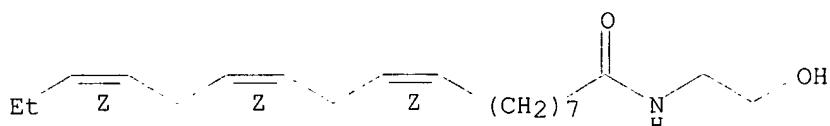
FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C20 H35 N O2

LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN\*, CA, CAPLUS, CHEMCATS, CSCHEM, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

(\*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Double bond geometry as shown.



\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

15 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)

15 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 137:358156

REFERENCE 2: 137:358140

REFERENCE 3: 137:306533

REFERENCE 4: 136:340738

REFERENCE 5: 135:206912

REFERENCE 6: 134:350865

REFERENCE 7: 133:70561

REFERENCE 8: 126:198536

REFERENCE 9: 126:166092

REFERENCE 10: 125:284346

L147 ANSWER 38 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 35627-93-1 REGISTRY

CN 9-Octadecenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-N-methyl-, (9Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

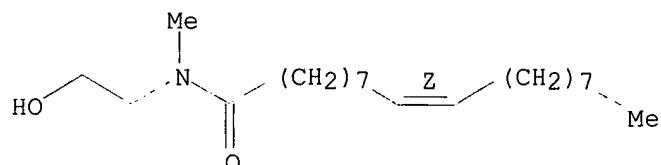
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 9-Octadecenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-N-methyl-, (Z)-

## OTHER NAMES:

CN (Z)-N-(2-Hydroxyethyl)-N-methyl-9-octadecenamide  
 CN N-(2-Hydroxyethyl)-N-methyloleamide  
 CN N-Methyl-N-(2-hydroxyethyl)oleamide  
 CN N-Oleoyl-N-methylethanamine  
 FS STEREOSEARCH  
 MF C21 H41 N O2  
 LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN\*, CA, CAPLUS, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, TOXCENTER,  
 USPATFULL  
 (\*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Double bond geometry as shown.

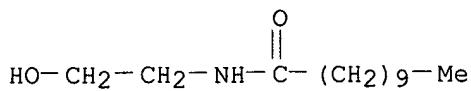


\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

15 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)  
 15 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 137:296605  
 REFERENCE 2: 137:296604  
 REFERENCE 3: 137:296590  
 REFERENCE 4: 137:289049  
 REFERENCE 5: 137:281064  
 REFERENCE 6: 127:144544  
 REFERENCE 7: 126:159031  
 REFERENCE 8: 108:160660  
 REFERENCE 9: 87:707  
 REFERENCE 10: 81:153664

L147 ANSWER 39 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 RN 28245-87-6 REGISTRY  
 CN Undecanamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)- (7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
 OTHER NAMES:  
 CN Undecanoic acid ethanamide  
 CN Undecanoic acid monoethanamide  
 FS 3D CONCORD  
 MF C13 H27 N O2  
 CI COM  
 LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN\*, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL  
 (\*File contains numerically searchable property data)



\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

14 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)  
 14 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)  
 1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 134:337133

REFERENCE 2: 134:95508

REFERENCE 3: 133:94636

REFERENCE 4: 131:100242

REFERENCE 5: 129:199580

REFERENCE 6: 127:351208

REFERENCE 7: 125:151129

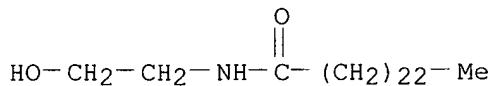
REFERENCE 8: 124:333075

REFERENCE 9: 102:226405

REFERENCE 10: 101:178052

L147 ANSWER 40 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 10015-68-6 REGISTRY  
 CN Tetracosanamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)- (7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
 FS 3D CONCORD  
 MF C26 H53 N O2  
 LC STN Files: CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS



\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)  
 2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)  
 1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

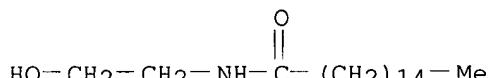
REFERENCE 1: 123:335742

REFERENCE 2: 64:69160

L147 ANSWER 41 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 544-31-0 REGISTRY  
 CN Hexadecanamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)- (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
 OTHER NAMES:  
 CN (Hydroxyethyl)palmitamide  
 CN 2-(Palmitoylamino)ethanol

CN 2-Palmitamidoethanol  
 CN 2: PN: WO02064106 PAGE: 14 claimed sequence  
 CN AM 3112  
 CN Impulsin  
 CN Loramine P 256  
 CN N-(2-Hydroxyethyl)hexadecanamide  
 CN N-(2-Hydroxyethyl)palmitylamine  
 CN N-Hexadecanoylethanolamine  
 CN N-Palmitoylethanolamine  
 CN Palmidrol  
 CN Palmitic acid monoethanolamide  
 CN Palmitic monoethanolamide  
 CN Palmitoylethanolamide  
 FS 3D CONCORD  
 MF C18 H37 N O2  
 CI COM  
 LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, BEILSTEIN\*, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CANCERLIT,  
     CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS, CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM,  
     DDFU, DRUGU, EMBASE, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, MEDLINE, MRCK\*, SPECINFO,  
     TOXCENTER, USAN, USPAT2, USPATFULL  
     (\*File contains numerically searchable property data)  
 Other Sources: EINECS\*\*, NDSL\*\*, TSCA\*\*, WHO  
     (\*\*Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)



\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

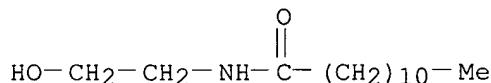
266 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)  
 5 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA  
 267 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)  
 17 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 138:82754  
 REFERENCE 2: 138:75042  
 REFERENCE 3: 137:383277  
 REFERENCE 4: 137:382306  
 REFERENCE 5: 137:358156  
 REFERENCE 6: 137:358140  
 REFERENCE 7: 137:320625  
 REFERENCE 8: 137:306533  
 REFERENCE 9: 137:289049  
 REFERENCE 10: 137:289031

L147 ANSWER 42 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 RN 142-78-9 REGISTRY  
 CN Dodecanamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)- (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

## OTHER NAMES:

CN 2-Dodecanamidoethanol  
 CN Alkamide L 203  
 CN Amisol LME  
 CN Comperlan LM  
 CN Copramyl  
 CN Crillon LME  
 CN Cyclomide LM  
 CN Lauramide MEA  
 CN Lauric acid ethanolamide  
 CN Lauric acid monoethanolamide  
 CN Lauric acid monoethanolamine  
 CN Lauric ethylolamide  
 CN Lauric monoethanolamide  
 CN Lauric N-(2-hydroxyethyl)amide  
 CN Lauridit LM  
 CN Lauroyl monoethanolamide  
 CN Lauryl monoethanolamide  
 CN Laurylamidoethanol  
 CN Laurylethanolamide  
 CN Mackamide LMM  
 CN N-(.beta.-Hydroxyethyl)dodecanamide  
 CN N-(2-Hydroxyethyl)dodecanamide  
 CN N-(2-Hydroxyethyl)lauramide  
 CN N-Dodecanoylethanolamine  
 CN N-Lauroylethanolamine  
 CN Rewomid L 203  
 CN Rolamid CM  
 CN Stabilor CMH  
 CN Steinamid L 203  
 CN Tohol N 120  
 CN Ultrapole H  
 CN Vistalan  
 FS 3D CONCORD  
 DR 8028-85-1, 123175-08-6, 15517-65-4, 65256-27-1  
 MF C14 H29 N O2  
 CI COM  
 LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, AQUIRE, BEILSTEIN\*, BIOSIS, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS,  
     CASREACT, CHEMCATS, CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM, HODOC\*, HSDB\*, IFICDB,  
     IFIPAT, IFIUDB, MEDLINE, MSDS-OHS, SPECINFO, TOXCENTER, USPAT2,  
     USPATFULL  
     (\*File contains numerically searchable property data)  
 Other Sources: DSL\*\*, EINECS\*\*, TSCA\*\*  
     (\*\*Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)



## \*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

366 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)  
 11 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA  
 368 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)  
 31 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 138:75042

REFERENCE 2: 138:28952

REFERENCE 3: 137:346926

REFERENCE 4: 137:339313

REFERENCE 5: 137:306533

REFERENCE 6: 137:296605

REFERENCE 7: 137:195813

REFERENCE 8: 137:83362

REFERENCE 9: 136:387754

REFERENCE 10: 136:359447

L147 ANSWER 43 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 142-58-5 REGISTRY

CN Tetradecanamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)- (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN AM 3165

CN Comperlan MM

CN Loramine MY 228

CN Myristamide MEA

CN Myristic acid monoethanolamide

CN Myristic monoethanolamide

CN Myristyl monoethanolamide

CN N-(2-Hydroxyethyl)myristamide

CN N-(2-Hydroxyethyl)tetradecanamide

CN N-Myristoylethanolamine

CN N-Tetradecanoylethanolamine

CN Schercomid MME

FS 3D CONCORD

MF C16 H33 N O2

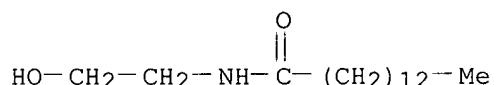
CI COM

LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, BEILSTEIN\*, BIOSIS, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS, CHEMLIST, HSDB\*, PROMT, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

(\*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Other Sources: DSL\*\*, EINECS\*\*, TSCA\*\*

(\*\*Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)



\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

107 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

107 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

15 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 138:85312

REFERENCE 2: 138:75042

REFERENCE 3: 137:306533

REFERENCE 4: 137:195813

REFERENCE 5: 135:190325

REFERENCE 6: 135:147030

REFERENCE 7: 135:50488

REFERENCE 8: 135:45243

REFERENCE 9: 134:337133

REFERENCE 10: 134:267694

L147 ANSWER 44 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 111-58-0 REGISTRY

CN 9-Octadecenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (9Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 9-Octadecenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (Z)-

CN Oleamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)- (6CI, 7CI, 8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN AM 3101

CN N-(2-Hydroxyethyl)oleamide

CN N-Oleoyl-2-aminoethanol

CN N-Oleoylethanolamine

CN Oleamide MEA

CN Oleic acid ethanolamide

CN Oleic acid monoethanolamide

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C20 H39 N O2

CI COM

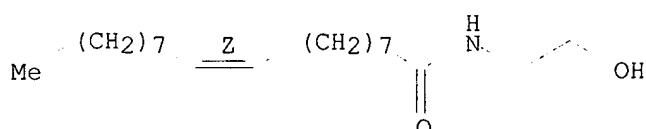
LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN\*, BIOSIS, CA, CANCERLIT, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS, CHEMLIST, CSCHEM, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, MEDLINE, TOXCENTER, USPAT2, USPATFULL

(\*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Other Sources: DSL\*\*, EINECS\*\*, TSCA\*\*

(\*\*Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)

Double bond geometry as shown.



\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

211 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)

11 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

211 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

16 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 138:75042

REFERENCE 2: 138:44709

REFERENCE 3: 137:383277

REFERENCE 4: 137:358156

REFERENCE 5: 137:358140

REFERENCE 6: 137:306533

REFERENCE 7: 137:289049

REFERENCE 8: 137:289031

REFERENCE 9: 137:284372

REFERENCE 10: 137:228362

L147 ANSWER 45 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 111-57-9 REGISTRY

CN Octadecanamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)- (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN Alkamide S 280

CN AM 1105

CN Amisol SME

CN Ceramid

CN Clindrol 200MS

CN Comperlan HS

CN Cycloamide SM

CN Emcol 70

CN Loramine S 280

CN Lubsize K 12

CN Mackamide SMA

CN Marlamax M 18

CN Monamid S

CN Monoethanolstearamide

CN N-(2-Hydroxyethyl)octadecanamide

CN N-(2-Hydroxyethyl)stearamide

CN N-Octadecanoylethanolamine

CN N-Stearoylethanolamine

CN Onyx Wax EL

CN Profan SME

CN Rewomid S 280

CN S 280

CN Stearamide MEA

CN Stearic acid monoethanolamide

CN Stearic ethanolamide

CN Stearic ethylolamide

CN Stearic monoethanolamide

CN Stearic monoethanolamine

CN Stearoylmonoethanolamide

CN Witcamide 70

FS 3D CONCORD

DR 8038-89-9

MF C20 H41 N O2

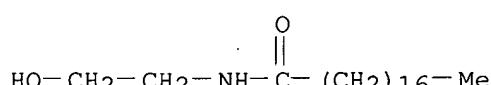
CI COM

LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, BEILSTEIN\*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, CA, CANCERLIT, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS, CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, MEDLINE, MSDS-OHS, PROMT, TOXCENTER, USPAT2, USPATFULL, VTB

(\*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Other Sources: DSL\*\*, EINECS\*\*, TSCA\*\*

(\*\*Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)



\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

291 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)  
11 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA  
293 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)  
21 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 138:75042

REFERENCE 2: 137:382306

REFERENCE 3: 137:306533

REFERENCE 4: 137:276967

REFERENCE 5: 137:206204

REFERENCE 6: 137:195813

REFERENCE 7: 136:379605

REFERENCE 8: 136:351642

REFERENCE 9: 136:330297

REFERENCE 10: 136:311698

=> fil reg  
FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:53:38 ON 13 FEB 2003  
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.  
PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.  
COPYRIGHT (C) 2003 American Chemical Society (ACS)

Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 12 FEB 2003 HIGHEST RN 489395-53-1  
DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 12 FEB 2003 HIGHEST RN 489395-53-1

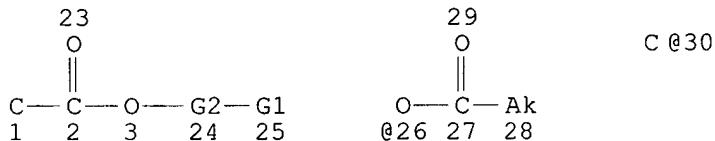
TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH MAY 20, 2002

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. See HELP PROPERTIES for more information. See STNote 27, Searching Properties in the CAS Registry File, for complete details:  
<http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/STN/STNOTES/stnotes27.pdf>

=> d sta que 179  
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R 2050 OR 2049 OR 2048 OR 2053 OR 2052 OR 2051 OR 2041 OR 2079  
L66 STR

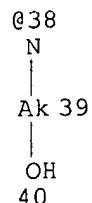
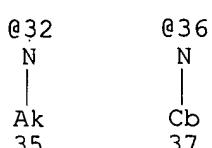
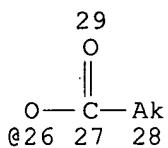
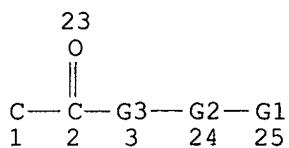


VAR G1=OH/26  
REP G2=(2-4) 30  
NODE ATTRIBUTES:  
NSPEC IS RC AT 1  
CONNECT IS M1 RC AT 1  
CONNECT IS M1 RC AT 30  
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM  
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:  
RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED  
NUMBER OF NODES IS 11

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE  
L68 STR

Jan Delaval  
Reference Librarian  
Technology & Chemical Library  
CM 1E07 - 703-308-4498  
jan.delaval@uspto.gov



VAR G1=OH/26

REP G2=(2-4) 30

VAR G3=NH/32/36/38

## NODE ATTRIBUTES:

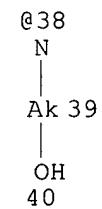
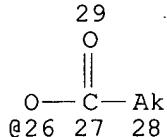
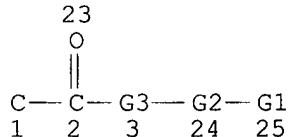
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 CONNECT IS M1 RC AT 1  
 CONNECT IS M1 RC AT 30  
 DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM  
 DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

## GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED  
 NUMBER OF NODES IS 18

## STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

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 L71 37324 SEA FILE=REGISTRY CSS FUL L66 NOT L44  
 L73 40320 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L70 OR L71  
 L74 STR



Ak-Cb

Cb-Ak-Cb

Ak-OH

HO-Ak-OH

HO-Ak-Cb

VAR G1=OH/26

VAR G2=AK/41/43/46/48/51

VAR G3=O/NH/32/36/38

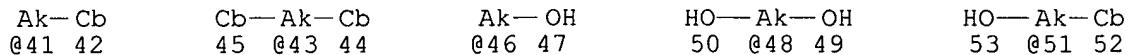
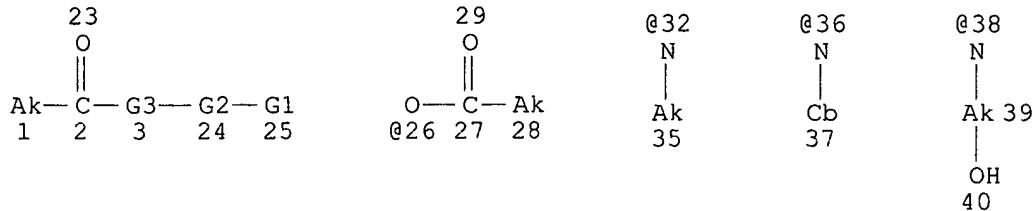
## NODE ATTRIBUTES:

NSPEC IS RC AT 1  
 CONNECT IS M1 RC AT 1  
 DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM  
 DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

## GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED  
 NUMBER OF NODES IS 30

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L76 13224 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L73 CSS FUL L74  
L77 STR

VAR G1=OH/26

VAR G2=AK/41/43/46/48/51

VAR G3=O/NH/32/36/38

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM  
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED  
ECOUNT IS M11 C AT 1

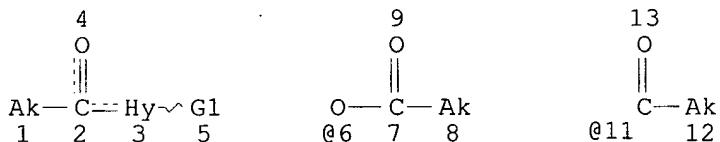
GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED  
NUMBER OF NODES IS 30

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L78 1767 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L76 CSS FUL L77  
L79 1765 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L78/COM

=&gt; d sta que 197

L44 SCR 1839 OR 2043 OR 2039 OR 2054 OR 2127 OR 1918 OR 2040 O  
R 2050 OR 2049 OR 2048 OR 2053 OR 2052 OR 2051 OR 2041 OR 2079  
L81 STR

VAR G1=OH/6/11

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

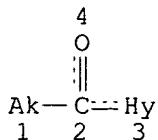
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM  
GGCAT IS MCY AT 3  
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED  
ECOUNT IS M11 C AT 1

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED  
NUMBER OF NODES IS 12

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L87 STR



## NODE ATTRIBUTES:

CONNECT IS M1 RC AT 3  
 DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM  
 GGCAT IS MCY AT 3  
 DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED  
 ECOUNT IS M11-X29 C AT 1

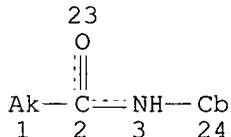
## GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED  
 NUMBER OF NODES IS 4

## STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L88 SCR 1838  
 L90 468272 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON (NC2OC2 OR NCOC2 OR NC2 OR  
 NC3 OR NC4 OR NC5 OR OC2 OR OC3 OR OC4 OR OC5)/ES AND 1/NR NOT  
 ((PMS OR IDS OR MNS OR MXS OR AYS OR TIS)/CI OR SQL/FA)  
 L93 1182 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L90 CSS FUL L87 AND L88 NOT L44  
 L94 1175 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L93/COM  
 L96 15 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L94 CSS FUL L81  
 L97 10 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L96 NOT (PYRIDIN? OR  
 C24H41NO2 OR C17H31NO2)

=> d sta que 153  
 L33 STR



## NODE ATTRIBUTES:

CONNECT IS M1 RC AT 24  
 DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM  
 DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED  
 ECOUNT IS M18-X22 C AT 1  
 ECOUNT IS M3-X6 C AT 24

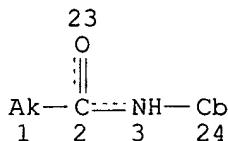
## GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED  
 NUMBER OF NODES IS 5

## STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L38 SCR 1839 OR 2043 OR 2039 OR 2054 OR 2127  
 L46 51250 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON (C3 OR C4 OR C5 OR C6)/ES  
 AND (N AND O)/ELS AND 1/NR AND 1/NC AND C>=22 NOT ((PMS OR MNS  
 OR MXS OR IDS OR AYS OR TIS)/CI OR SQL/FA)  
 L49 SCR 1199 AND 2004 AND 1992 AND 1838  
 L52 264 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L46 CSS FUL L33 AND L49 NOT L38  
 L53 188 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L52/COM

=> d sta que 159  
 L33 STR



## NODE ATTRIBUTES:

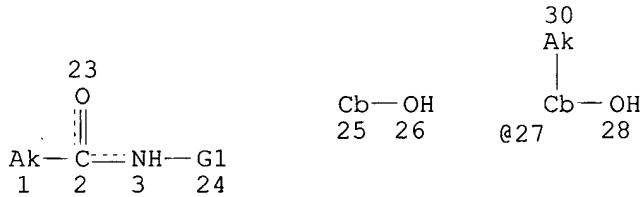
CONNECT IS M1 RC AT 24  
 DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM  
 DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED  
 ECOUNT IS M18-X22 C AT 1  
 ECOUNT IS M3-X6 C AT 24

## GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED  
 NUMBER OF NODES IS 5

## STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L38 SCR 1839 OR 2043 OR 2039 OR 2054 OR 2127  
 L46 51250 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON (C3 OR C4 OR C5 OR C6)/ES  
 AND (N AND O)/ELS AND 1/NR AND 1/NC AND C>=22 NOT ((PMS OR MNS  
 OR MXS OR IDS OR AYS OR TIS)/CI OR SQL/FA)  
 L49 SCR 1199 AND 2004 AND 1992 AND 1838  
 L52 264 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L46 CSS FUL L33 AND L49 NOT L38  
 L53 188 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L52/COM  
 L56 STR



VAR G1=CB/25/27

NODE ATTRIBUTES:  
 DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM  
 DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED  
 ECOUNT IS M18-X22 C AT 1

## GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

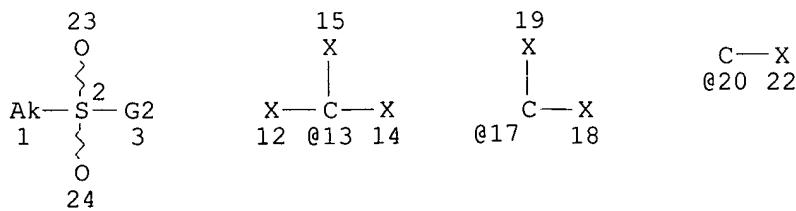
RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED  
 NUMBER OF NODES IS 10

## STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L58 33 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L53 CSS FUL L56  
 L59 31 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L58/COM

=&gt; d sta que 126

L3 SCR 1838 OR 1992 OR 2016 OR 2026 OR 2043 OR 2039 OR 2054  
 L18 STR

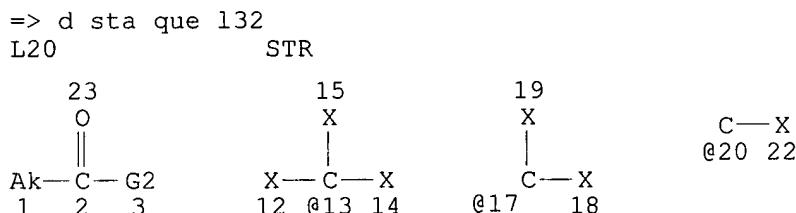


VAR G2=X/20/17/13  
 NODE ATTRIBUTES:  
 DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM  
 DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED  
 ECOUNT IS M6-X22 C AT 1

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:  
 RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED  
 NUMBER OF NODES IS 14

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE  
 L26 150 SEA FILE=REGISTRY CSS FUL L18 NOT L3

100.0% PROCESSED 6867 ITERATIONS 150 ANSWERS  
 SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01



VAR G2=X/20/17/13  
 NODE ATTRIBUTES:  
 DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM  
 DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED  
 ECOUNT IS M6-X22 C AT 1

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:  
 RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED  
 NUMBER OF NODES IS 13

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE  
 L28 SCR 1838 OR 1992 OR 2005 OR 2016 OR 2026 OR 2043 OR 2039 O  
 R 2054 OR 1700 OR 1199 OR 2021  
 L29 SCR 1929  
 L31 300 SEA FILE=REGISTRY CSS FUL L20 AND L29 NOT L28  
 L32 297 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L31/COM

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 13:49:37 ON 13 FEB 2003)  
 DEL HIS

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 13:50:38 ON 13 FEB 2003  
 ACT DONNA/Q

-----  
 L1 STR  
 -----  
 L2 STR L1  
 L3 SCR 1838 OR 1992 OR 2016 OR 2026 OR 2043 OR 2039 OR 2054  
 L4 40 S L2 NOT L3 CSS SAM  
 L5 8 S L4/COM  
 L6 SCR 1199  
 L7 30 S L2 NOT (L3 OR L6) CSS SAM  
 L8 9 S L7/COM  
 L9 STR L2

L10            SCR 1199 OR 1302 OR 1304  
L11        15 S L9 NOT (L3 OR L10) CSS SAM  
L12        5 S L11/COM  
L13        10 S L11 NOT L12  
L14            SCR 1199 OR 1302 OR 1304 OR 1700 OR 1812  
L15        13 S L9 NOT (L3 OR L14) CSS SAM  
L16        7 S L15/COM  
L17        6 S L15 NOT L16  
L18            STR L9  
L19        2 S L18 CSS SAM  
L20            STR L18  
L21        4 S L20 CSS  
L22        7 S (L18 OR L20) NOT (L3 OR L14) CSS SAM  
L23        22 S (L18 OR L20) NOT L3 CSS  
L24        21 S L23/COM  
L25            QUE (L18 OR L20) NOT L3  
L26        150 S L18 NOT L3 CSS FUL  
L27        QUE L20 NOT L3  
L28            SCR 1838 OR 1992 OR 2005 OR 2016 OR 2026 OR 2043 OR 2039 OR 205  
L29            SCR 1929  
L30        15 S L20 AND L29 NOT L28 CSS  
L31        300 S L20 AND L29 NOT L28 CSS FUL  
            SAV L26 JAGOE864A/A  
            SAV L31 JAGOE864B/A  
L32        297 S L31/COM  
L33            STR L20  
L34        0 S L33 CSS  
L35            SCR 1848 OR 1852 OR 1855 OR 1867  
L36            SCR 1199 AND 2004 AND 1992 AND 1838 AND 1199  
L37            SCR 1839 OR 1993 OR 2005 OR 2016 OR 2026 OR 2021 OR 2043 OR 203  
L38            SCR 1839 OR 2043 OR 2039 OR 2054 OR 2127  
L39        1 S L33 AND L35 AND L36 NOT L38 CSS SAM  
L40            SCR 1839 OR 2043 OR 2039 OR 2054 OR 2127 OR 1918 OR 2040 OR 205  
L41        1 S L33 AND L35 AND L36 NOT L40 CSS  
L42            SCR 1839 OR 2043 OR 2039 OR 2054 OR 2127 OR 1918 OR 2040 OR 205  
L43        2 S L33 AND L35 AND L36 NOT L42 CSS  
L44            SCR 1839 OR 2043 OR 2039 OR 2054 OR 2127 OR 1918 OR 2040 OR 205  
L45        2 S L33 AND L35 AND L36 NOT L44 CSS  
L46        51250 S (C3 OR C4 OR C5 OR C6)/ES AND (N AND O)/ELS AND 1/NR AND 1/NC  
L47        9 S L33 CSS SAM SUB=L46  
L48        6 S L47/COM  
L49            SCR 1199 AND 2004 AND 1992 AND 1838  
L50        9 S L33 AND L49 NOT L38 CSS SAM SUB=L46  
L51        6 S L50/COM  
L52        264 S L33 AND L49 NOT L38 CSS FUL SUB=L46  
            SAV L52 JAGOE864C/A  
L53        188 S L52/COM  
L54            STR L33  
L55        1 S L54 CSS SAM SUB=L53  
L56            STR L54  
L57        2 S L56 CSS SAM SUB=L53  
L58        33 S L56 CSS FUL SUB=L53  
L59        31 S L58/COM  
            SAV L58 JAGOE864D/A  
L60        155 S L53 NOT L58  
L61            STR L33  
L62        50 S L61 CSS  
L63            STR L61  
L64        50 S L63 CSS SAM  
L65        50 S L63 NOT L44 CSS SAM  
L66            STR L63  
L67        50 S L66 NOT L44 CSS SAM  
L68            STR L66

L69           32 S L68 NOT L44 CSS SAM  
 L70           3099 S L68 NOT L44 CSS FUL  
               SAV L70 JAGOE864E/A  
 L71           37324 S L66 NOT L44 CSS FUL  
               SAV TEMP L71 JAGOE864F/A  
 L72           STR L68  
 L73           40320 S L70 OR L71  
 L74           STR L72  
 L75           50 S L74 CSS SAM SUB=L73  
 L76           13224 S L74 CSS FUL SUB=L73  
               SAV L76 TEMP JAGOE864G/A  
 L77           STR L74  
 L78           1767 S L77 CSS FUL SUB=L76  
 L79           1765 S L78/COM  
               SAV L78 JAOGE864H/A  
 L80           STR  
 L81           STR L80  
 L82           0 S L80 NOT L44 CSS SAM  
 L83           STR L81  
 L84           3 S L83 NOT L44 SAM  
 L85           STR L83  
 L86           4 S L85 NOT L44 SAM  
 L87           STR L80  
 L88           SCR 1838  
 L89           2 S L87 AND L88 NOT L44 CSS SAM  
 L90           468272 S (NC2OC2 OR NCOC2 OR NC2 OR NC3 OR NC4 OR NC5 OR OC2 OR OC3 OR  
 L91           0 S L87 CSS SAM SUB=L90  
 L92           1 S L87 AND L88 NOT L44 CSS SAM SUB=L90  
 L93           1182 S L87 AND L88 NOT L44 CSS FUL SUB=L90  
               SAV L93 JAGOE864I/A  
 L94           1175 S L93/COM  
 L95           0 S L81 CSS SAM SUB=L94  
 L96           15 S L81 CSS FUL SUB=L94  
 L97           10 S L96 NOT (PYRIDIN? OR C24H41NO2 OR C17H31NO2)  
               SAV L94 JAGOE864J/A

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:45:27 ON 13 FEB 2003

L98           8410 S L26 OR L32 OR L53 OR L59 OR L79 OR L97  
 L99           61 S L98 AND (?COUGH? OR ANTITUSS? OR ANTI TUSS? OR AIRWAY OR BREA  
               E COUGH/CT  
 L100          1244 S E3+NT OR E5+NT  
 L101          3 S E8  
               E E5+ALL  
               E E2+ALL  
 L102          1407 S E4+NT  
 L103          15 S L98 (L) THU/RL AND L99,L100,L101,L102  
 L104          7 S L99 AND L101-L102  
 L105          32 S L98 AND (PHARMACOL? OR PHARMACEUT?)/SC,SX AND L99-L104  
 L106          61 S L99,L103,L104,L105  
 L107          2 S L106 AND COUGH?  
 L108          7 S L106 AND (ANTITUSS? OR ANTI TUSS? OR EXPECTOR?)  
 L109          7 S L107,L108  
 L110          54 S L106 NOT L109  
               SEL HIT RN L109

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:52:04 ON 13 FEB 2003

L111          10 S E1-E10  
 L112          9 S L111 NOT C15H30O4

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:53:22 ON 13 FEB 2003

L113          6 S L112 AND L109

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:53:38 ON 13 FEB 2003

=> fil hcaplus  
FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:55:01 ON 13 FEB 2003  
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.  
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FILE COVERS 1907 - 13 Feb 2003 VOL 138 ISS 7  
FILE LAST UPDATED: 12 Feb 2003 (20030212/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> d 1113 all hitstr tot

L113 ANSWER 1 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
AN 2002:123602 HCAPLUS  
DN 136:161403  
TI Anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators  
IN Hogestatt, Edward; Zygmunt, Peter  
PA Swed.  
SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 33 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 567,034.  
CODEN: USXXCO  
DT Patent  
LA English  
IC ICM A61K031-55  
ICS A61K031-47; A61K031-404; A61K031-16  
NCL 514627000  
CC 1-12 (Pharmacology)  
Section cross-reference(s): 2  
FAN.CNT 2  

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	US 2002019444	A1	20020214	US 2001-849972	20010508
PRAI	US 2000-567034	A2	20000508		
OS	MARPAT 136:161403				
AB	The invention discloses that anandamide is an endogenous ligand for vanilloid receptors, and esp. the vanilloid receptor VR1. Other structurally related lipids, such as AM404, 1-arachidonylglycerol, and 2-arachidonylglycerol, are identified having vanilloid receptor activity as well. Methods of treating individuals suffering from, or at risk of suffering from, diseases and disorders assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function are provided, as are methods of designing and identifying vanilloid receptor agonists and antagonists.				
ST	anandamide lipid analog vanilloid receptor modulator				
IT	Nervous system (Guillain-Barre syndrome, treatment of pain assocd. with; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)				

- IT Capsaicin receptors  
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)  
(VR1 (vanilloid receptor 1); anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Nose  
(allergic rhinitis; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Leg  
(amputation, treatment of pain assocd. with; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Allergy inhibitors  
Analgesics  
Anti-inflammatory agents  
Antiarthritis  
Antiasthmatics  
Antiemetics  
Antimigraine agents  
Antirheumatic agents  
Antitumor agents  
**Antitussives**  
Antiulcer agents  
Autoimmune disease  
Drug delivery systems  
Drug screening  
Eczema  
Gout  
High throughput screening  
Infection  
Pain  
Psoriasis  
Urticaria  
Vasodilators  
Wound healing promoters  
(anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Capsaicin receptors  
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)  
(anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Heart, disease  
(angina pectoris, unstable; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Antiarteriosclerotics  
(antiatherosclerotics; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Infection  
(bacterial; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Shock (circulatory collapse)  
(cardiogenic; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Brain, disease  
(cerebrum, vasospasm, from subarachnoid hemorrhage; anandamide and

- structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Headache  
(cluster, treatment of pain assocd. with; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Eye, disease  
(conjunctivitis; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Digestive tract  
(disease, mucosal damage; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Organ, animal  
(disease; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Shock (circulatory collapse)  
(hemorrhagic; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Bladder  
(incontinence; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Heart, disease  
(infarction; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Human herpesvirus  
(infection; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Intestine, disease  
(inflammatory; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Mammary gland  
Surgery  
(mastectomy, treatment of pain assocd. with; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Pharynx  
(nasopharynx, adenoids; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Adenoid  
(nasopharynx; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Nerve, disease  
(neuralgia; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Inflammation  
(neurogenic; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Pain

(nociceptive; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Infection  
(parasite; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Nerve, disease  
(peripheral neuropathy, treatment of pain assocd. with; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Nerve, disease  
(polyneuropathy, chronic peripheral, treatment of pain assocd. with; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Nose  
(rhinitis, vasomotor; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Nose  
(rhinitis; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Nerve  
(sensory, vanilloid receptors of; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Shock (circulatory collapse)  
(septic; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Brain, disease  
(stroke; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Meninges  
(subarachnoid hemorrhage, cerebral vasospasm from; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Headache  
Osteoarthritis  
Pruritus  
(treatment of pain assocd. with; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Animal cell  
(vanilloid receptors expression in; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Infection  
(viral; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT 35474-99-8, 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenoic acid, 2,3-dihydroxypropyl ester, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- 53847-30-6, 2-Arachidonylglycerol 94421-68-8, Anandamide 183718-77-6, AM 404  
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal

vanilloid receptor function)

IT 35474-99-8, 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenoic acid, 2,3-dihydroxypropyl ester, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- 53847-30-6, 2-Arachidonylglycerol 183718-77-6, AM 404

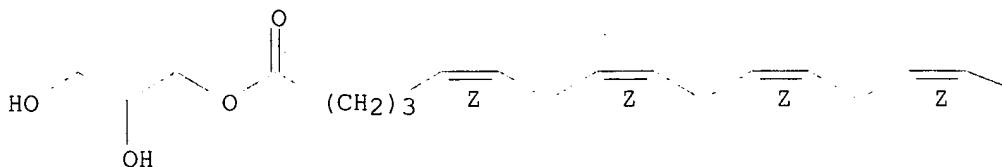
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

RN 35474-99-8 HCAPLUS

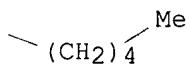
CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenoic acid, 2,3-dihydroxypropyl ester, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

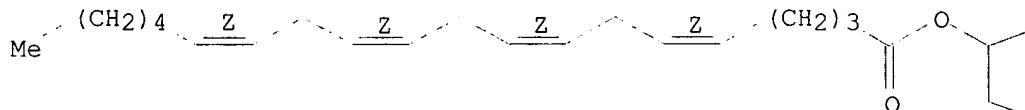


RN 53847-30-6 HCAPLUS

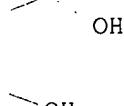
CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenoic acid, 2-hydroxy-1-(hydroxymethyl)ethyl ester, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



RN 183718-77-6 HCAPLUS

CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



-tussive effects devoid of bronchial constriction.

ST cannabinoid receptor agonist antitussive cough  
bronchial constriction

IT Drug delivery systems  
(aerosols; cannabinoid receptor agonists for treatment of **cough** without psychoactive effects)

IT **Bronchi**  
(bronchoconstriction; cannabinoid receptor agonists for treatment of **cough** without psychoactive effects)

IT **Antitussives**  
(cannabinoid receptor agonists for treatment of **cough** without psychoactive effects)

IT Neoplasm  
(induced **cough**; cannabinoid receptor agonists for treatment of **cough** without psychoactive effects)

IT Drug delivery systems  
(injections, i.v.; cannabinoid receptor agonists for treatment of **cough** without psychoactive effects)

IT Drug delivery systems  
(local; cannabinoid receptor agonists for treatment of **cough** without psychoactive effects)

IT Drug delivery systems  
(oral; cannabinoid receptor agonists for treatment of **cough** without psychoactive effects)

IT Cannabinoid receptors  
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)  
(type CB1; cannabinoid receptor agonists for treatment of **cough** without psychoactive effects)

IT **Respiratory tract**  
(upper; cannabinoid receptor agonists for treatment of **cough** without psychoactive effects)

IT 86855-26-7, 1-Hexadecanesulfonyl fluoride 94421-68-8, Anandamide  
149301-79-1 150314-35-5 157182-49-5 183718-77-6  
187223-90-1  
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(cannabinoid receptor agonists for treatment of **cough** without psychoactive effects)

IT 9015-82-1, ACE  
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)  
(inhibitor-induced **cough**; cannabinoid receptor agonists for treatment of **cough** without psychoactive effects)

RE.CNT 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

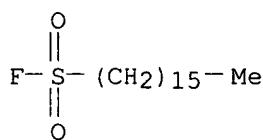
RE

- (1) de Petrocellis; Chemistry and Physics of Lipids 2000, V108(1-2), P191 HCAPLUS
- (2) Hussain; US 4464378 A 1984 HCAPLUS
- (3) Shamsuddin; J Lab And Clin Med 1997, V130(6), P615 HCAPLUS
- (4) Stengel; European Journal of Pharmacology 1998, V355, P57 HCAPLUS
- (5) Sugiura; Chemistry and Physics of Lipids 2000, V108(1-2), P89 HCAPLUS
- (6) Zhu; Journal of Immunology 1999, V163(6), P3423 HCAPLUS

IT 86855-26-7, 1-Hexadecanesulfonyl fluoride 149301-79-1  
183718-77-6 187223-90-1  
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(cannabinoid receptor agonists for treatment of **cough** without psychoactive effects)

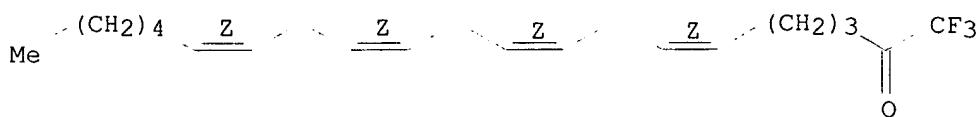
RN 86855-26-7 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Hexadecanesulfonyl fluoride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 149301-79-1 HCAPLUS  
CN 6,9,12,15-Heneicosatetraen-2-one, 1,1,1-trifluoro-, (6Z,9Z,12Z,15Z)- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

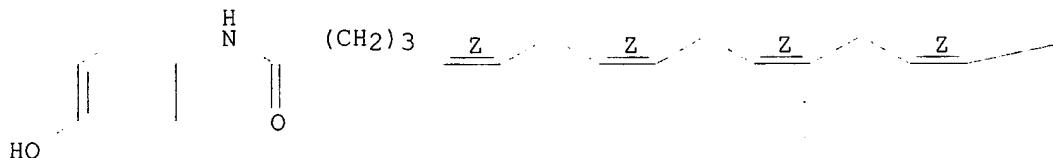
Double bond geometry as shown.



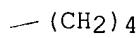
RN 183718-77-6 HCAPLUS  
CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

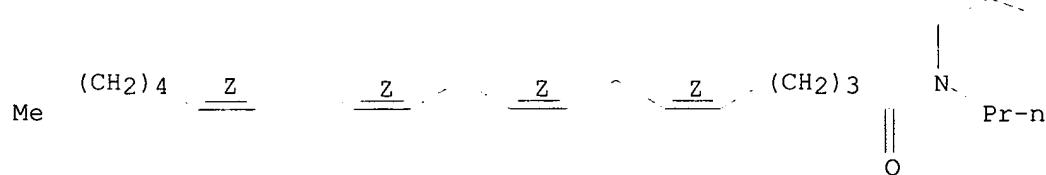


Me

RN 187223-90-1 HCAPLUS  
CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-N-propyl-,  
(5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

OH

L113 ANSWER 3 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 AN 2001:833079 HCAPLUS  
 DN 135:352838  
 TI Anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators  
 IN Hogestatt, Edward; Zygmunt, Peter  
 PA Forskarpatent I Syd AB, Swed.  
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 107 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DT Patent  
 LA English  
 IC ICM A61K031-16  
 ICS A61K031-167; A61K031-232  
 CC 1-12 (Pharmacology)  
 FAN.CNT 2

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2001085158	A2	20011115	WO 2001-IB1267	20010508
	WO 2001085158	A3	20020613		
		W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM		
		RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG		
PRAI	US 2000-567034	A	20000508		
OS	MARPAT	135:352838			
AB	The invention discloses that anandamide is an endogenous ligand for vanilloid receptors, and esp. the vanilloid receptor VR1. Other structurally related lipids, such as AM404, 1-arachidonylglycerol, and 2-arachidonylglycerol, are identified having vanilloid receptor activity as well. Methods of treating individuals suffering from, or at risk of suffering from, diseases and disorders assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function are provided, as are methods of designing and identifying vanilloid receptor agonists and antagonists.				
ST	anandamide lipid analog vanilloid receptor modulator				
IT	Nervous system (Guillain-Barre syndrome, treatment of pain assocd. with; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)				
IT	Capsaicin receptors RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process) (VR1 (vanilloid receptor 1); anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)				
IT	Nose (allergic rhinitis; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)				
IT	Leg (amputation, treatment of pain assocd. with; anandamide and				

- structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Allergy inhibitors  
Analgesics  
Anti-inflammatory agents  
Antiarthritis  
Antiasthmatics  
Antiemetics  
Antimigraine agents  
Antirheumatic agents  
Antitumor agents  
**Antitussives**  
Antiulcer agents  
Autoimmune disease  
Drug delivery systems  
Eczema  
Gout  
Infection  
Pain  
Psoriasis  
Urticaria  
Wound healing promoters  
(anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Capsaicin receptors  
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)  
(anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Heart, disease  
(angina pectoris, unstable; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Antiarteriosclerotics  
(antiatherosclerotics; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Infection  
(bacterial; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Shock (circulatory collapse)  
(cardiogenic; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Brain, disease  
(cerebrum, vasospasm, from subarachnoid hemorrhage; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Headache  
(cluster, treatment of pain assocd. with; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Eye, disease  
(conjunctivitis; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Digestive tract

- (disease, mucosal damage; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Organ, animal  
(disease; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Shock (circulatory collapse)  
(hemorrhagic; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Bladder  
(incontinence; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Heart, disease  
(infarction; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Human herpesvirus  
(infection; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Intestine, disease  
(inflammatory; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Mammary gland  
Surgery  
(mastectomy, treatment of pain assocd. with; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Pharynx  
(nasopharynx, adenoids; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Adenoid  
(nasopharynx; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Nerve, disease  
(neuralgia; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Inflammation  
(neurogenic; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Pain  
(nociceptive; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Infection  
(parasite; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Nerve, disease  
(peripheral neuropathy, treatment of pain assocd. with; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Nerve, disease

(polyneuropathy, chronic peripheral, treatment of pain assocd. with; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Nose  
(rhinitis, vasomotor; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Nose  
(rhinitis; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Shock (circulatory collapse)  
(septic; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Brain, disease  
(stroke; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Meninges  
(subarachnoid hemorrhage, cerebral vasospasm from; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Headache  
Osteoarthritis  
Pruritus  
(treatment of pain assocd. with; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Infection  
(viral; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

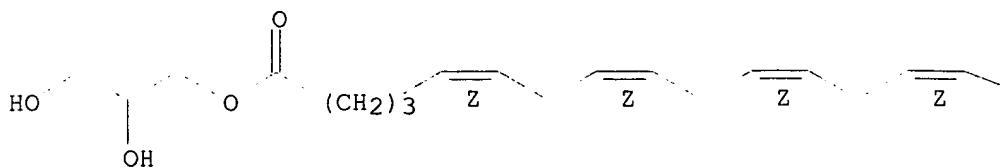
IT 35474-99-8 53847-30-6, 2-Arachidonylglycerol  
94421-68-8, Anandamide 183718-77-6, AM 404  
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT 35474-99-8 53847-30-6, 2-Arachidonylglycerol  
183718-77-6, AM 404  
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

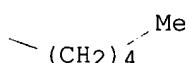
RN 35474-99-8 HCPLUS  
CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenoic acid, 2,3-dihydroxypropyl ester,  
(5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

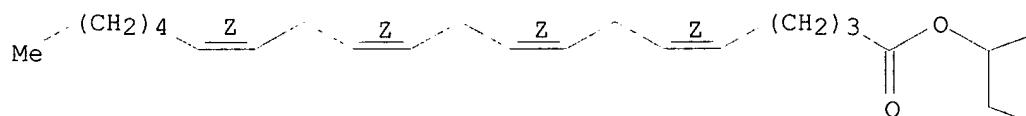


RN 53847-30-6 HCPLUS

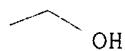
CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenoic acid, 2-hydroxy-1-(hydroxymethyl)ethyl ester,  
(5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

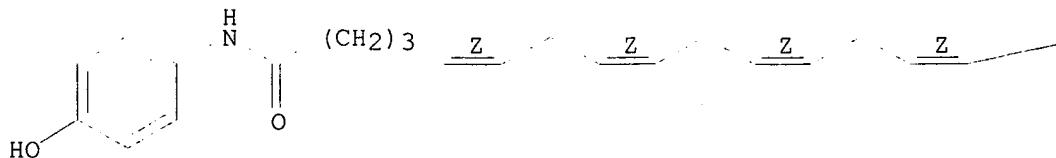


RN 183718-77-6 HCPLUS

CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide,  $\text{N}-(4\text{-hydroxyphenyl})-$ , (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

--- (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>

Me

L113 ANSWER 4 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

AN 1996:83074 HCAPLUS

DN 124:127173

TI Transdermal adhesive preparations containing morphine and its antagonists

IN Oota, Tetsuya; Hashimoto, Michiari; Kitamura, Mikya

PA Sekisui Chemical Co Ltd, Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

IC ICM A61K031-485

ICS A61K009-70; A61K047-10; A61K047-12; A61K047-16

CC 63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	JP 07304673	A2	19951121	JP 1994-94815	19940509
PRAI	JP 1994-94815		19940509		
AB The preps. comprise a support having thereon a drug-contg. adhesive layer contg. adhesives 100, morphine acid salts 0.1-40, morphine antagonist acid salts 0.1-30, and absorbefacients 0.1-15 wt.% and the absorbefacients are .gtoreq.1 selected from (A) compds. showing logP value (index of hydrophobicity, P = partition coeff. in octanol/H <sub>2</sub> O) -0.5-2, (B) C2-8 hydroxycarboxylic acids, dicarboxylic acids, and (C) amides of C10-14 aliph. carboxylic acids with NH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> OH or NH(CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> OH) <sub>2</sub> . The preps. sustainedly release morphine salts and have reduced adverse reaction. A silicone-coated PET parting paper was coated with a compn. contg. an adhesive (an AcOEt soln. of 2-ethylhexyl acrylate-N-vinyl-2-pyrrolidone-1,6-hexamethylene glycol dimethacrylate copolymer) 100, morphine hydrochloride (I) 33, naloxone hydrochloride (II) 10, polyoxyethylene lauryl ether 8, lactic acid 1.6, and lauric acid diethanolamide 4.9 parts using AcOEt as a solvent, dried, and the adhesive layer was transferred onto an EVA layer of a PET-EVA laminate film to give a transdermal prepn. Permeation amts. of I and II from the prepn. through a sheet of hairless mouse skin for 24 h were 4510 and 830 .mu.g, resp., vs. 90 and 25 .mu.g, resp., for a control prepn. contg. no absorbefacients.					
ST morphine antimorphine transdermal prepn absorbefacient; hydroxycarboxylic acid absorbefacient morphine transdermal; dicarboxylic acid absorbefacient morphine transdermal; fatty amide absorbefacient morphine transdermal					
IT Diarrhea (inhibitors; transdermal adhesives contg. morphine salts, morphine antagonist salts, and absorbefacients)					
IT Analgesics <b>Antitussives</b> (transdermal adhesives contg. morphine salts, morphine antagonist salts, and absorbefacients)					
IT Carboxylic acids, biological studies RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (di-, C2-8, transdermal adhesives contg. morphine salts, morphine antagonist salts, and absorbefacients)					
IT Amides, biological studies RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological					

study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (fatty, C10-14, N-(hydroxyethyl); transdermal adhesives contg. morphine salts, morphine antagonist salts, and absorbefacients)

IT Carboxylic acids, biological studies  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (hydroxy, C2-8; transdermal adhesives contg. morphine salts, morphine antagonist salts, and absorbefacients)

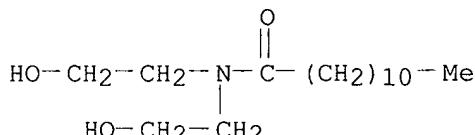
IT Pharmaceutical dosage forms  
 (transdermal, transdermal adhesives contg. morphine salts, morphine antagonist salts, and absorbefacients)

IT 50-21-5, biological studies 120-40-1, Lauric acid diethanolamide 9002-92-0, Polyoxyethylene lauryl ether  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (transdermal adhesives contg. morphine salts, morphine antagonist salts, and absorbefacients)

IT 52-26-6, Morphine hydrochloride 357-08-4, Naloxone hydrochloride  
 RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (transdermal adhesives contg. morphine salts, morphine antagonist salts, and absorbefacients)

IT 120-40-1, Lauric acid diethanolamide  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (transdermal adhesives contg. morphine salts, morphine antagonist salts, and absorbefacients)

RN 120-40-1 HCPLUS  
 CN Dodecanamide, N,N-bis(2-hydroxyethyl)- (6CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L113 ANSWER 5 OF 6 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 AN 1995:967254 HCPLUS  
 DN 123:350248  
 TI Percutaneously absorbable plaster comprising acid-addition salt of morphine  
 IN Hashimoto, Michiari; Azuma, Masato; Ota, Tetsuya; Kitamura, Mikiya  
 PA Sekisui Chemical Co., Ltd., Japan; Dainippon Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd.  
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 43 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DT Patent  
 LA Japanese  
 IC ICM A61K031-485  
 ICS A61K009-70  
 CC 63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)  
 Section cross-reference(s): 1

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9524197	A1	19950914	WO 1994-JP1935	19941117
	W: CA, CN, KR, US				
	RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				

CA 2185227	AA	19950914	CA 1994-2185227	19941117
EP 748629	A1	19961218	EP 1995-900906	19941117
R: DE, FR, GB, IT				
JP 07300418	A2	19951114	JP 1994-305824	19941209
PRAI JP 1994-40903		19940311		
WO 1994-JP1935		19941117		
AB A percutaneously absorbable plaster composed of a support and, formed on one side thereof, a pressure-sensitive adhesive layer comprises a pressure-sensitive adhesive, a drug and a percutaneous absorption accelerator, wherein the drug is an acid-addn. salt of morphine and the accelerator comprises a compd. (A) having a log P value of -0.5 to 2.0 (P being the partition coeff. of an octanol/water system). The plaster enables a pharmacol. acceptable acid-addn. salt of morphine to be released uniformly and stably for long, is excellent in percutaneous penetration, and can effectively be applied to patients with pain, cough, diarrhea, and so forth.				
ST percutaneously absorbable plaster morphine salt				
IT Diarrhea (inhibitor; percutaneously absorbable plaster comprising acid-addn. salt of morphine)				
IT Analgesics <b>Antitussives</b> Drug bioavailability (percutaneously absorbable plaster comprising acid-addn. salt of morphine)				
IT Polymers, biological studies Rosin RL: DEV (Device component use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (percutaneously absorbable plaster comprising acid-addn. salt of morphine)				
IT Alcohols, biological studies Amides, biological studies RL: DEV (Device component use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (aliph., percutaneously absorbable plaster comprising acid-addn. salt of morphine)				
IT Medical goods (plasters, adhesive, percutaneously absorbable plaster comprising acid-addn. salt of morphine)				
IT Terpenes and Terpenoids, biological studies RL: DEV (Device component use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (polymers, percutaneously absorbable plaster comprising acid-addn. salt of morphine)				
IT Pharmaceutical dosage forms (tapes, percutaneously absorbable plaster comprising acid-addn. salt of morphine)				
IT 50-21-5, Lactic acid, biological studies 52-26-6, Morphine hydrochloride 56-81-5D, Glycerol, hydrogenated resin esters 57-27-2D, Morphine, acid addn. salts 64-19-7, Acetic acid, biological studies 64-31-3, Morphine sulfate 71-36-3, Butanol, biological studies 71-41-0, Pentyl alcohol, biological studies 75-65-0, Tert-Butyl alcohol, biological studies 77-92-9, Citric acid, biological studies 78-83-1, Isobutyl alcohol, biological studies 79-09-4, Propionic acid, biological studies 79-10-7D, Acrylic acid, alkyl, copolymers 79-41-4D, Methacrylic acid, alkyl, copolymers 87-69-4, Tartaric acid, biological studies 88-12-0D, copolymers 88-99-3, Phthalic acid, biological studies 94-13-3, Propyl p-hydroxybenzoate 94-26-8, Butyl p-hydroxybenzoate 97-78-9, N-Laurylsarcosine 99-76-3, Methyl p-hydroxybenzoate 100-21-0, Terephthalic acid, biological studies 107-92-6, Butyric acid, biological studies 107-97-1D, Sarcosine, acyl 109-52-4, Valeric acid, biological studies 110-15-6, Succinic acid, biological studies 110-16-7, Maleic				

acid, biological studies 110-17-8, Fumaric acid, biological studies 110-25-8, N-Oleylsarcosine 110-94-1, Glutaric acid 111-16-0, Pimelic acid 111-27-3, Hexyl alcohol, biological studies 111-42-2D, Diethanolamine, reaction products with aliph. monocarboxylic acids 118-61-6, Ethyl o-hydroxybenzoate 119-36-8, Methyl o-hydroxybenzoate 120-40-1, Lauric acid diethanolamide 120-47-8, Ethyl p-hydroxybenzoate 121-91-5, Isophthalic acid, biological studies 123-51-3, Isopentyl alcohol 124-04-9, Adipic acid, biological studies 136-26-5, Capric acid diethanolamide 141-43-5D, Monoethanolamine, reaction products with aliph. monocarboxylic acids 141-82-2, Malonic acid, biological studies 142-48-3, N-Stearoylsarcosine 142-78-9, Lauric acid monoethanolamide 144-62-7, Oxalic acid, biological studies 473-81-4, Glyceric acid 505-48-6, Suberic acid 544-31-0, Palmitic acid monoethanolamide 607-85-2, Isopropyl o-hydroxybenzoate 607-90-9, Propyl o-hydroxybenzoate 2052-14-4, Butyl o-hydroxybenzoate 2421-33-2, N-Palmitoysarcosine 4191-73-5, Isopropyl p-hydroxybenzoate 6915-15-7, Malic acid 7545-24-6, Palmitic acid diethanolamide 7726-08-1 7781-98-8 9002-85-1, Polyvinylidene chloride 9002-88-4, Polyethylene 9002-92-0, Polyoxyethylene lauryl ether 9004-95-9, Polyoxyethylene cetyl ether 19438-10-9 25038-59-9, Polyethylene terephthalate, biological studies 27234-90-8 29656-58-4D, Hydroxybenzoic acid, alkyl derivs. 38567-05-4 53631-77-9 77201-17-3 118677-04-6

RL: DEV (Device component use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(percutaneously absorbable plaster comprising acid-addn. salt of morphine)

IT 7429-90-5, Aluminum, biological studies

RL: DEV (Device component use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(sheet; percutaneously absorbable plaster comprising acid-addn. salt of morphine)

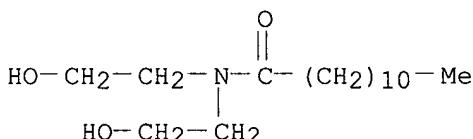
IT 120-40-1, Lauric acid diethanolamide 7545-24-6, Palmitic acid diethanolamide

RL: DEV (Device component use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(percutaneously absorbable plaster comprising acid-addn. salt of morphine)

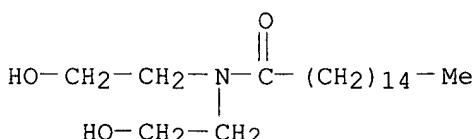
RN 120-40-1 HCAPLUS

CN Dodecanamide, N,N-bis(2-hydroxyethyl)- (6CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 7545-24-6 HCAPLUS

CN Hexadecanamide, N,N-bis(2-hydroxyethyl)- (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



DN 120:331108  
 TI Chewing gum compositions  
 IN Szejtli, Jozsef; Puetter, Sigurd  
 PA MEDICE Chem.-Pharm. Fabrik Puetter GmbH und Co. KG, Germany  
 SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 28 pp.  
 CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent

LA German

IC ICM A23G003-30

ICS A61K009-00

CC 63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	EP 575977	A2	19931229	EP 1993-110010	19930623
	EP 575977	A3	19950104		
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE DE 4220735	A1	19940113	DE 1992-4220735	19920625

PRAI DE 1992-4220735 19920625

OS MARPAT 120:331108

AB A drug-contg. chewing gum has the active ingredient as a sustained-release inclusion complex with a swellable carbohydrate polymer, e.g. starch, cyclodextrin, or their derivs., which may be crosslinked. Thus, a .beta.-cyclodextrin polymer was prep'd. from dimethyl-.beta.-cyclodextrin and 1,2,9,10-diepoxy-4,7-dioxadecane in the presence of BF<sub>3</sub>-Et<sub>2</sub>O. A DEAE-.beta.-cyclodextrin polymer was swelled in 50% aq. EtOH contg. 1.25% salicylic acid and dried at 105.degree.. The salicylic acid content of the product was 4.4%, of which 99% was released by extn. with buffer (pH 7.2) for 60 min and 58% by extn. with water.

ST chewing gum drug sustained release

IT Crosslinking agents

(glycerol and derivs., for carbohydrate polymers)

IT Polysaccharides, uses

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(inclusion compds. with pharmaceuticals, sustained-release, in chewing gum)

IT Amino acids, compounds

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(inclusion compds., with carbohydrate-polymer, sustained-release inclusion compds. with carbohydrate polymers, in chewing gum)

IT Allergy inhibitors

Analgesics

Anti-infective agents

Antiarhythmics

Antibiotics

Anticoagulants and Antithrombotics

Antihistaminics

Antihypertensives

Antihypotensives

Antipyretics

**Antitussives**

Cathartics

Diuretics

**Expectorants**

Fungicides and Fungistats

Hypnotics and Sedatives

Inflammation inhibitors

Neoplasm inhibitors

Nervous system stimulants

Psychotropics

Tranquilizers and Neuroleptics

Vasoconstrictors

Vasodilators

## Vitamins

RL: BIOL (Biological study)  
(sustained-release inclusion compds. with carbohydrate polymers, in chewing gum)

## IT Bronchodilators

(antiasthmatics, sustained-release inclusion compds. with carbohydrate polymers, in chewing gum)

## IT Tooth

(disease, caries, control of, sustained-release inclusion compds. with carbohydrate polymers for, in chewing gum)

## IT Anesthetics

(local, sustained-release inclusion compds. with carbohydrate polymers, in chewing gum)

## IT Carbohydrates and Sugars, compounds

RL: BIOL (Biological study)  
(polymers, inclusion compds. with pharmaceuticals, sustained-release, in chewing gum)

## IT Pharmaceutical dosage forms

(sustained-release, chewing gum)

## IT 112-67-4, Palmitoyl chloride 10147-40-7, Dodecylsulfonyl chloride

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(acylation by, of .beta.-cyclodextrin polymer)

## IT 154161-65-6 154161-66-7

RL: BIOL (Biological study)  
(carbohydrate polymer crosslinking with)

## IT 56-81-5, 1,2,3-Propanetriol, reactions

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(carbohydrate polymer crosslinking with)

## IT 109-65-9, 1-Bromobutane

RL: BIOL (Biological study)  
(condensation of, with .alpha.-cyclodextrin polymer)

## IT 2009-83-8, 6-Chloro-1-hexanol 18162-48-6, tert-Butyldimethylsilyl chloride

RL: BIOL (Biological study)  
(condensation of, with .beta.-cyclodextrin polymer)

## IT 75-56-9, reactions

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(reaction of, with .gamma.-cyclodextrin polymer)

## IT 71-43-2, Benzene, properties 106-44-5, p-Cresol, properties 108-95-2, Phenol, properties

RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PROC (Process)  
(sorption of, by .beta.-cyclodextrin polymer, inclusion compd. formation in)

## IT 61-73-4D, inclusion compds. with .beta.-cyclodextrin polymers 69-72-7D, inclusion compds. with .beta.-cyclodextrin polymers 1837-57-6D, Ethacridine lactate, inclusion compds. with .beta.-cyclodextrin polymers

RL: BIOL (Biological study)  
(sustained-release)

## IT 50-23-7D, Hydrocortisone, inclusion compds. with carbohydrate polymers 106-89-8D, polymers with .beta.-cyclodextrin derivs., inclusion compds. with pharmaceuticals 2224-15-9D, 1,2,11,12-diepoxy-4,9-dioxadodecane copolymer, inclusion compds. with pharmaceuticals 7585-39-9D, .beta.-Cyclodextrin, derivs., polymers, inclusion compds. with pharmaceuticals 7585-39-9D, .beta.-Cyclodextrin, polymers, inclusion compds. with pharmaceuticals 9005-25-8D, Starch, derivs., inclusion compds. with pharmaceuticals 9005-25-8D, Starch, inclusion compds. with pharmaceuticals 10016-20-3D, .alpha.-Cyclodextrin, derivs., polymers, inclusion compds. with pharmaceuticals 10016-20-3D, .alpha.-Cyclodextrin, polymers, inclusion compds. with pharmaceuticals 12619-70-4D, Cyclodextrin, derivs., polymers, inclusion compds. with pharmaceuticals 12619-70-4D, Cyclodextrin, polymers, inclusion compds. with pharmaceuticals 17465-86-0D, .gamma.-Cyclodextrin, derivs.,

polymers, inclusion compds. with pharmaceuticals 17465-86-0D,  
 .gamma.-Cyclodextrin, polymers, inclusion compds. with pharmaceuticals  
 153149-87-2D, inclusion compds. with pharmaceuticals 153149-89-4D,  
 inclusion compds. with pharmaceuticals 153177-41-4D, inclusion compds.  
 with pharmaceuticals 154095-32-6D, inclusion compds. with  
 pharmaceuticals

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(sustained-release, in chewing gum)

IT 75-77-4, Trimethylsilyl chloride, biological studies 999-97-3,  
 1,1,1,3,3-Hexamethyldisilazane

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(.beta.-cyclodextrin polymer trimethylsilylation by)

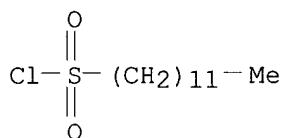
IT 10147-40-7, Dodecylsulfonyl chloride

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(acylation by, of .beta.-cyclodextrin polymer)

RN 10147-40-7 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Dodecanesulfonyl chloride (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 13:49:37 ON 13 FEB 2003)  
 DEL HIS

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 13:50:38 ON 13 FEB 2003  
 ACT DONNA/Q

-----  
 L1 STR  
 -----  
 L2 STR L1  
 L3 SCR 1838 OR 1992 OR 2016 OR 2026 OR 2043 OR 2039 OR 2054  
 L4 40 S L2 NOT L3 CSS SAM  
 L5 8 S L4/COM  
 L6 SCR 1199  
 L7 30 S L2 NOT (L3 OR L6) CSS SAM  
 L8 9 S L7/COM  
 L9 STR L2  
 L10 SCR 1199 OR 1302 OR 1304  
 L11 15 S L9 NOT (L3 OR L10) CSS SAM  
 L12 5 S L11/COM  
 L13 10 S L11 NOT L12  
 L14 SCR 1199 OR 1302 OR 1304 OR 1700 OR 1812  
 L15 13 S L9 NOT (L3 OR L14) CSS SAM  
 L16 7 S L15/COM  
 L17 6 S L15 NOT L16  
 L18 STR L9  
 L19 2 S L18 CSS SAM  
 L20 STR L18  
 L21 4 S L20 CSS  
 L22 7 S (L18 OR L20) NOT (L3 OR L14) CSS SAM  
 L23 22 S (L18 OR L20) NOT L3 CSS  
 L24 21 S L23/COM  
 L25 QUE (L18 OR L20) NOT L3  
 L26 150 S L18 NOT L3 CSS FUL

L27           QUE L20 NOT L3  
L28           SCR 1838 OR 1992 OR 2005 OR 2016 OR 2026 OR 2043 OR 2039 OR 205  
L29           SCR 1929  
L30           15 S L20 AND L29 NOT L28 CSS  
L31           300 S L20 AND L29 NOT L28 CSS FUL  
              SAV L26 JAGOE864A/A  
              SAV L31 JAGOE864B/A  
L32           297 S L31/COM  
L33           STR L20  
L34           0 S L33 CSS  
L35           SCR 1848 OR 1852 OR 1855 OR 1867  
L36           SCR 1199 AND 2004 AND 1992 AND 1838 AND 1199  
L37           SCR 1839 OR 1993 OR 2005 OR 2016 OR 2026 OR 2021 OR 2043 OR 203  
L38           SCR 1839 OR 2043 OR 2039 OR 2054 OR 2127  
L39           1 S L33 AND L35 AND L36 NOT L38 CSS SAM  
L40           SCR 1839 OR 2043 OR 2039 OR 2054 OR 2127 OR 1918 OR 2040 OR 205  
L41           1 S L33 AND L35 AND L36 NOT L40 CSS  
L42           SCR 1839 OR 2043 OR 2039 OR 2054 OR 2127 OR 1918 OR 2040 OR 205  
L43           2 S L33 AND L35 AND L36 NOT L42 CSS  
L44           SCR 1839 OR 2043 OR 2039 OR 2054 OR 2127 OR 1918 OR 2040 OR 205  
L45           2 S L33 AND L35 AND L36 NOT L44 CSS  
L46           51250 S (C3 OR C4 OR C5 OR C6)/ES AND (N AND O)/ELS AND 1/NR AND 1/NC  
L47           9 S L33 CSS SAM SUB=L46  
L48           6 S L47/COM  
L49           SCR 1199 AND 2004 AND 1992 AND 1838  
L50           9 S L33 AND L49 NOT L38 CSS SAM SUB=L46  
L51           6 S L50/COM  
L52           264 S L33 AND L49 NOT L38 CSS FUL SUB=L46  
              SAV L52 JAGOE864C/A  
L53           188 S L52/COM  
L54           STR L33  
L55           1 S L54 CSS SAM SUB=L53  
L56           STR L54  
L57           2 S L56 CSS SAM SUB=L53  
L58           33 S L56 CSS FUL SUB=L53  
L59           31 S L58/COM  
              SAV L58 JAGOE864D/A  
L60           155 S L53 NOT L58  
L61           STR L33  
L62           50 S L61 CSS  
L63           STR L61  
L64           50 S L63 CSS SAM  
L65           50 S L63 NOT L44 CSS SAM  
L66           STR L63  
L67           50 S L66 NOT L44 CSS SAM  
L68           STR L66  
L69           32 S L68 NOT L44 CSS SAM  
L70           3099 S L68 NOT L44 CSS FUL  
              SAV L70 JAGOE864E/A  
L71           37324 S L66 NOT L44 CSS FUL  
              SAV TEMP L71 JAGOE864F/A  
L72           STR L68  
L73           40320 S L70 OR L71  
L74           STR L72  
L75           50 S L74 CSS SAM SUB=L73  
L76           13224 S L74 CSS FUL SUB=L73  
              SAV L76 TEMP JAGOE864G/A  
L77           STR L74  
L78           1767 S L77 CSS FUL SUB=L76  
L79           1765 S L78/COM  
              SAV L78 JAOGE864H/A  
L80           STR  
L81           STR L80

L82           0 S L80 NOT L44 CSS SAM  
L83           STR L81  
L84           3 S L83 NOT L44 SAM  
L85           STR L83  
L86           4 S L85 NOT L44 SAM  
L87           STR L80  
L88           SCR 1838  
L89           2 S L87 AND L88 NOT L44 CSS SAM  
L90          468272 S (NC2OC2 OR NCOC2 OR NC2 OR NC3 OR NC4 OR NC5 OR OC2 OR OC3 OR  
L91           0 S L87 CSS SAM SUB=L90  
L92           1 S L87 AND L88 NOT L44 CSS SAM SUB=L90  
L93          1182 S L87 AND L88 NOT L44 CSS FUL SUB=L90  
              SAV L93 JAGOE864I/A  
L94          1175 S L93/COM  
L95           0 S L81 CSS SAM SUB=L94  
L96           15 S L81 CSS FUL SUB=L94  
L97           10 S L96 NOT (PYRIDIN? OR C24H41NO2 OR C17H31NO2)  
              SAV L94 JAGOE864J/A

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:45:27 ON 13 FEB 2003  
L98        8410 S L26 OR L32 OR L53 OR L59 OR L79 OR L97  
L99        61 S L98 AND (?COUGH? OR ANTITUSS? OR ANTI TUSS? OR AIRWAY OR BREA  
            E COUGH/CT  
L100      1244 S E3+NT OR E5+NT  
L101      3 S E8  
            E E5+ALL  
            E E2+ALL  
L102      1407 S E4+NT  
L103      15 S L98 (L) THU/RL AND L99,L100,L101,L102  
L104      7 S L99 AND L101-L102  
L105      32 S L98 AND (PHARMACOL? OR PHARMACEUT?)/SC,SX AND L99-L104  
L106      61 S L99,L103,L104,L105  
L107      2 S L106 AND COUGH?  
L108      7 S L106 AND (ANTITUSS? OR ANTI TUSS? OR EXPECTOR?)  
L109      7 S L107,L108  
L110      54 S L106 NOT L109  
            SEL HIT RN L109

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:52:04 ON 13 FEB 2003  
L111      10 S E1-E10  
L112      9 S L111 NOT C15H30O4

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:53:22 ON 13 FEB 2003  
L113      6 S L112 AND L109

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:53:38 ON 13 FEB 2003

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:55:01 ON 13 FEB 2003